

단원 평가 Lesson 3

1. 다음 문장의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것은?

The _____ of pizza is not very clear, but most people agree that Italians invented pizza.

- ① design
- ② contact
- ③ origin
- ④ change
- ⑤ experience

[2-3] 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

2.

A: Look. It's raining cats and dogs.
B: Raining cats and dogs? _____
A: It means "It's raining a lot."
B: Oh. Don't worry. I have an umbrella in my backpack.

- ① Where are they?
- ② What does that mean?
- ③ Why do you think so?
- ④ What's the weather like?
- ⑤ What do you think about it?

3.

A: This juice is on me, Suho.
B: Excuse me? Can you say that again?
A: _____ It means "I'll pay for the juice."
B: Oh. Thanks a lot.
A: You're welcome.

- ① I can't understand that.
- ② I don't agree with you.
- ③ I'll have a glass of juice.
- ④ I'm afraid, but I can't.
- ⑤ I said, "This juice is on me."

4. 다음 대화의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞지 않은 것은?

A: I feel under the weather.

B: _____.

A: I said, "I feel under the weather." It means "I don't feel well." I think I have a cold.

- ① What did you say?
- ② Can you repeat that?
- ③ What makes you say so?
- ④ Can you please say that again?
- ⑤ Excuse me? I beg your pardon?

5. 우리말과 일치하도록 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 쓰시오.

그들이 최초의 비행기를 발명한 Wright 형제들이다.

⇒ They are the Wright Brothers, _____ invented the first airplane.

6. 다음 문장을 아래와 같이 바꿔 쓸 때, 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 써서 문장을 완성하시오.

That my computer is not working is strange.

⇒ It is strange _____.

7. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 ①~⑤ 중 어법상 바르지 않은 것은?

Yesterday, my family went to Brown's Steak, ① who was famous ② for steak. It was Monday, so we thought the restaurant wouldn't be full. However, there was a long line in front of the restaurant. It was ③ surprising ④ that we had to wait almost an hour. The steak, however, didn't disappoint us. It tasted ⑤ wonderful, and we all enjoyed it.

8. 다음 문장의 밑줄 친 It과 쓰임이 같은 것은?

It is generally thought that the Earth is round.

- ① It rains a lot during summer.
- ② She gave me a book, but I lost it.
- ③ It is clear that Peter broke the vase.
- ④ It is so dark inside that I can't see anything.
- ⑤ Mike went back to his country, and it made me sad.

9. 우리말과 일치하도록 주어진 말을 이용하여 문장을 완성하시오.

그의 꿈은 세계에서 가장 높은 산인 Mt. Everest를 등정하는 것이다.

His dream is to climb up Mt. Everest,
_____.
(which)

[10-12] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The word *shampoo* comes ① Hindi *chāmpo*, which means "to press." In India, the word was used for a head massage. British traders in India experienced a bath with a head massage and introduced it ⑤ Britain in the 18th century.

The meaning of the word *shampoo* changed a few times after it first entered English around 1762. In the 19th century, *shampoo* got its present meaning of "washing the hair." Shortly after that, the word began to be also used for a special soap for the hair.

10. 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① The word *chāmpo* means "to press" in Hindi.
- ② A bath with a head massage was introduced to India in the 18th century.
- ③ The word *shampoo* first entered English around 1762.
- ④ *Shampoo* has meant "washing the hair" since the 19th century.
- ⑤ The word *shampoo* is used for a special soap for the hair.

11. 윗글의 빈칸 ①과 ⑤에 들어갈 말이 바르게 짹 지어진 것은?

- ① at - by ② from - to ③ from - at
- ④ at - to ⑤ from - by

12. 윗글의 밑줄 친 it이 가리키는 말을 본문에서 찾아 쓰시오.

⇒ _____

[13-14] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The word *robot* comes from the play *R.U.R.*, which was written in 1920 ① a Czech writer Karel Čapek. (①) In the play, robots are machines that look ⑤ humans. (②) They are designed to work ③ humans and are produced in a factory. (③) It is interesting that the idea of using the word *robot* didn't come from Karel Čapek himself. (④) He originally called the machines in his play *labori* from the Latin word for "work." (⑤) Karel Čapek liked the idea and decided to use the word *roboti*. In 1938, the play was made ④ a science fiction show ⑤ television in Britain.

13. 윗글의 빈칸 ①~⑤에 들어갈 말로 알맞지 않은 것은?

- ① ① by ② ⑤ like ③ ④ for
- ④ ④ by ⑤ ⑤ on

14. 윗글의 ①~⑤ 중 다음 문장이 들어갈 위치로 알맞은 곳은?

However, his brother suggested *roboti*, which means "slave workers" in Czech.

- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

[15-17] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The word hurricane comes from the Spanish word huracán, (A) that / which originates from the name of a Mayan god. In the Mayan creation myth, Huracán is the weather god of wind, storm, and fire, and he is one of the three gods who created humans. However, the first humans angered the gods, so Huracán caused a great flood.

The first Spanish contact with the Mayan civilization was in 1517. Spanish explorers who were passing through the Caribbean experienced a hurricane and (B) picking / picked up the word for it from the people in the area. In English, one of the early uses of hurricane (C) was / were in a play by Shakespeare in 1608.

15. 윗글의 (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

	(A)	(B)	(C)
①	that	-	picking - was
②	that	-	picked - were
③	which	-	picking - was
④	which	-	picked - was
⑤	which	-	picked - were

16. 윗글의 밑줄 친 the area가 가리키는 것을 본문에서 찾아 두 단어로 쓰시오.

⇒ _____

17. 윗글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① hurricane이라는 단어는 스페인어 huracán에서 유래되었다.
- ② Huracán은 마야의 창조 신화에 나오는 날씨의 신이다.
- ③ 최초의 인간들이 신들을 화나게 해서 Huracán이 거대한 홍수를 일으켰다.
- ④ 카리브해를 지나던 스페인 탐험가들이 현지 사람들에게 hurricane이라는 단어를 알려 주었다.
- ⑤ hurricane이라는 영어 단어가 1608년 셰익스피어의 연극에서 사용되었다.

[18-21] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The word hamburger originally comes from Hamburg, Germany's second-largest city. Hamburger means "people or things from Hamburg" in (A) German.

The origin of the first hamburger is not clear. (a), it is believed (b) the hamburger was invented in a small town in Texas, USA, sometime between 1885 and 1904. A cook placed a Hamburg-style steak between two slices of bread, and people started to call (B) such food a hamburger.

18. 윗글의 밑줄 친 (A)와 의미가 같은 것은?

- ① There are many Germans in Korea.
- ② She is German, but now she lives in America.
- ③ Anne came from a successful German family.
- ④ He tries to get a job at a German car company.
- ⑤ The book was published in German as well as in English.

19. 윗글의 빈칸 ①에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것은?

- ① Also
- ② However
- ③ In addition
- ④ Therefore
- ⑤ For example

20. 윗글의 빈칸 ⑤에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것은?

- ① which
- ② what
- ③ that
- ④ when
- ⑤ if

21. 윗글의 밑줄 친 (B)가 가리키는 것을 우리말로 쓰시오.

⇒ _____