# Must/Have to, Mustn't/Don't have to

# **MUST**

### <u>Usage</u>

- · Express personal obligation
- Express what the speaker thinks is necessary
- Express subjective obligation



- · You must work hard.
- All passengers must wear seat belts.

# **HAVE TO**

### <u>Usage</u>

- Express impersonal obligation
- The subject is obliged or forced to act by a separate, external power (for example, the Law or school rules)
- · Express objective obligation

## **Examples**



- I have to leave early today.
- You will have to pay for the excess.

## **MUSTN'T**

### Usage

 It is prohibited; it is not allowed. It is important that you do NOT do something. The prohibition can be subjective (the speaker's opinion) or objective.

## **Examples**

- Children mustn't talk to strangers.
- Cars mustn't park in front of the entrance.

## DON'T HAVE TO

## **Usage**

 There is no obligation; you are not required to do something, especially if you don't want to.

## Examples

- You don't have to make excuses for her.
- You don't have to whisper, no one can hear us.



### GRAMMAR DRILLS

A. Look at these signs carefully, then choose the correct answer.

# **POOL RULES**

- Use the toilet before entering the pool
- Take a shower before entering the pool
- Do not enter the pool with a cold, skin or other body infection, open wound, diarrhea, or any other contagious condition
- If incontinent, wear tight fitting rubber or plastic pants or a swim diaper
- Observe all safety regulations



- 1. Bathers **have to / mustn't / needn't** take a shower before entering the pool.
- 2. People with a contagious disease **must / needn't /mustn't** enter the pool.
- 3. Bathers must / mustn't jump or dive in the pool, they must / mustn't use the stairs.
- 4. Bathers **must / mustn't / needn't** shout or run around the pool.
- 5. Children must / mustn't / needn't use the pool without (sans) adult supervision.
- Bathers can / may / mustn't pee in the pool. They mustn't / can't / have to use the restrooms / toilets.
- 7. Bathers **have to / can / may** use a swimming cap and googles.

#### B. Choose the correct answer

#### MUST vs HAVE TO

An obligation from within (une obligation que l'on se fixe à soi-même): MUST + bV
An obligation from outside (une obligation extérieure), usually a rule (une règle / un réglement):
HAVE TO / HAS TO + bV

- 1. I really **must / have to** remember to post this letter before five o'clock.
- 2. Ben's boss wants him to visit our firm (entreprise) in Japan; he really must / has to / have to go.
- 3. Air hostesses and stewarts must / have to wear a uniform.
- 4. If you want to visit this isolated village, you **must / have to** rent a car.
- 5. Before being allowed to enter the USA, visitors must / have to fill a form at the airport.
- 6. My house is in a mess; I must / have to find time to clean it up.
- 7. The doctor is very strict; Clare **must** / **have to** / **has to** reduce her consumption of soda.
- 8. I really want to lose weight, I must / have to reduce my consumption of sugar.

- 9. You must / have to visit us in London! We'd love to show you around!
- 10. We must / have to try this new restaurant. Everyone says it's wonderful.

### C. MUSTN'T vs NEEDN'T / DON'T HAVE TO

You mustn't + bV > It is prohibited / forbidden = je ne dois pas / il ne faut pas You needn't / don't have to + bV > there is no obligation = ne pas être obligé de A la 3eme personne du singlulier DO devient DOESN'T Ainsi on dira "You don't have to pay", mais "she doesn't have to pay."

- 1. Don't tell her anything, that's our little secret. She doesn't have to / don't have to know it.
- 2. Don't worry, you mustn't / needn't do it. I'll do it later
- 3. You mustn't / needn't swim here; there are sharks in the water.
- 4. You don't have to / doesn't have to / mustn't come if you don't want to.
- 5. The concert is free. You mustn't / don't have to pay.
- 6. It's a relaxing evening. You mustn't / don't have to dress up.
- 7. She now works from home, she **mustn't** / **doesn't have to** commute to work (faire le trajet jusqu'au travail).
- Mary's children are teens. She mustn't / needn't hire a nanny to look after them when she goes out.
- 9. You **mustn't** / **needn't** drive me to the airport, I have called a taxi.
- 10. Because of the covid, you mustn't / needn't go out without your face mask.