



Back to school, age 35

We don't need no education.

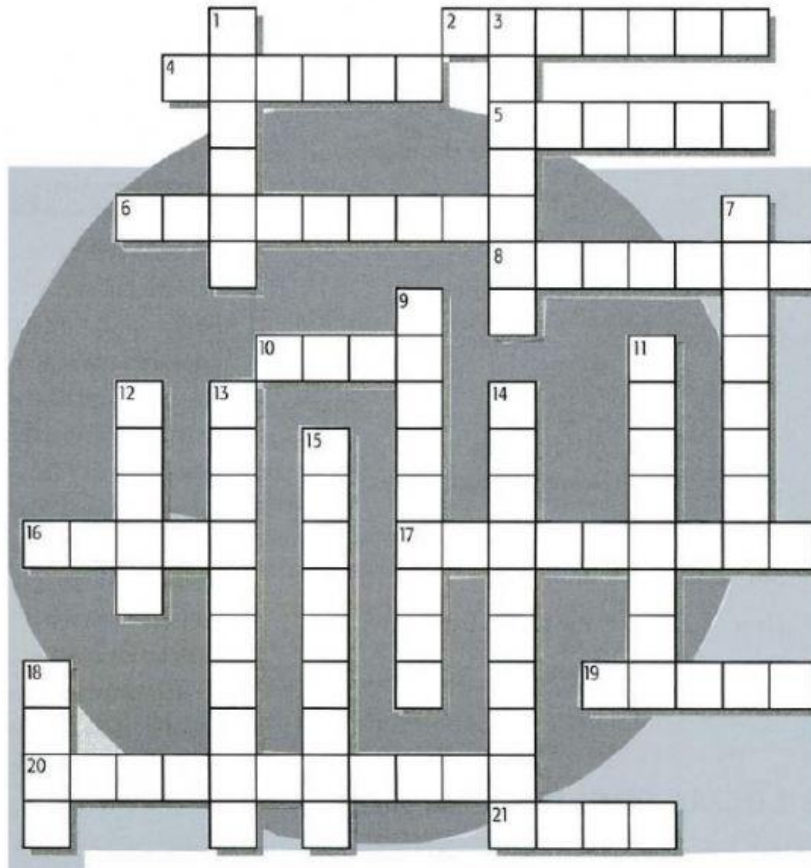
Pink Floyd, English rock band, "Another Brick in the Wall"

1 VOCABULARY education

Complete the crossword puzzle.

Clues across →

- 2 The opposite of a *public* school
- 4 University graduates have a ____
- 5 A teacher who has lots of rules is ____.
- 6 A school for children 1–3 years old
- 8 A person whose job is to teach in a school
- 10 The study of numbers
- 16 A mark on an exam or course
- 17 A school after elementary school
- 19 You can go to a language school to ____
to speak French
- 20 The study of computers is usually called
“computer science” or “____ technology.”
- 21 Another name for a test

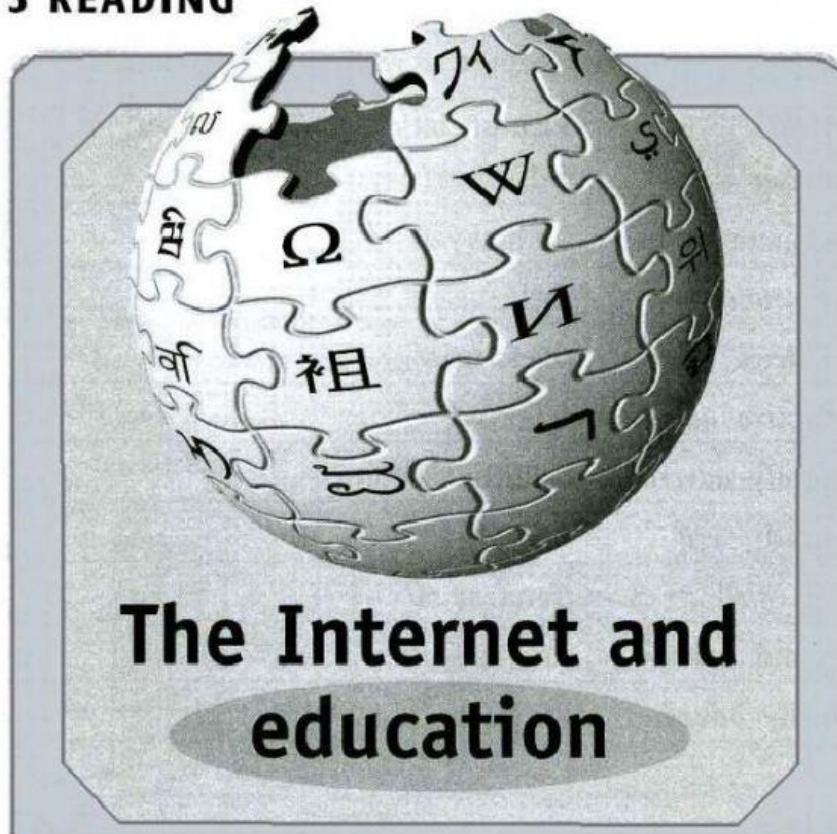


Clues down ↓

- 1 To study for an exam
- 3 After an exam, you get the ____.
- 7 A period of time in a school year
- 9 A subject that studies chemical elements
- 11 The days and times of classes

