

Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

## QUICK PROGRESS TEST 2 (UNITS 6 - 10)

### Section 1: Grammar and Lexis

#### Part A

Match the responses (a–e) to the problems or requests (1–5) in a hotel. Write the letters on the lines.

- |   |   |       |
|---|---|-------|
| 1 | Can you confirm the details?                              | _____ |
| 2 | Does the bar open at twelve?                              | _____ |
| 3 | I need a taxi to the station, please.                     | _____ |
| 4 | It's busy on reception this morning. I'm really stressed. | _____ |
| 5 | I'd like breakfast in my room, please.                    | _____ |
|   |   |       |
| a | I'll check.   |       |
| b | I'll fax them to you.                                     |       |
| c | I'll help you.  |       |
| d | I'll send it up.  |       |
| e | I'll call for one.  |       |

#### Part B

Two people are going on a trip. They are discussing which airline to fly with. Complete their conversation by using the words in the box to make a comparative or superlative.

long    small    comfortable    fast    cheap
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- A: I like Eurobird. I've travelled with them before.
- B: Yes, but I don't like the seats. They're (6) \_\_\_\_\_ than Interair's. I don't want to fly with them. Interair is much

- (7) \_\_\_\_\_ for long journeys. Or there's Cityjet. And Cityjet has a discount this month so it's the (8) \_\_\_\_\_.
- A: But they don't give you dinner on Cityjet. How long is the flight with Eurobird?
- B: Two hours. The flight with Interair is (9) \_\_\_\_\_ - it's two-and-a-half hours.
- A: So Eurobird is (10) \_\_\_\_\_ than Interair.
- B: But the seats...

### Part C

**Complete the e-mail below using the verbs in brackets in either the Past Simple or Present Perfect.**

Hi Pam

Sorry I (11) \_\_\_\_\_ (not / reply) to your e-mail yesterday. I was in Italy for a week and I (12) \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) an old boyfriend! Did I ever tell you about him? It was so funny. I was walking through the centre of Bologna when I (13) ) \_\_\_\_\_ (see) him! We talked and he's still the same - he (14) \_\_\_\_\_ (not / change). I'm back at work this morning and I (15) \_\_\_\_\_ (receive) three e-mails from him...

### Section 2: Reading

**Each reading (22–25) is about trends. Sentences a, b and c describe trends. Choose the sentence which summarises each reading correctly.**

**22** More and more networks joined the system and the number of hosts increased dramatically, from 10,000 in 1984 to 100,000 in 1987. By the early 1990s the World Wide Web was the most popular way of browsing the web, and the network was accessible to anyone in the world with a computer. In 1992 the number of hosts reached 1,000,000.

- a The number of hosts has increased ten times.
- b The number of hosts has increased by ninety thousand.
- c The number of hosts has increased over twenty years.

**23** Over the last four years, Inditex, one of the world's largest fashion groups, has increased the number of shops worldwide from 748 to 1,377. In this time the group has launched three new chains, and the number of new shops in Spain has risen from 489 to 818.

- a Inditex has doubled the number of shops around the world.
- b The number of shops in Spain has increased by 229.
- c Three new chains have increased profits.

**24** Over the last four years health experts have advised companies to consider the costs and legal implications of stress-related illness. They emphasise that the benefits of reducing stress can reduce costs. In one example of a company which stopped 'performance-related pay', sickness absence was reduced over four years and productivity remained stable.

- a The decrease in stress will decrease costs.
- b The decrease in profits will decrease stress.
- c The decrease in productivity will decrease stress.

**25** According to a report published recently, standards in written English are falling. This is mainly because people see e-mail as an informal way of communicating where the normal rules of grammar and punctuation do not apply. In a survey by MSN, two-thirds of those aged 18-24 admitted that they were more concerned about the content than the grammatical correctness of their e-mails.

- a English 18-24 year olds are writing more e-mails.
- b English grammar and punctuation are worse nowadays.
- c English in e-mails is worse than in other correspondence.