



A. Complete the sentences with the gerund form of the verbs in parentheses.

1. I **hate** _____ (be) cold. I find it really depressing.
2. You **spend** too much time _____ (play) video games.
3. We **stopped** _____ (talk) because someone interrupted us.
4. John is celebrating because he has **finished** _____ (write) his book.
5. It **started** _____ (snow) last night while we were sleeping.
6. _____ (know) how to speak English is amazing!
7. The best thing **about** _____ (take) the bus is that I don't need to drive.
8. Alex **enjoys** _____ (watch) series in his free time.

B. Match the sentences beginnings and endings.

1. Do you ever dream **of** C
2. Are you interested **in**
3. Please don't leave **without**
4. Fátima is good **at**
5. We ended our party full of guests **by**
6. I'm really looking forward **to**

PHRASAL VERBS **LOOK FORWARD TO** Needword

(Transitive)

= to be eagerly waiting for something pleasant

This phrasal verb is used when a person feels happy or excited about something that is going to happen. The person is eagerly waiting for a pleasant event.

Look forward to + object (something)

Look forward to + verb-ing (action)

I'm looking forward to my birthday. ✓

I'm looking forward to seeing you again. ✓

I'm looking forward to. ✗ (incomplete sentence)

Looking forward to what?
We need more information.

EXAMPLE SENTENCES

- Jennifer is really **looking forward to** her wedding day.
- Are you **looking forward to** your vacation?
- I'm really **looking forward to** working with you.
- I **look forward to** your response.

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- a) doing some part-time job?
- b) seeing you tonight.
- c) ~~meeting your favorite singer?~~
- d) thanking everybody for coming.
- e) saying goodbye to me.
- f) parking her father's car.