

Varieties of English

- 118** The main difference between Early Modern English and Late Modern English is vocabulary. Late Modern English _____ many more words, arising from two principal factors: **HAVE**
- 119** firstly, the Industrial Revolution and technology created a need for new words; secondly, the British Empire at _____ height covered one quarter of the earth's surface, **IT**
- 120** and the English language adopted foreign words from many _____ **COUNTRY**

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 121–126, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 121–126.

The Black Cat

- 121** Let me tell you about my pet. This was a _____ large, and beautiful black cat. Speaking of his intelligence, my wife, **REMARKABLE** who at heart was not a superstitious person, regarded him as a witch in disguise. Not that she was ever serious upon this point.
- 122** Pluto – this was the cat's name - was my _____ pet and playmate. I alone fed him, and he attended me wherever I went about the house. **FAVOUR**
- 123** It was even with _____ that I could prevent him from following me through the streets. **DIFFICULT**
- 124** Our _____ lasted, in this manner, for several years. I got ill and grew, **FRIEND**
- 125** day by day, more moody, and more irritable, more regardless of the _____ of others. **FEEL**

- 126** My pets, of course, were made to feel the change in my disposition. I not only neglected, but ill-used them. With Pluto, however, I still tried to restrain myself from maltreating him. But my disease grew upon me and at length even Pluto, who was now becoming old, and _____ somewhat touchy – even Pluto began to experience the effects of my ill temper. **CONSEQUENT**

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 127–133 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 127–133.

An Entry in a Teacher's Diary

- 127** November 21. Today, I took the entire _____ grade on a fieldtrip to the state capital. It was incredible! **FIVE**
- 128** The _____ met a state senator. She showed them around the capitol building. They even got to listen to the senators discuss a new law! **CHILD**
- 129** After the tour they had so many questions for the senator! I could not help smiling at the interesting topics they raised. I'm sure they _____ forget this great experience for a long time... **NOT FORGET**

A Long School Year

- 130** How would you like to go to school on Saturdays? If you lived in Japan, that's just where you _____ each Saturday morning. Japanese students attend classes five and a half days a week. The half day is on Saturday. **BE**
- 131** It is also interesting to know that the Japanese school year is one of the _____ in the world – over 240 days. It begins in the month of April. **LONG**
- 132** Students in Japan get _____ vacation in late July and August. School then begins again in September and ends in March. **THEY**

- 133** The people of Japan believe that a good education is very important. Children _____ to attend school from the age of six to the age of fifteen. Then most students go on to high school for another three years.

REQUIRE

Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Образуйте от слов, напечатанных заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 134–139, однокоренные слова так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 134–139.

City Living

Humans have lived together in cities since ancient times, but even in 1800 urban areas were home to just 3 per cent of the world's population.

MASS

- 134** The _____ explosion of urbanization that accompanied the Industrial Revolution saw that figure rise 15 per cent in the space of 100 years.

- 135** The cause of the _____ growth of cities from the 19th century onwards is the ascendancy of industry over agriculture.

BELIEVABLE

- 136** The mechanization of agriculture and the abolition of serfdom in Europe left an excess of labour in rural areas, and that labour force flooded into the cities when the Industrial Revolution provided a new form of _____ in the shape of factories and workshops.

EMPLOY

- 137** By 1900, nine European cities had more than a million inhabitants: London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, St Petersburg, Manchester, Birmingham, Moscow and Glasgow. However, the _____ of people – even in industrialized nations – still lived in the country.

MAJOR

- 138** For many people life in cities was often _____.

MISERY

- 139** Food supply and sanitation were often so bad that the high mortality rate kept city growth _____ slow.

RELATIVE

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 140–146. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 140–146, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

The Chameleon Stone

That morning Tanon, a young farmer's boy, discovered a strange stone in the cattle shed. It felt cold [140] _____ the touch. Well, not exactly cold, more cool and smooth. It was fashioned like no other stone that Tanon had ever seen. He was fascinated by it and it [141] _____ his gaze like a venomous snake did its prey, just before making its lethal strike. Yet there was no strike – just the beautiful curves of this most precious of objects. At least, Tanon presumed it was precious, but now he had a decision to [142] _____. Should he take it immediately to his master or could he hold [143] _____ to its smoothness for just a little longer? A clap of thunder broke his daydream and he turned his gaze heavenwards. Dark clouds were forming [144] _____ smoke billowing from an open fire and Tanon knew he had not much time before the rain came. He had to get the cattle inside before the full force of the storm came to bear down on the farm. [145] _____ as he was standing up, his prize started to change. Swirling mists and patterns drifted over its outer layer and a pale pulsing light seemed to throb from its core. Tanon [146] _____ in wonder – was this some sort of magical object?

