

Plurals

Countable nouns usually have different **singular** and **plural** forms, e.g. *car*, *cars*.

With **uncountable** nouns, there is **only one form** of the word, e.g. *rice*.

Plurals can be formed adding **-s** or **-es**, depending on the word. These are the rules to make plurals:

a. We usually add **-s**:

one book → *some books*

b. When the noun ends in **-sh**, **-ch**, **-ss**, **-s** or **-x**, we add **-es**:

dish → *dishes*

glass → *glasses*

box → *boxes*

c. When the noun ends in **-o** after a **consonant**, we also add **-es**:

d. When the noun ends in **-y** after a **vowel**, we add **-s**:

e. When the noun ends in **-y** after a **consonant**, we change **y** to **l** and add **-es**:

f. Some nouns have irregular plurals, for example:

child → *children*

foot → *feet*

2. Add the following examples to the rule that they correspond:

woman → *women*

toy → *toys*

bus → *buses*

fish → *fish*

tomato → *tomatoes*

story → *stories*