

THE CHRISTIAN KINGDOMS

After reading pages 88 and 89, answer the following questions:

1. Drag the people to the descriptions.

miller

blacksmith

artisan

monk

peasant

lord

soldier

_____ : a noble who lived in the castle and ruled the land.

_____ : a member of the clergy who lived in a monastery and copied books.

_____ : an artisan who ground wheat to make flour in a mill.

_____ : a person who defended the lands.

_____ : a person who made products, such as flour, tools or metal objects.

_____ : an artisan who made metal objects, such as horseshoes.

_____ : a person who worked on the land, growing crops or raising animals.

2. Unscramble the words and label the photos.

dehtrcala

aternmyso

liml

setacl



3. Order the words to write sentences about the Christian Kingdoms.

a) the / were / groups / the / clergy / nobles / in / and / society / peasants / three

b) wasn't / people / there / very / everything / much / they / so / produced / needed / trade

c) Its / each / language / own / kingdom / had

4. What jobs did people have in the Christian kingdoms?

They were , , or .

5. The Muslims weren't defeated at the Battle of Covadonga. Is it true or false?

TRUE ✓

FALSE ✗

6. The Kingdom of Asturias became the Kingdom of León. Is it true or false?

TRUE ✓

FALSE ✗

7. Most people in the Christian kingdoms lived in big cities.

TRUE ✓

FALSE ✗

8. Choose between "Christian kingdoms" or "al-Andalus".

Christian kingdoms

al-Andalus

- a) In this society, monks spent their time translating and copying important books.
- b) In this society, people were governed by lords who lived in castles. Soldiers defended the lord's lands from invaders.
- c) In this society, people traded at the souk. They bought and sold things like silk and pottery.
- d) In this society, the ruler was called caliph. Sometimes he was represented by an emir.
- e) In this society, people were divided into three groups: the clergy, nobles and peasants.