

**ĐỀ MINH HỌA SỐ 22**  
**THEO HƯỚNG TINH GIẢN BẮM**  
**SÁT ĐỀ MINH HỌA 2020**

**ĐỀ THI THỬ THPTQG NĂM 2020**  
**CHUẨN CẤU TRÚC CỦA BỘ GIÁO DỤC**  
**Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH**

*Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề*

**Họ, tên thí sinh:**

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.**

- Câu 1.**    A. August                      B. gerund                      C. purpose                      D. suggest  
**Câu 2.**    A. solutions                      B. hospitals                      C. familiaes                      D. projects

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in each of the following questions.**

- Câu 3.**    A. patient                      B. release                      C. martyr                      D. hopeless  
**Câu 4.**    A. infeicious                      B. privacy                      C. principe                      D. charity

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.**

- Câu 5.** We take \_\_\_\_\_ in doing the washing-up, cleaning the floor and watering the flowers.  
A. turn                      B. actions                      C. measures                      D. turns
- Câu 6.** Acupuncture is part of traditional Chinese medicine and \_\_\_\_\_ in China for thousands of years.  
A. has been used                      B. has using                      C. has used                      D. has been using
- Câu 7.** Most of the students in that special school are making good progress, but Michael is a \_\_\_\_\_ case.  
A. hopefully                      B. hopeless                      C. hopeful                      D. hopelessly
- Câu 8.** Hardly any of the paintings at the gallery were for sale, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. was it                      B. wasn't it                      C. weren't they                      D. were they
- Câu 9.** After graduating from university, I want to \_\_\_\_\_ my father's footsteps.  
A. follow in                      B. succeed in                      C. go after                      D. keep up
- Câu 10.** I don't know what to say to break the \_\_\_\_\_ with someone I've just met at the party.  
A. air                      B. ice                      C. leg                      D. rule
- Câu 11.** The director informed that no candidate \_\_\_\_\_ all the criteria for the administrative position.  
A. completed                      B. fulfilled                      C. achieved                      D. suited
- Câu 12.** \_\_\_\_\_, I decided to stop trading with them.  
A. Despite of the fact that they were the biggest dealer  
B. Though being the biggest dealer  
C. Being the biggest dealer  
D. Even though they were the biggest dealer

**Câu 13.** The archaeological excavation \_\_\_\_\_ to the discovery of the ancient city lasted several years.

- A. led                      B. leading                      C. to lead                      D. being led

**Câu 14.** If Mr. David \_\_\_\_\_ at the meeting, he would make a speech.

- A. were                      B. had been                      C. was                      D. has been

**Câu 15.** Australia is the greenest country in the world \_\_\_\_\_ the people are environmentally friendly.

- A. because                      B. therefore                      C. however                      D. yet

**Câu 16.** This organization is quick \_\_\_\_\_ sending relief goods to the flooded areas.

- A. with                      B. at                      c. for                      D. about

**Câu 17.** Since moving to another country, some people decide to follow the customs of the new country, while \_\_\_\_\_ prefer to keep their own customs.

- A. another                      B. other                      C. others                      D. the other

**Câu 18.** I have a \_\_\_\_\_ schedule this semester - classes from Monday to Friday, 7 AM to 7 PM!

- A. consuming                      B. grueling                      C. ungodly                      D. tight

**Câu 19:** Human beings are \_\_\_\_\_ greatest threat to survival of endangered species.

- A. Ø                      B. an                      C. the                      D. a

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word (3) in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 19.** Stop the degradation of the planet's natural environment and build a future in which humans live in harmony with nature.

- A. coexist peacefully with                      B. fall in love with  
C. agree with                      D. cooperate with

**Câu 20.** We have achieved considerable results in the economic field, such as high economic growth, stability and significant poverty alleviation over the past few years.

- A. achievement                      B. development                      C. prevention                      D. reduction

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 21.** Then the strangest thing happens - Will and Marcus strike up an unusual friendship.

- A. cover up                      B. give up                      C. make up                      D. remain

**Câu 22.** A cost-effective way to fight crime is that instead of making punishments more severe, the authorities should increase the odds that lawbreakers will be apprehended and punished quickly.

- A. economical                      B. practical                      C. profitable                      D. worthless

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best completes each of the following exchanges.**

**Câu 23.** Hai: "I've seen John at the workshop on communication skills."

Phong: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. I see. I'll call him.

- B. The workshop was very useful.
- C. That can't be John because he's in Paris now.
- D. No, I don't think so.

**Câu 24.** John: "Last year, we went to one of those resorts where everything – food and drink - was free."  
Thomas: "\_\_\_\_\_."

- A. Wow! I didn't realize you were such snobs!
- B. Really? I prefer to go somewhere a bit quieter.
- C. It sounds great. I've never been on an all-inclusive holiday.
- D. If you want all your meals and drinks included, you can stay on an all-inclusive basis.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.**

Sir Isaac Newton, the English scientist and mathematician, was one of the most important figures of the 17th century scientific revolution. One of his greatest achievement was the (25) \_\_\_\_\_ of the three laws of motion, which are still used today. But he also had a very unusual personality. Some people would say he was actually insane.

