

## **LIVING THINGS**

### **ASSIGNMENT**

All living things share (1)\_\_\_\_\_ characteristics. These are:

- (2) \_\_\_\_\_ - use food to make energy,
- (3) \_\_\_\_\_ - build new cells and tissues,
- (4) \_\_\_\_\_ - take in food,
- (5) \_\_\_\_\_ - create the next generation,
- (6) \_\_\_\_\_ - change position or travel,
- (7) \_\_\_\_\_ - release waste from the body and
- (8) \_\_\_\_\_ - respond to the environment.

Living things can be grouped based on common characteristics. This is called

(9)\_\_\_\_\_.

(10)\_\_\_\_\_ are sedentary organisms. This means they stay where and do not change location.

Animals can be classified into smaller groups based on more characteristics in common.

Some animals have an internal skeleton. They are known as (11)\_\_\_\_\_.

(12)\_\_\_\_\_ do not have an internal skeleton. Instead, their bodies are covered in an external skeleton.

(13)\_\_\_\_\_ can be broken down into five smaller groups: Mammals,

(14)\_\_\_\_\_, Birds, Reptiles and (15)\_\_\_\_\_.

#### **WORD BANK:**

CLASSIFICATION	VERTEBRATES	AMPHIBIANS	NUTRITION	SEVEN
SENSITIVITY	MOVEMENT	PLANTS	REPRODUCTION	FISH
GROWTH	VERTEBRATES	INVERTEBRATES	EXCRETION	RESPIRATION