

FINAL TEST

PART 1: LISTENING

Task 1: Listen to the passage and fill in each blank with a word to complete the sentences.

People in my (1)..... often have three meals a day: breakfast, lunch and dinner. For breakfast, we usually have pho or eel soup with bread. Sometimes we have instant noodles or xoi (sticky rice). Lunch often starts at (2).....a.m. Most of us have lunch at home. We often have rice, fish, meat, and vegetables. Dinner is the main meal of the day. It's also the time when family members (3)..... at home, so it takes a bit longer than the other meals. It often starts at around 7:30 p.m. We usually have rice with a lot of fresh vegetables and (4)..... or meat. We normally talk about everyday activities during the meal. Then we have some fruit and green tea. I think the food in my area is fabulous. It's very healthy and (5).....

Task 2. Listen and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

1. Street painting began

- A. in the 16th century B. in the 6th century C. in 1994 D. in 1999

2. At a street painting event, you can

- A. sell a painting B. buy a painting C. talk to artists D. become an artist

3. Today, you can see street painting everywhere.

- A. museums B. events C. fairs D. organizations

4. The Lake Worth Street Painting Festival happens.....

- A only sometimes B. every week C. every month D. every year

5. About.....artists take part in the Lake Worth Street painting Festival.

- A. 100,000 B. 600 C. 60 D. 16

PART 2 . LANGUAGE (2.0 points)

1.Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently from that of the others.

- A. chicken B. architect C. cheat D. chair

2. Choose the word that has different stress pattern.

- A. performance B. history C. difference D. orchestra

*** Choose the best answers A, B and C**

3.Can you pass me the? I want to paint a picture.

- A.microphone B. camera C. paintbrush D. crayon

4. We are going to thethis afternoon to see an interesting film.

- A.theatre B. cinema C. museum D. supermarket

5. How cheese do we need to make a cheese cake? ~ About 250 grams.

- A. few B. many C. much D. little

6. May I have some more sugar, please? The lemonade is too

- A. sweet B. sour C. spicy D. fragrant

7. You don't need to take.....food on the trip.

A. a B. some C. any D. the

8. Alan:Huan: Pho, bun cha, bun bo, banh mi, com tam, etc.

A. What Vietnamese food should I try? B. What's your favourite drink?

C. How do you cook Vietnamese food? D. How much food do you like?

9. His Jacket is almost the same colourmine.

A. with B. as C. to D. for

10. Water puppetry began the 11th century.

A. in B. on C. at D. from

I. Read and choose the correct answers to complete the passage.

Breakfast is the (1) _____ important meal of the day. It provides the nutrients your body needs for good health, the calories it needs for (2) _____ and helps to maintain your blood sugar level. Studies have shown that people who don't have breakfast have a low blood sugar level and are often slow, tired, hungry and (3) _____ to concentrate. Surprisingly, breakfast actually plays a part in weight control. It's easier to (4) _____ weight if you eat in the morning rather than later in the day. Dividing the day's calories (5) _____ three meals helps take off weight more efficiently than serving breakfast and having two larger meals a day does.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|------------|
| 1. A. healthy | B. tasty | C. main | D. most |
| 2. A. strength | B. power | C. energy | D. effort |
| 3. A. able | B. enable | C. unable | D. capable |
| 4. A. lose | B. put | C. gain | D. drop |
| 5. A. in | B. into | C. up | D. for |

II. Choose the correct answers.

Vietnamese food culture varies by regions from the north to the south. In Northern Vietnam, food is characterized by light and balanced. Northern Vietnam is seen to be the cradle of Vietnamese cuisine with many notable dishes like Pho, Bun Rieu, Bun Thang, Bun Cha, BanhCuon, etc. Then, food culture in Northern Vietnam became popular in Central and Southern Vietnam with suitable flavors in each regions. The regional cuisine of Central Vietnam is famous for its spicy food. Hue cuisine is typical Central Vietnam's food culture. Food in the region is often used with chili peppers and shrimp sauces, namely, Bun Bo Hue, BanhKhoai, BanhBeo, etc. In Southern Vietnam, the warm weather and fertile soil create an ideal condition for planting a variety of fruit, vegetables and livestock. Thus, food in the region is often added with garlic, shallots and fresh herbs. Particularly, Southerners are favored of sugar; they add sugar in almost dishes. Some signature dishes from Southern Vietnam include BanhKhot and Bun Mam.

1. It is considered that Vietnamese cuisine _____.

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| A. originated from the North | B. became more and more popular |
| C. always combines taste and colour | D. can be found only in Northern Vietnam |

2. What are the features of Northern Vietnamese food?

- A. It's delicious and healthy. B. It's sweet and sour.
 C. It's light and balanced. D. It's a bit fatty and salty.
3. Hue cuisine is notable for its _____.
 A. colorful food B. spicy taste C. bitter taste D. light flavor
4. In Southern Vietnam, _____.
 A. the warm weather makes it hard to plant fruit and vegetables
 B. fresh herbs are always used in cooking
 C. people love sweet food
 D. sugar is often added to dishes
5. Which of the followings is NOT true?
 A. Food in Vietnam changes region to region.
 B. Southerners do not like northern food due to its light flavor.
 C. Chill peppers and shrimp sauces are among the frequently used ingredients.
 D. Bun Bo Hue is a typical dish of the Central Vietnam cuisine.

PART 4: WRITING (2.0 points)

I. Choose the part that needs correcting by circling A, B, C or D then correct it

1. How much eggs do we need?
 2. This painting is not more valuable as the Mona Lisa.

II. Put the words in the correct order.

1. difficult/ as/ Playing/ is/ piano/ guitar/ playing/ as/.

 2. How/ apples/ does/ many/ Nam/ need?

III. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

1. David is more artistic than Nick. (**not as**)
 →
 2. The second version of the play is not different from the first. (**like**)
 →

IV. Write the sentences with the words provided.

1. How much/ sugar/ we/ buy/ yesterday ?

 2. My room/ be/ different/ my brother's room.

 3. Duong's father/ draw/ animals/ good/ than/ Duong.

 4. I/ think/ the Temple of Literature/ be/ as/ old/ Quan Thanh Temple.

===== *The end* =====