140

- 1) for 2) to 3) on 4) from

Ответ:

141

- 1) held 2) kept 3) took 4) grabbed

Ответ:

142

- 1) do 2) make 3) have 4) get

Ответ:

143

- 1) over 2) on 3) in 4) out

Ответ:

- 144** 1) as 2) as if 3) like 4) alike

Ответ: ☐

- 145** 1) only 2) quite 3) almost 4) just

Ответ: ☐

- 146** 1) viewed 2) stared 3) glimpsed 4) saw

Ответ: ☐

Прочитайте приведённые ниже тексты. Преобразуйте, если необходимо, слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 147–153 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текстов. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию из группы 147–153.

Souvenirs From the Past

- 147** The lands of southern England have always been associated with mystery. Pre-historic sites like Stonehenge are souvenirs from the past _____ by civilizations we still know very little about. BUILD

- 148** In 2009 an amazing discovery near a village called Damerham _____ to life a whole complex that archaeologists did not even know existed. At first scientists believed that they were crop circles. BRING

- 149** When they investigated the circles _____, they found that the circles had been cut into the land. CLOSELY

- 150** The circles existed 6,000 years ago, before Stonehenge _____ had been built. IT

Moab Mountain

- 151** Moab Mountain in Utah, the USA, is a breathtaking place to visit. This is desert land and the canyons _____ of hard, red rock. MAKE

152 Moab is a popular venue for mountain biking, half marathons and Jeep Safari. In recent years, it _____ a unicycling playground too. **BECOME**

153 Around 150,000 riders come here throughout the year. If you _____ a cycling fan, Moab will provide you with a challenge. **BE**

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National Symbols

154 Britain is often represented by national symbols. There are two personifications of Britain: John Bull and Britannia. John Bull represents the typical Englishman, supposed to have a 'bullish' _____ and characteristics. **APPEAR**

155 These may be seen as strong, loyal, upright or stubborn, _____, cruel and mean. **FAIR**

156 The character was popularized (but not invented) by John Arbuthnot's _____ of satirical pamphlets *The History of John Bull*, published in 1712. **COLLECT**

157 Britannia is a female personification of Britain. She is _____ depicted on coins leaning on a shield and holding a trident in one hand. **MAIN**

158 She represents Britain as a _____ maritime nation. **VICTORY**

159 Her name is familiar from the _____ song *Rule Britannia*, composed in 1740. **PATRIOT**

Прочитайте текст с пропусками, обозначенными номерами 160–166. Эти номера соответствуют заданиям 160–166, в которых представлены возможные варианты ответов. Запишите в поле ответа цифру 1, 2, 3 или 4, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Amy

It was Christmas Eve. Amy had never before felt such a powerful energy on such an **160** _____.

Standing in the living room of the ranch house, Amy **161** _____ where Paul Chadwick really lived, since it was apparent he did not live there. Paul and Anna had not put much of a mark on the apartment, Amy reflected. The apartment was handsome but impersonal. She knew that the places where he was supposed to live were too tidy, too sleek, they **162** _____ like hotel suits. He had an office in the Towers apartment and one here, and in those she could see some marks of the man; but she saw none in the living rooms, dining rooms and bedrooms.

The décor was resolutely Western, its furnishings assembled to **163** _____ the effect. Only one item said something. Above the huge smoke-stained fieldstone fireplace here was a small photograph, a snapshot, actually, of a grim, solid man in his sixties. He wore a no-nonsense expression, glaring disapprovingly at the world but not at the photographer. If you knew what you were looking **164** _____ in the picture, or used a magnifying glass, you could identify a bottle of bourbon on the desk. On a table at his side were two candlestick telephones. That was Paul Chadwick the First. Amy **165** _____ to John and his sister Emily and said, "Your father is not what I imagined he would be." Amy had seen pictures of Paul Chadwick, so his appearance was no surprise. What she had not seen in his newspaper and magazine pictures was that he was aggressive, beyond doubt, but **166** _____ that he was easily, naturally charismatic.

- 160** 1) incident 2) occasion 3) event 4) accident

Ответ:

- 161** 1) wondered 2) wandered 3) guessed 4) informed

Ответ:

- 162** 1) viewed 2) glanced 3) looked 4) watched

Ответ:

- 163** 1) bring 2) fulfill 3) create 4) do

Ответ:

164 1) after 2) for 3) out 4) on

Ответ:

165 1) stopped 2) pushed 3) pulled 4) turned

Ответ:

166 1) besides 2) apart 3) though 4) moreover

Ответ: