

Unit 4.1 Mass and weight

BAN MAI PRIMARY SCHOOL

Cambridge International Programme

STUDENT NAME		
CLASS DATE		
SCIENCE 5 Term II Revision		
Students answer on the Question Paper. Additional Materials: Pen Pencil		
READ THESE INTRUCTIONS FIRST		
The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question. You should show all your working on the test paper and write your final answers on the space. The total number of marks for this paper is 30.	provided.	
Avoid erasures.	For Teache	r's Use
	Page	Mark
Contents:	1	
Unit 3.1 Reversible and irreversible changes	2	
Unit 3.2 Mixing and Separating Solids	3	
Unit 3.3 Soluble and insoluble substances	Total	
Unit 3.4 Separating Insoluble Substances		
Unit 3.5 Solutions		
Unit 3.6 How can we make solids dissolve faster?		
Unit 3.7 How does grain size affect dissolving?		





Cambridge International Programme

Question 1

Classify the following changes as **REVERSIBLE** or **IRREVERSIBLE**.

Chocolate Melting	Bread Toasting	Candle Wick Burning	Wax Melting
Sugar Dissolving	Wood Burning	Biscuits Baking	Water Boiling
Puddle Evaporating	Water Condensing	Butter Melting	Cutting Paper
Wood Chopping	Mixing Milk and Vinegar	Ice Melting	Rusting

Question 2

Sort the following substances as **SOLUBLE or INSOLUBLE**.

Milk powder	Flour	Chalk	Alcohol
Pasta	Saw Dust	Sugar	Salt
	Oil	Black Peppercorns	

SOLUBLE			INSOL	UBLE	





Cambridge International Programme

Question 3

	Rea	ad these stater	ments about Ma	ss and Weight.	Write each of the st	atement as T	rue or False .	
	1.	Mass and we	ight are the sar	ne				[1]
	2.	We measure	mass in newtor	ns				[1]
	3.	We measure	weight in newto	ons				[1]
	4.	Weight is the	amount of matt	er in an object				[1]
	5.	Your weight is	s different on th	e Moon				[1]
	6.	Mas and weig	ght are different	•5				[1]
	7.	We measure	mass in kilogra	ms.				[1]
	8.	We measure	weight in kilogr	ams.				[1]
	9.	Mass is the a	mount of matte	r in a object.				[1]
	10.	Your weight v	vill be the same	on the Moon ar	nd other planets.			[1]
Questi			wing statemen	ts by filling the m	nissing words. Choo	ose your answ	ver from the options	in the box.
			insoluble	soluble sugar	solution water	dissolved	suspension	
			sugar		water		sugar water	
				added to +	Priving the plant of the party	makes		

When sugar is added to water, it gets ______ because sugar is ______.

and water is the ______ substance, so when

added to water, they do not make a ______, instead, they make a ______.

Sugar and water makes a ______ where sugar is the _____



Ban Mai School

BAN MAI PRIMARY SCHOOL

Cambridge International Programme

Question 5

Identify the best method to separate the following mixtures.

Picking and Sorting	Sieving	Filtering	Evaporation
Magnetism	Wi	nnowing	Decanting

1. salt + water -	8. flour + rice -
2. mixed vegetables -	9. rice + husk -
3. sand + water -	10. oil + water -
4. iron filings + sand -	11. sugar + water -
5. petrol + water -	12. wheat + chaff -
6. paper clips + staples -	13. colored papers -
7. flour + beans -	14. flour + water -

Question 6

You can work out an object's weight using the following equation:

How much would you weigh on other planets?

Weight (N) = mass (kg) x gravitational pull (N/kg)

Your mass is 41 kg.

Place	Gravitational pull (N/kg)	My weight (N)
Mercury	3.7	
Venus	8.9	
Earth	10	
Jupiter	26.9	
Neptune	12.2	
The Moon	1.6	
Uranus	10.7	
Mars	3.8	





Cambridge International Programme

1.	What happens to your mass as you move from one planet to another?	
2.	On which planet did you weigh the most?	

3.	On which planet did you weigh the least?	
4.	Where did you weigh the least?	
5.	On which planet was your weight most similar to your weight on Earth?	
6.	What happens to your weight when the gravitational pull gets bigger?	
7.	What happens to your weight when the gravitational pull gets smaller?	

Question 7

Identify which substances are the SOLUTE, SOLVENT and SOLUTION.



Solute:			
Solvent:			
Solution:			





Cambridge International Programme



Solute:	
Solvent:	
Solution:	

(a)		
(C)	T 🔞 🔻	: 80)
MILK	CHOCOLATE SAUCE	CHOCOLATE MILK

Solute:	
Solvent:	
Solution:	



Solute:	
Solvent:	
Solution:	

Question 8

Answer the questions through 1-2 sentences.

A.



Mrs. Panther poured a cup off tea from the teapot and added two teaspoons of sugar. The tea was not very hot so she drank it quickly. As she drank the last few drops, she noticed there was still sugar in the bottom of the cup.





B.

BAN MAI PRIMARY SCHOOL

Cambridge International Programme

Cambridge interi	iational i rogiamino	
1. Why was there still sugar at the bottom of the cup?		
		[2]
What were the two (2) things could Mrs. Panther have	e done to make all the si	ugar dissolve?
		[1]
	for school. The tablet d misses her bus beca dissolve. Gina wonders wants to	blet every morning just before she leaves issolves in water. Sometimes, she nearly use she has to wait for the tablet to offind a way to make the tablet dissolved cutting the tablet and measure the time to dissolve. Time for tablet to dissolve (seconds) 90 45 25
Which size of the tablet dissolved the fastest? Why?		
		[2]
2. Which size of the tablet dissolved the slowest? Why	?	
		[2]
3. What can Gina conclude based on the results of her	test?	

