TRANSITIVE AND INTRANSITIVE PHRASAL VERBS

1 Choose the correct form.

1 The Indian restaurant we used to go to has ___.
A closed down
B closed it down
C closed down it

2 This fish is no longer fresh; we need to ___.
A get rid it of
B get rid of it
C get it rid of

3 We wanted to eat somewhere cheap, and look where we've ___ – in an expensive restaurant.
A ended up
B ended it up
C ended up it

4 The weather forecast predicts a huge snowstorm. Shall we ___?
A stock food up on
B stock up on food
C stock up food on

5 The roast aubergines sound good. I think I'll ___.
A go for
B go them for
C go for them

6 These sugar-coated breakfast cereals are really no good; I ought to ___.
A give them up
B give up them
C give up

7 I was so hungry that after I'd made my breakfast I ___ in five minutes.
A wolfed down
B wolfed down it
C wolfed it down

2 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first. Use the word in CAPITALS.

1 I don't think we can have that dinner party this weekend. Let's postpone it until next month. **PUT**

I don't think we can have that dinner party this weekend. Let's _____ until next month.

2 Either he wasn't hungry or he didn't like the food: he just ate tiny quantities of it now and then. **PICK**

Either he wasn't hungry or he didn't like the food: he just _____ now and then.

3 If I feel hungry late in the evening, I have a slice of crispbread. It contains lots of fibre, so it makes me feel full very effectively. **FILL**

If I feel hungry late in the evening, I have a slice of crispbread. It contains lots of fibre, so it _____ _____ very effectively.

4 I like sweet foods too much; I've got to reduce my consumption of them if I want to stay slim. **BACK**

I like sweet foods too much; I've got to _____ _____ if I want to stay slim.