

MASTERING GRAMMAR & LEXIS – QUIZ ON UNIT 28

NAME: _____ DATE: _____

A. Match the two halves.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| 1. boarding _____ | a. education |
| 2. vocational _____ | b. year |
| 3. higher _____ | c. school |
| 4. life _____ | d. fees |
| 5. tuition _____ | e. training |
| 6. gap _____ | f. skills |

_____/ 6

B. Write the words next to their definitions:

- staff / co-educational school / graduate / secondary school / lecturer / tutor / nursery school / apprentice / primary school / state school*
- A place where young children are taken care of daily while their parents are at work or need free time: _____
 - Someone who has a university degree: _____
 - A school which receives money from the government to provide free education: _____
 - Teacher at a university: _____
 - A school for children between 5 and 11: _____
 - The workers employed in an organization considered as a group: _____
 - A school for children between 11 and 18 years old: _____
 - A teacher who gives private instruction to one or two pupils: _____
 - A school which is attended by both boys and girls: _____
 - Someone who learns a job by working with someone more experienced: _____

_____/ 10

C. Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in bold.

- Her _____ of English grammar is very extensive. **KNOW**
- John showed high _____ from an early age. **INTELLIGENT**
- Most schools nowadays prefer to use continuous _____, because it gives a fairer picture of how the student has done during the whole year. **ASSESS**
- Your English is much better, but there's still room for _____. **IMPROVE**
- She was an extremely _____ poet. **GIFT**
- Teaching young children is a _____ and rewarding job. **CHALLENGE**
- Lawrence's novel was eventually _____ as a work of genius. **RECOGNIZE**

- Three athletes were _____ from the championships after failing drugs tests. **QUALIFY**
- They had great _____ in finding a replacement. **DIFFICULT**
- More than a million people in Britain have some degree of learning _____, with some 160,000 severely affected. **ABILITY**
- Attendance at the meeting is _____. **OPTION**
- All young men are required to do two years of _____ military service. **COMPEL**
- _____ levels amongst girls very quickly overtook those of boys. **LITERATE**
- If you're _____ more than five times, you fail the course. **ABSENCE**
- I know I haven't done enough _____ for tomorrow's exam. **REVISE**

_____/ 15

D. Circle the correct answers.

- I know you don't like her, but please **make / do** an effort to be polite.
- We were never **learnt / taught** anything about other religions.
- The students were sitting at the back of the room, **taking / getting** notes.
- Actors have to learn their lines **by / from** heart.
- I had the tutor for a year right until I **took / gave** my exams.
- He **jumped / skipped** chemistry class three times last month.
- They are **doing / making** some fascinating research into the language of dolphins.
- We had to complete our assignment **set / put** by the teacher of History by Monday.
- I'm afraid we're not **getting / making** much progress.
- He's doing very **good / well** at college.

_____/ 10

E. Complete the sentences with these words:

- advantage / dropped / enroll / campus / scholarships / graduation*
- If you would like to _____ on the course please see page 8 for details.
 - We're very proud of the five students from this school who were awarded _____.
 - I thought I'd take _____ of the sports facilities while I'm here.
 - Sarah got a job as a teacher after her _____ from university.
 - Bill _____ out of college after his first year.
 - Most first-year students live on _____.

_____/ 6

F. Circle the correct preposition.

1. His parents' approved **of / on** his decision to enter university.
2. Shoppers tend to associate certain brand names **with / at** high quality.
3. Your choice of exercise must also depend **on / by** your general state of health.
4. My father is a lawyer, and he discouraged me **about / from** entering the field.
5. Senior ministers spoke **on / in** favour **for / of** the proposal.
6. Thousands of people blocked the street, protesting **against / for** the new legislation.
7. Be quiet - let me concentrate **at / on** my homework.
8. Many thousands have benefited **from / of** the new treatment.

____/ 8

G. Complete the sentences with the following phrasal verbs. [Some of them are used more than once]:

broke into / broken out of / breaks up / broke down / break with / broke down / broke up / broke out / broken down / broken up

1. Negotiations _____ after only two days.
2. Has Sam really _____ with Lucy?
3. Someone _____ my car and stole the radio.
4. She _____ in tears when she heard the news.
5. I was still living in London when the war _____.
6. Government soldiers _____ the demonstration.
7. Three men have _____ a top security jail.
8. School _____ next week.
9. Now is the time to _____ the past.
10. The book is _____ into seven chapters.

____/ 10

H. Match the words with their meanings.

1. Books and stories about imaginary people. ____
2. A very popular book that many people have bought. ____
3. A book with a soft cover. ____
4. Look around a shop without really wanting to buy anything. ____
5. A long story that is based on imaginary people and events. ____
6. Involving books or the activity of writing, reading or studying books. ____
7. A book based on facts. ____
8. A book with a stiff, hard cover. ____
9. One of a set of books or magazines that are published at the same time. ____
10. No longer being published. ____
11. A person who has written a book. ____
12. One of many books or magazines that are all the same. ____

- a. author
- b. paperback
- c. edition
- d. literary
- e. fiction
- f. copy
- g. out of print
- h. best-seller
- i. browse
- j. non-fiction
- k. novel
- l. hardback

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TOTAL: ____ / 78 = ____%