

WRITING

1

Make sentences, using the words and phrases given. You can change the words and phrases or add necessary words.

1. Easter / important / Christian / festival / and / holiday.

2. People / celebrate / around / world / between / 22nd March / 25th April.

3. People / give / chocolate eggs / friends / and / family.

4. They / also / organise / egg hunt / children.

5. People / go / church / and / have / special / family meal.

6. Each year / shop / sell / million / of / chocolate / Easter bunnies.

5 Change the following sentences into Yes / No questions.

1. Last year their family went to Da Nang to enjoy the International Fireworks Festival.

2. They will go to the music festival next week.

3. We can design some posters to sell food at the Mid-Autumn Festival.

4. My mother usually cooks special food at Tet.

5. People should behave well on the first day of the new year.

6. He is singing a song about the beauty of his country.

1 Rewrite these sentences using **however** as in the example.

Example:

Although she hated him at first, she fell in love with him in the end.

→ She hated him at first. However, she fell in love with him in the end.

1. Although the film didn't receive good reviews from critics, many people went to see it.

2. Although the story is silly, many people enjoy the film.

3. Although they spent millions of dollars on making the film, it wasn't successful as expected.

4. Although *Jaws* is one of Spielberg's first films, it is one of his best.

5. Although the film was a bit frightening, I really enjoyed it.

2 Rewrite the following sentences so that their meaning stays the same, using the word given for each.

1. A train leaves for Da Nang at 5 o'clock every morning. (THERE)

2. Is it possible to travel to Sa Pa by air? (CAN)

3. Our teacher is always a careful driver. (DRIVES)

4. The distance from Ha Noi to Hue City is about 540 km. (IT)

5. Road users should obey traffic rules strictly. (OBEYED)