His father died before he was born, and his mother soon remarried. The young Isaac hated his stepfather so much that he once (26) \_\_\_\_\_ to burn his house down - when his stepfather and mother were still inside! Fortunately he did not, and he went on to graduate from Cambridge without being thrown into prison.

Isaac's first published work was a theory of light and color. When another scientist wrote a paper criticizing this theory, Isaac flew into an uncontrollable rage. The scientist (27) \_\_\_\_\_ for the criticism was a man called Robert Hooke. He was head of the Royal Society, and one of the most respected scientists in the country. (28) \_\_\_\_\_, this made no difference to Isaac, who refused to speak to him for over a year.

The simple fact was that Isaac found it impossible to have a calm discussion with anyone. As soon as someone said something that he disagreed with, he would lose his (29) \_\_\_\_\_. For this reason he lived a large part of his life isolated from other scientists. It is unlikely that many of them complained.

(Source: <https://www.biography.com/scientist/isaac-newton>)

- |                |                |               |               |                 |
|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| <b>Câu 25.</b> | A. discovery   | B. research   | C. findings   | D. inventions   |
| <b>Câu 26.</b> | A. shouted     | B. frightened | C. threatened | D. warned       |
| <b>Câu 27.</b> | A. responsible | B. reasonable | C. guilty     | D. attributable |
| <b>Câu 28.</b> | A. Although    | B. However    | C. Despite    | D. What is more |
| <b>Câu 29.</b> | A. anger       | B. mood       | C. character  | D. temper       |

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question.**

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Some doctors think that you should drink a glass of water each morning. You should drink this water first thing, before doing anything else. The temperature of the water should be similar to body temperature; neither too hot nor too cold.

Why should you drink this water? Water helps your body in many ways. It helps clean out your kidneys. **It** prepares your stomach for digestion. Water can also help your intestines work better. After drinking water, the intestines can more easily take out nutrients from our food. Water also helps us go to the bathroom more easily.

Scientists suggest that people take in 1,600 milliliters of water each day. But don't drink all of that water in one sitting. If you do, your kidneys will have to work much harder to **eliminate** it. It's better to drink some in the morning and some in the afternoon. Some people think it's better to drink between meals and not during meals. They think water dilutes the juices produced in our stomachs. This can interfere with normal digestion.

Are you drinking enough water every day? Check the color of your urine. If it is light yellow, you are probably drinking enough. If your urine is very dark yellow, you probably need to drink more water. A little more water each day could make you much healthier.

*(Adapted from Reading Challenge 1 by Casey Malarcher and Andrea Janzen)*

**Câu 30.** What is the main idea of the passage?

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>A.</b> The importance of water       | <b>B.</b> The advice of the doctors         |
| <b>C.</b> How to drink water correctly? | <b>D.</b> The best amount of water to drink |

**Câu 31.** According to the passage, water is good for the following organs of the body, EXCEPT \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                   |                   |                      |                  |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| <b>A.</b> kidneys | <b>B.</b> stomach | <b>C.</b> intestines | <b>D.</b> livers |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|

**Câu 32.** The word "**it**" in paragraph 2 refers to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                     |                       |                 |                        |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| <b>A.</b> your body | <b>B.</b> your kidney | <b>C.</b> water | <b>D.</b> your stomach |
|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------------------|

**Câu 33.** The word "**eliminate**" in paragraph 3 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                    |                  |                  |                   |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <b>A.</b> preserve | <b>B.</b> remove | <b>C.</b> absorb | <b>D.</b> process |
|--------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|

**Câu 34.** Which of the following is **NOT** true?

- A.** The first thing you should do every morning is to drink water.
- B.** You shouldn't drink too much water at the same time.
- C.** Drinking water while having meals may interfere with normal digestion.
- D.** You need to drink more water if your urine is light yellow.

**Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the question.**

Grandparents are becoming the forgotten generation, with youngsters now too busy to listen to their stories from the olden days.

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A study of 1,000 five to 18 year-olds reveals just 21 per cent will visit their older relatives to hear about how their lives were different in the past; such as where they worked, how it was living in the war, and how they met the love of their life. More than half of youths have no idea what job their grandparent did before retirement – admitting they'd never thought to ask. Sadly, one in 10 admitted they are simply not interested in their grandmother's or grandad's previous job or talents and interests, and a quarter only turn up to see them for pocket money. But 23 per cent claim the reason they don't know anything about their older relatives is because they don't really get the chance to talk properly.

Geoff Bates, spokesman for McCarthy & Stone's Inspirational Generation campaign, said: "We know this generation have lived full lives with heroic tales to tell and so much to offer, but how many of us have actually thought to ask these questions of our older family members? We want to shout about the amazing **feats** retirees have achieved in their lifetime and put the spotlight on the wonderfully colorful lives of today's older people. We are calling on parents and children to talk to their grandparents, to find out what **they** have done in their lives – and continue to do, and tell us all about it so we can give them the credit they deserve."

