Description of a scene



Can you guess the meaning of some new words in less than 5 minutes (find the answers in the text)?

Where you can walk in the open air on a ship

A terrible shock

Separated

Confused

Enormous

Select the sentences that correspond to picture 1 the last word of the part : .

Here is a short description of the scene, but you might remember the details from the original text above. This is meant to show you how YOU can add more details in your description while writing. Make a detailed description out of a simple text:

Adjectives / adverbs / Be+ V-ing

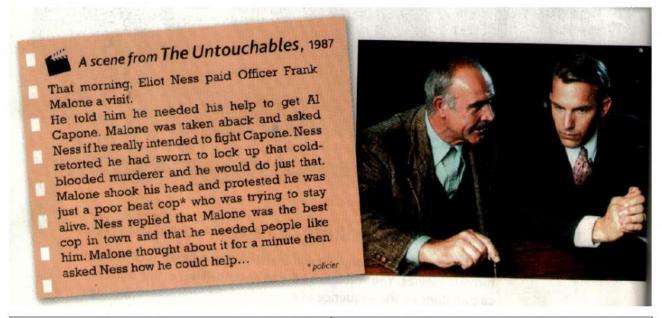
Rose and Jack were on the deck in the middle of the night. Jack had his arms around Rose and they were kissing. A blow threw them apart. They turned round and they saw an iceberg. They realized that it was cutting into the ship.

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 N^{o} « You are the cop in town and I need people like you. »

N° « Do you really intend to fight Capone ? »

N° « How can I help? »

 N° « I have sworn the lock up that cold blooded murderer in prison, and I will just do that . »

 N° « I need you help to get Al Capone »

 N° « Ness, I am just a poor beat cop, who's trying to stay alive .»

What speech verbs do you remember in the text?

Mumbled	called out	cried	told	moaned	
Asked inquir	red re	torted	protested	nodded	
Answered	replied	s	hook his head		
Note l'infinitif de ces ve	erbes au passé ou	u au participe	passé :		
Petrified →	repl	ied →		stayed →	
Si un verbe se termine participe passé le y se				555	
Entraine toi : try :		play :	tidy:	carry :	
Observe et déduis les a	autres cas où des	changements	similaires s'appl	iquent	
cry → she cries	story → stories	early → ea	rlier wealth	ny → wealthier	
On applique la même r	ègle aux				
→ verbes à la d	u singulier du				
→ noms que l'on met	au				
→ adjectifs au	et au				
a- Les adverbes en	-LY				
complete → completely	direct → d	direct → directly real → really		У	
sudden →	huge →		current →		
beautifu →	actual →				
Discours indirect : lorsqu'un narrateur rapporte des paroles les pronoms et déterminants changent					
I need your help Ness told him he needed his help			ak to my friend -	peak to friend	

b- Observe:

Ness replied **that** Malone was the best cop in town and **that** he needed people like him He told him he needed his help to get Al Capone.

En anglais on peut parfois supprimer that En français on peut parfois supprimer que

c- observe encore!

Discours direct	Discours indirect
` I need your help'	He told him he needed his help.
'I have sworn to lock him up.'	He retorted he had sworn to lock him up.
'I will just do that.'	He retorted he would just do that.
'I'm trying to stay alive.'	He protested he was trying to stay alive.
'I met Malone on Tuesday.'	He announced he had met Malone on Tuesday.

Dans les phrases au discours indirect les v	erbes introducteurs de discours sont au
Observe les verbes en gras à gauche et à	droite. Quand les verbes qui introduisent le
discours indirect sont au	on décale les paroles rapportées d'un cran vers
le	

d- Les questions au discours indirect

'How can I help ?'	He asked Ness he could help.
'Do you intend to fight Capone ?'	He asked he intended to fight Capone.

Au discours indirect, une question ouverte introduite par un mot interrogatif est introduite
par le même
Les questions fermées sont rapporter à l'aide de