UNIT 1 TEENAGERS, SOCIAL MEDIA AND THE USE OF INTERNET

Remember these sentences from the previous activity? Let's have a look at them.

- A recent study has shown that Argentine teenagers spend a lot more time using social media than they did ten years ago.
- ... apps like Facebook have changed the meaning of the word "friend".
- However, the study has also found that Argentine teenagers know the difference between real friends and people they meet online.

The highlighted words are <u>verbs</u> and they are in different <u>verbal tenses</u>. Write each verb next to the corresponding use.

| Use | Verbs (examples) |
|--|---------------------|
| Completed actions in the past | |
| Actions that happened in the past but still has a consequence or result in the present | |
| Actions referring to the current time | |

PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE

(Pretérito Perfecto Simple)

| Subject | have | Past participle |
|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| I / You / We / You / They | 've / have | talked. |
| He/She/It | 's / has | talked. |
| Present perfect nega | ative | |
| Subject | have | Past participle |
| /You/We/You/ They | haven't / have not | talked. |
| He/She/It | hasn't / has not | talked. |

- 1-Now choose the correct words to complete the rules.
- a. The present perfect describes an action that happened in the past / happens in the present.
- b. We <u>don't use / use</u> it to talk about specific time in the past.
- c. We form the present perfect with have-has and the infinitive / past participle form of the main verb.
- d. To make the past participle form of regular verbs, we add $\underline{-ed}$ / $\underline{-ted}$.

*(look for the list of irregular verbs in the school site)

| Infinitive or base form | Past form | Past participle |
|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|
| be | was - were | been |
| go | went | gone |
| live | lived | lived |
| work | worked | worked |
| think | thought | thought |
| write | wrote | written |

2-Choose the correct words.

Scientists <u>has / have tried</u> to find out why we make friends. And they <u>have reach / reached</u> some interesting conclusions...

- a. At the age of nine months, we <u>have learned / learned</u> what friends are.
- b. Many animals have formed / forming friendships with other animals from different species.
- c. Scientists <u>have discovered / to discover</u> that people with more friends are healthier.
- d. In general, women <u>have / having</u> always needed friendships more than men need them.

3-Drag the verbs in the box and drop them in the corresponding sentence.



There is an extra verb!!!

| 1. | I always thought that Igor and I were good friends, but now I | | |
|----|---|--|--|
| | my mind! | | |
| 2. | My friend is having a party on Saturday, but she me! | | |

3. Sophie and Greg that they have lots of common interests.

4. Liam is very introverted and to anyone in his new job.5. My father met his best friend through his job thirty years ago. They

...... together for a long time.

6. You in our town for long but you've made lots of friends!

've changed

Have discovered

Have made

Hasn't invited

Have lived

Hasn't talked

Have worked

4-This is the cute story of endless friendship between Bubble and Bella. Read and choose the correct verb.

Many of us reports of friendships between animals, and we



made friends with her. Over time they inseparable and now spend every day together.

They us that animals can form true friendships, too.



Have a look at them playing!