

VOCABULARY

1 Use the endings in the boxes to complete the words in the sentences.

ostume oumentary age artoon tales

- 0 I like all the drawings in cartoon films.
- 1 Actors often feel nervous before they go on st _____.
- 2 A d _____ could be about wildlife, for example.
- 3 For our school play, I wore an amazing c _____.
- 4 My little sister enjoys watching fairy t _____.

ar iller acation fi

- 5 My favourite sci- _____ film is about life in space.
- 6 We're going on a family v _____ soon.
- 7 This thr _____ on TV is so exciting!
- 8 Which famous actors st _____ in the movie *Chase*?

/8

2 Use the words from the boxes to complete the sentences.

act lights character audience

- 0 My favourite film star can act really well.
- 1 The theatre had amazing lights in the play we saw.
- 2 Only 10 people were in the audience at the cinema.
- 3 The character that the actor Rudi plays is really cool.

reviews weather puppet special effects

- 4 I'm learning to make a puppet in a workshop at school.
- 5 I hope we get sunny weather for the carnival on Saturday.
- 6 The newspaper reviews of the film *Rose* were bad.
- 7 The special effects are amazing in films about monsters!

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GRAMMAR

3 Complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first.

- 0 That book isn't funny, but this one is!

This book is funnier than that one.

Our town isn't big enough to have a good theatre.

Our town is too small to have a good theatre.

The film is funnier than the book.

The book isn't as funny as the film.

1 Tom is too young to see this film.

Tom isn't _____ to see this film.

2 *Cars* is 3 hours long, but *Ned* is only 2 hours long.

The film *Ned* isn't _____ the film *Cars*.

3 *Cars* isn't very interesting. I want to watch *Ned*!

Ned is _____ interesting than *Cars*.

4 The music isn't fast enough in this film.

The music is _____ slow in this film.

5 Going to the cinema costs more than watching TV.

Watching TV is _____ than going to the cinema.

6 Cinema screens are better than TV screens.

TV screens aren't _____ cinema screens.

7 There aren't any other films in town that are as exciting as *Laser*.

Laser is _____ film in town.

8 I've never seen a film as bad as *Roofs*.

Roofs is _____ film I've ever seen.

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4 Circle the correct options to complete the sentences.

0 How **many** / **much** money have you got?

1 We haven't got **any** / **many** fruit juice.

2 I'd like to buy **some** / **many** ice cream, please.

3 How **much** / **many** bread rolls do you want?

4 There are **lots of** / **any** people on the bus.

5 Have you got **any** / **many** paper?

6 There aren't **many** / **any** eggs in the fridge, just two.

7 There were very **any** / **few** people at the park yesterday

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ENGLISH FOR SPEAKING

5 Match the correct options (A–F) to the gaps (1–5) to complete the dialogue.

(Write the letter)

Leo: Hi, Sophie! Are you enjoying the arts
festival?

A I'd rather dance. But first I need some
food!

Sophie: ⁰ C _____

B The puppets – they were brilliant!

Leo: Really? What did you like best?

Sophie: ¹ _____

Leo: So what would you prefer to do now?
Dancing or some art?

Sophie: ² _____

=====

Leo: Yes, I'm hungry too! Would you rather have American or Mexican?

Sophie: ³ _____

Leo: Yes, let's. It's healthier than burgers!

Sophie: ⁴ _____

Leo: No, I don't like them, either. And when we've eaten, we could do some dancing.

Sophie: ⁵ _____

Leo: Maybe you're right!

C It's amazing, Leo! I've seen some great things since I arrived!

D Hm. I'd prefer to have a rest then, I think!

E The chilli with rice looks good. Shall we try that?

F You're right. I'm not mad about eating those, anyway.

/10

ENGLISH IN USE

6 Use the correct form of the word in brackets, including Comparative and Superlative forms, to complete the text.

Last month, I read an amazing book – and I finished it ⁰ more quickly/quickly than any book I've ever read!

It was called *Jasmine*, and it's about a young actor who has tried **hard / hardly** but can't find a good acting job. Then she sees an advert in a newspaper, and she **quickly / quick** writes a letter to the theatre company.

She gets the job **easy / easily** – but then she finds the work is tough.

She has to start **early / earlier** every day – she's very young and she speaks the **quietly / most quietly** of everyone in the whole cast, so nobody thinks she can act **good / well** enough to perform in public. But she also learns everything she has to say the **faster / fastest**!

When the audience finally arrives on the first night, Jasmine is very confident, and she performs her part **perfect / perfectly**, and sings more **beautiful / beautifully** than any of the other actors. At the end of the play, the audience claps **loudly / loud** – and Jasmine becomes a star!

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