

1D

Grammar

used to

I can talk about things that were different in the past.

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *used to*.

- I know this town well. We (visit) here a lot when I was younger.
- You (love) swimming. Why don't you like it now?
- Your dad is fantastic at football. he (play) a lot?
- Our town (have) good sports facilities, but now there's a great new sports centre.
- She sounds American. she (live) in the USA?
- I (argue) a lot with my dad, but we get on really well now.
- He speaks Spanish really well because he (go) to university in Madrid.
- I (be) interested in films, but I go to the cinema a lot now.
- My mum (make) dinner every night, but now my dad cooks at weekends.
- My grandparents (go) abroad at all, but these days, they often visit other countries.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *used to*. Use the word in brackets and any other necessary word.

- (sea) We *didn't use to live near the sea*, but we live near it now.
- (glasses) but I wear them now.
- (milk) but I don't drink it now.
- (dogs) but I'm not afraid of them now.
- (stamps) but he doesn't collect them now.
- (teacher) but she isn't one now.
- (Japanese) but she speaks it now.

3 Complete the sentence in five different ways with *used to* (affirmative or negative) and the verbs in brackets.

When I was eight years old, ...

- (eat)
- (wear)
- (play)
- (like)
- (be afraid)

4 Look at the pictures of Jackie twenty years ago. Complete the questions with the correct form of *used to* and the verbs below. Then write the answers.

go have live play sleep wear work

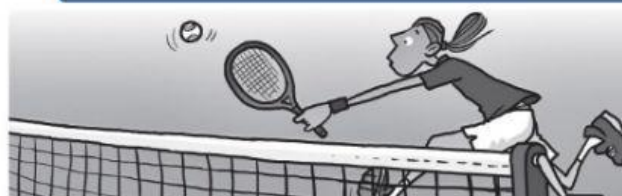


- Did she *use to live* in London?

No, she *used to live* in Paris.

- short hair?

- in a shop?



- football at weekends?

- tracksuit?



- skiing in the winter?

- in a hotel?

5 Tick the correct phrase to complete the sentences.

- She moved to Canada two years ago, but she ☐ living in a cold country.
a didn't use to ☐ b hasn't got used to ☐
- I ☐ angry a lot, but I'm much calmer now.
a used to get ☐ b got used to ☐
- They ☐ like the same music, but they don't now.
a used to ☐ b got used to ☐
- I like your new glasses. ☐ wearing them?
a Did you use to ☐ b Have you got used to ☐
- I hated this flat when we moved in, but I ☐ it now.
a used to ☐ b have got used to ☐