- 12 For example, to copy answers on a test from another student
- 13 The study of novels, plays, and poetry
- 14 A way of controlling students' behavior
- 15 The director of a school
- 18 The opposite of *pass* (a test)

3 READING



Until quite recently Silicon Valley and its innovations had little effect on teaching and learning. But with the rise of the Internet, information technology is now beginning to have much more influence on education. Two areas that are becoming more and more significant are “blogs” and “wikis.”

The word “blog” is short for “weblog.” A *blog* is an online diary or “log” of someone’s life, thoughts, or opinions. Anybody can create their own blog and blogging is becoming extremely popular. Type “blog” into Google and you’ll get over 500 million hits. For educational purposes, scholars, teachers, and students create blogs as personal online study sites: places to work together and share information and ideas. Some universities even give their students and staff free space on a server to start their own blogs.

“Wikis” are websites where anyone can add content and make changes so that the site becomes a group creation. “Wiki” stands for ‘**W**hat **I** **K**now **I**s.’ These sites can be a valuable source of information and opinion for students. However, the information may not be totally accurate and some scholars refuse to use them. Perhaps the best-known wiki is the online encyclopedia Wikipedia, which has more than one million entries in over 100 languages. Wikipedia is working hard to make sure that its information is completely accurate so that students will be able to use it with confidence. There’s no doubt that it is an incredible resource.

a Read the article and find the answers to these questions as quickly as you can.

1 Is information technology more or less important in education than before?

more

2 Where does the word “blog” come from?

3 What is a “blog”? _____

4 What are blogs used for at universities?

5 What does “wiki” mean?

6 Who puts the information on this kind of website?

7 Why do students need to be careful if they use “wikis” when they study?

8 What is Wikipedia? _____

4 GRAMMAR first conditional and future time clauses + *when, until, etc.*

a Match the sentence halves.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 She won't pass her exams | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 I'll have to go to a new school | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 She won't start elementary school | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 I think I'll go on vacation | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 As soon as I get home, | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 Her parents will get her a present | <input type="checkbox"/> |

- a after I finish my exams.
- b if she gets good grades.
- c I'm going to do my homework.
- d unless she studies more.
- e until she's five years old.
- f when my parents move to San Diego.

b Circle the correct answers.

- 1 He'll study history at the university if / until he gets good grades.
- 2 She won't start the class as soon as / until all the students are quiet.
- 3 I'll probably talk to my adviser before / if I choose my subjects for the next year.

- 4 We'll have to wear a uniform **when** / **after** we go to a private school.
- 5 I won't leave early **unless** / **if** the teacher gives me permission.
- 6 She'll do her homework **if** / **as soon** as she gets home.
- 7 He'll be really disappointed **if** / **unless** he fails his exams.
- 8 She won't go to high school **until** / **as soon** as she's 14 years old.

c Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in parentheses. Use the simple present or future (*will* / *won't*).

- 1 If I don't write the date on my calendar, I 'll forget it. (not write, forget)
- 2 _____ you _____ the exam again if you _____ it? (take, fail)
- 3 I _____ my homework as soon as this program _____. (do, end)
- 4 Unless her grades _____ very good, she _____ study medicine. (be, not be able to)
- 5 He _____ home until he _____ from high school. (not leave, graduate)
- 6 When I _____ the test results, I _____ you immediately. (get, call)
- 7 I _____ and see you before I _____ to Korea. (come, go)

- 8 We _____ late unless we _____.
(be, hurry up)
- 9 Until I _____ to my adviser I _____
what subjects I'm doing. (speak, not know)
- 10 You _____ the test if you _____ your
notes. (not pass, not review)

More Words to Learn

Write translations and try to remember the words.

Word	Pronunciation	Translation
<u>ad</u> viser <i>noun</i>	/əd'vaɪzər/	
beh <u>av</u> ior <i>noun</i>	/bɪ'heɪvɪər/	
bell <i>noun</i>	/bɛl/	
caf <u>e</u> teria <i>noun</i>	/kæfə'tɪrɪə/	
eff <u>e</u> ctive <i>adjective</i>	/ɪ'fɛktɪv/	
sl <u>igh</u> tly <i>adverb</i>	/'slaɪtli/	
<u>p</u> unish <i>verb</i>	/'pʌnɪʃ/	
first of all	/fɜrst əv ɔl/	
<u>s</u> econd <i>adverb</i>	/'sɛkənd/	
<u>f</u> inally <i>adverb</i>	/'faɪnəli/	