Researchers found that although 65 per cent of youngsters do see their grandparents every single week, 37 per cent claim this is only because their parents want them to. And while 39 per cent talk to their grandparents on the phone, Facebook or Skype at least once a week – 16 per cent once a day – conversation is rarely focused on what they are doing or have done in the past. Four in 10 kids have no idea what their grandparents proudest achievements are, while 30 per cent don't know if they have any special skills or talents. And 42 per cent don't spend any time talking about their grandparent's history – and are therefore clueless about what their grandmother or grandad was like when they were younger. Perhaps due to this lack of communication and respect, just six per cent of children say they look up to their grandparents as a role model and **inspiration**. However, grandchildren are agreed their grandparents are both loving and friendly, while 43 per cent think they're funny – with 23 per cent admitting they often have more fun with their elderly relatives than their parents.

(Source: <https://www.independent.co.uk>)

**Câu 35.** Which of the following could be the main idea of the passage?

- A. Grandparents are outdated people in their families.
- B. Young people now do not concern much about their grandparents.
- C. Grandparents are not interested in telling stories about their life in the past any more.
- D. Young people are too busy to take care of their grandparents.

**Câu 36.** According to the study in paragraph 2, which information is **NOT** true?

- A. Merely over one fifth of people in the survey keep asking about the bygone time of their grandparents.
- B. Over 50% of the young don't know about their older relatives' professions before superannuation.
- C. Most of youths visit their grandparents to ask for money.

D. Nearly a quarter of young people don't have proper opportunities to converse with their older relatives.

**Câu 37.** The word “**feats**” in the third paragraph is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. accomplishments    B. failures    C. difficulties    D. differences

**Câu 38.** What does the word “**they**” in paragraph 3 refer to?

- A. parents    B. children    C. colorful lives    D. grandparents

**Câu 39.** It can be inferred from paragraph 3 that McCarthy & Stone's Inspirational Generation campaign \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. encourages people to ask more questions about their grandparents' jobs.  
B. would like to honour the retirees with their remarkable achievements and experienced life.  
C. hopes to give recognition to the older family members.  
D. intends to retell the heroic tails of the older generation and find out what they have done in the past.

**Câu 40.** According to the last paragraph, the proportion of the young voluntarily visiting their older family members every week is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. 37%    B. 65%    C. 28%    D. 39%

**Câu 41.** The author implied in the last paragraph that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. youngsters nowadays are too indifferent with their grandparents' lives in the former times.  
B. more youths use modern technology to keep in touch with their older generation.  
C. grandchildren do not have much time to care for their elderly relatives' special skills and talents.  
D. lack of communication and respect is the main reason why youngsters are not interested in what their grandparents have done in the past.

**Câu 42.** The word “**inspiration**” in the last paragraph mostly means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. disincentive    B. encumbrance    C. stimulation    D. hindrance

**Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.**

**Câu 43.** It is essential that cancer is diagnosed and treated as early as possible in order to assure a successful cure.

- A. that    B. is    C. treated    D. to assure

**Câu 44.** Having deciding on the topic of the presentation, he started finding relevant information for it.

- A. Having deciding    B. presentation    C. finding    D. for

**Câu 45.** The new trade agreement should felicitate more rapid economic growth.

- A. The    B. should felicitate    C. more    D. economic growth

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.**

**Câu 46.** Tet holiday is the most interesting Vietnamese traditional festival that he's ever attended.

- A. Tet holiday is more interesting than the Vietnamese traditional festival that he's ever attended.



- B. He has never attended a more interesting Vietnamese traditional festival than Tet holiday.
- C. He has attended many interesting Vietnamese traditional festival including Tet holiday.
- D. Tet holiday is one of the most interesting Vietnamese traditional festival he's ever attended.

**Câu 47.** "You didn't lock the door this morning as I found the keys on the table when I got home!" the woman told her son.

- A. The woman scolded her son with unlocking the door that morning as she found the key on the table.
- B. The woman criticized her son for not locking the door that morning, adding that she saw the keys on the table.
- C. The Woman blamed her son for not unlocking the door that morning as she found the key on the table.
- D. The woman reproached her son of not locking the door that morning, emphasizing that she saw the keys on the table.

**Câu 48.** I really believe my letter came as a great surprise to John

- A. John might be very surprised to receive my letter
- B John might have been very surprised to receive my letter
- C John must be very surprised to receive my letter
- D John must have been very surprised to receive my letter

**Mark the letter A, B, C, or D to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.**

**Câu 49.** You can feel more at ease by taking part in group dating. It's the only way.

- A. By taking part in group dating can you only feel more at ease.
- B. Only by taking part in group dating can you feel more at ease.
- C. The only way you are by taking part in group dating can feel more at ease.
- D. The way you can feel more at ease is taking part in only group dating.

**Câu 50.** As long as you stay calm, you have nothing to fear from the talk show.

- A. You have remained calm for a long time in spite of your fear of the talk show.
- B. Talk shows are only intimidating for people who are not extremely calm.
- C. Provided that you do not get nervous, the talk show won't go badly for you.
- D. Even if you are afraid of the talk show, it is important not to express it.