

WHAT CAUSES ECOLOGICAL IMBALANCE? _ TEST 7

1. Complete



| STEP 1 | STEP 2 | STEP 3 | STEP 4 |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Rain → more grass → | | | |

2. Complete:

_____ refers to a state of stability in an ecosystem: all of the _____ species coexist and _____ with other species and with the _____ causing few changes. However, several different _____ can disrupt the _____ of an ecosystem.

3. Classify

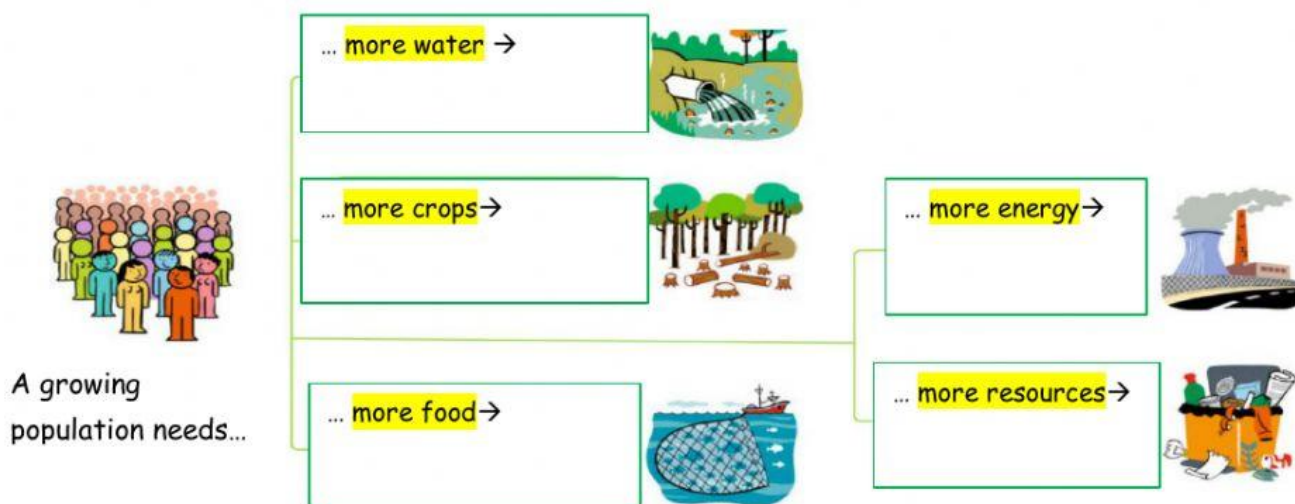
| | | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Parakeets in Seville are... | | Earthquakes, volcanic eruptions or tsunamis | |
| This breaks the food chains and food webs. | | Invasive species causes | |
| They can have a serious impact on the natural landscape. | | Locust (langosta) | |
| They are one of the biggest threats to biodiversity. | | It can affect the populations of other animals and plants. | |
| They cause greater damage to agriculture, forestry, fishing and human health. | | Mount Vesuvius eruption | |

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4. Complete

Human activities, like the production of _____, the demand for _____ and the production of _____, use a lot of _____ today. They also cause air, land and water _____ and have a serious impact on _____.

5. Complete:



6. Complete

| | |
|--|--|
| Catching fish faster than they can reproduce reduces the number of species. | |
| Energy production from fossil fuels and industrial activities damage the air and water. | |
| We cut down forests to grow crops for the growing human population. This destroys plants and animal life. | |
| The human population is growing by 200.000 people every day. The Earth and its resources are not infinite. | |
| It also causes global warming. | |

Well done!

