

Vocabulary and grammar review **Unit 1**

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences below with words and phrases from the box.

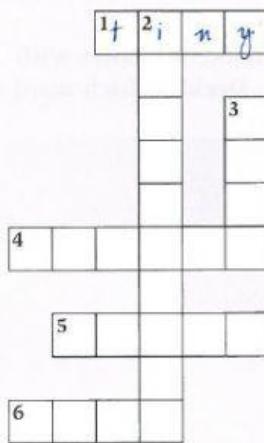
city centre country mountains outskirts sea suburbs

- 1 Feodor is keen on climbing and he would love to live in the mountains.
- 2 Khaled lives in the , just near the main square and next to the central station.
- 3 Leila takes a bus to get to college from her home on the of the city.
- 4 Hua was born and brought up in the , surrounded by fields and farms.
- 5 I don't really live in the city; I live in a village nearby, so I suppose I live in the
- 6 Piau's father was a fisherman, so he has always lived by the

2 Match the phrases on the left (1-8) with phrases on the right (a-h) which express similar ideas.

1 crowded streets		a Everyone is in a rush.
2 fast public transport		b The local population is very welcoming.
3 friendly inhabitants		c The pavements are full of people.
4 lots to do		d quiet way of life
5 people in a hurry		e is known for
6 spectacular scenery		f There are wonderful views from the hotel.
7 has a reputation for		g The underground will take you rapidly where you want to go.
8 a relaxed lifestyle		h There are plenty of interesting places to visit.

3 Complete the sentences using adjectives that fit the crossword grid.



- 1 Students in this city tend to share tiny flats, so their living conditions are very crowded.
- 2 Fatma comes from a large, city with lots of factories and smoke.
- 3 Neighbours who live by the main road often complain about the traffic noise.
- 4 It's such a village that it attracts plenty of tourists.
- 5 Raul's house is in a suburb with a low crime rate.
- 6 Chen lives on the 15th floor of a apartment block.

Grammar

4 Complete these sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets: present simple or present continuous.

- 1 The number of medical students at my university is rising (*rise*).
- 2 Sayed (*enjoy*) playing football when he (*have*) time.
- 3 Walid (*live*) in Qatar, where he was born, but he (*work*) in Dubai almost every day.
- 4 Nowadays, more and more people (*leave*) the villages to work in the city.
- 5 Katya (*study*) English because she (*want*) to be a flight attendant.
- 6 People's reading habits (*change*) because they (*read*) more on the Internet and fewer books.

Vocabulary and grammar review Unit 2

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences below with the words in the box.

able can how know learn

- 1 I ... can ... swim quite well.
- 2 I'd like to be to fly a plane.
- 3 I don't how to cook well.
- 4 I want to to paint.
- 5 Once you've learned, you never forget to ride a bicycle.

2 Match the words in *italics* in sentences 1–8 with their definitions (a–h).

- 1 His friends found his behaviour *unacceptable*. g
- 2 The examiners were *satisfied* that he had a good knowledge of the subject.
- 3 Scientists decided to *re-examine* the evidence, as it did not completely match their theory.
- 4 The Moon approaches *exceptionally* close to the Earth every 19 years.
- 5 Although he's highly intelligent, his behaviour is *inexplicable*.
- 6 The colours were *indistinguishable* at such a great distance.
- 7 It was impossible to *quantify* how many people used the new service.
- 8 Paganini was perhaps the best *violinist* of all time.

- a impossible to see as different or separate
- b look again very carefully, especially to try to discover something
- c measure the amount of something
- d pleased because something happened in the way that they wanted
- e so strange or unusual that you cannot understand or explain it
- f someone who plays a violin
- g too bad to be allowed to continue
- h very unusually

Grammar

3 Complete these sentences with the past simple of the verbs in brackets.

- 1 The town council built (*build*) a bridge across the river to the island.
- 2 Mahfouz (*write*) more than 15 books during his life.
- 3 In my country, many people (*stop*) smoking when the price of cigarettes (*go*) up.
- 4 In this region, most people (*speak*) the local language a hundred years ago.
- 5 In 2004, the company (*develop*) a new technique using digital technology.
- 6 The change (*happen*) because more immigrants (*arrive*) in the country.
- 7 The storm which (*occur*) at the end of January (*destroy*) several houses.
- 8 The number of students in higher education (*rise*) until 2003 and then (*fall*) the following year.

4 Complete these sentences with *also*, *and*, *but* or *however*.

- 1 The journey was long and complicated.
- 2 Few students look forward to doing exams, they realise they are necessary.
- 3 Many people travel to see new places. They want to experience other cultures.
- 4 Marco Polo travelled to Persia then he travelled to China.
- 5 Visitors to this region are often surprised that the inhabitants are poor happy.
- 6 Working with children can be very challenging , it can be very satisfying as well.