

SOCIAL STUDIES

HOMEWORK

UNIT 3 REVIEW

Understanding better

Key concepts

Freedom and autonomy, especially that of a state that does not depend on another.



Group of learned or literate people elected to govern.



Government system that has a monarch (king) as a leader or head of state.



Form of government in which authority is divided in different branches, officers are chosen by the citizens and last a limited time.



Meeting of the members of an institution where various matters are debated, although generally for political or research purposes.

Meetings or assemblies held in the cities of Cúcuta and Angostura for political purposes.



Change and continuity

Independence and Gran Colombia

- Creole thoughts were influenced by various events and ideas that happened in the second half of the 18th century (the Enlightenment, the independence of the United States, the French Revolution, among other things) and which influenced the formation of a Mestizo consciousness and identity.
- The feeling of the residents of the Audiencia towards the Crown, which had previously been of support and loyalty, became distrust and anger during this period.
- America began to be thought of as a unit, as a whole, different from the other continents.

- Despite the participation of women in the independence process, in most cases, women continued to be discriminated against and relegated to the home and family care. Their participation in public life remained scarce.
- The Afro-Ecuadorians joined the independence campaigns because Bolívar offered to grant them freedom for their participation. However, this offer was not fulfilled and their position in society returned to what it previously was.

