

GRADE 6 - UNIT 4 – PRACTISE 3

PART A: PHONETICS: I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>f</u> ilm | B. <u>c</u> ity | C. <u>n</u> ice | D. <u>p</u> olice |
| 2. A. <u>b</u> ig | B. <u>w</u> ide | C. <u>q</u> uite | D. <u>e</u> xciting |
| 3. A. <u>c</u> heap | B. <u>s</u> leepy | C. <u>n</u> ear | D. <u>p</u> eaceful |
| 4. A. <u>h</u> avy | B. <u>s</u> ea | C. <u>t</u> eam | D. <u>s</u> treet |
| 5. A. <u>n</u> oisy | B. <u>e</u> xpensive | C. <u>h</u> ouse | D. <u>p</u> ost |

II. Put the word into the correct column according to the underlined part.

<u>s</u> lim	<u>t</u> in	<u>t</u> een	<u>m</u> ilk	<u>m</u> eal	<u>b</u> uilding	<u>h</u> istoric	<u>p</u> eaceful	<u>b</u> usy
<u>e</u> xpensive	<u>l</u> ive	<u>l</u> eave	<u>s</u> it	<u>s</u> eat	<u>r</u> ead	<u>v</u> illage	<u>r</u> iver	<u>s</u> ea
<u>s</u> ee	<u>b</u> each	<u>c</u> ity	<u>s</u> treet	<u>c</u> onvenient	<u>d</u> ifficult	<u>t</u> hing		

/i:/: teen

/ɪ/:

PART B: VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Complete the sentences with the comparative form of the adjectives in brackets.

- Which river is _____, the Red River or the Mekong River? (long)
- Which country is _____, China or Viet Nam? (big)
- Which animals are _____, dogs or dolphins? (intelligent)
- Which animals are _____, cats or horses? (fast)
- Which is _____, water or oil? (heavy)
- Which month in Viet Nam is _____, October or December? (cold)
- Which language is _____, Chinese or English? (difficult)
- Which city is _____, London or Rome? (old)
- Which city is _____, New York or Paris? (big)
- Which mountain is _____, Mount Everest or Mount Fuji? (high)

II. Complete the sentences with the correct comparative form of the words in the box.

<i>friendly</i>	<i>useful</i>	<i>important</i>	<i>cold</i>	<i>crowded</i>	<i>bad</i>
	<i>high</i>	<i>exciting</i>	<i>thin</i>	<i>narrow</i>	

1. In Canada, January is March.
2. I think that good health ismoney.
3. You lookHave you lost weight?
4. I couldn't get a seat in the restaurant. It was usual.
5. Mountains arehills.
6. I think that people who live in villages are people in big cities.
7. My exam results were I expected.
8. I think New York is Houston.
9. These trousers are too wide. Do you have any that are
10. I like my new dictionary. It is the last one

III. Fill each gap of the following sentences with a suitable preposition (điền giới từ).

1. Are you interested history?
2. Is she good English?
3. I agree you about that.
4. The beef is on the tablethe eggs and the fish..
5. My father always goes to work car.
6. I'm looking chocolates
7. She wants a sandwich and a glass lemon juice her lunch.
8. Come me. We need some cold drinks

IV. Each of the following sentences has one mistake. Identify and correct the mistakes.

1. Ba often does his homeworks in the evening.
2. They aren't go to bed at 9 o'clock.
3. My sister is over there. She stands near the window.
4. Her garden is big. It's a garden big.
5. Which language is difficul, English or Chinese?

6. My father never have lunch at home.
7. Summer is hotter than winter.
8. Do you know how many teachers does your school have?
9. People in the countryside is friendlier than in the city.
10. Would you like any sugar? – Yes, please

Choose the correct option A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

1. My father works _____ a factory.
A. on B. in C. with D. by
2. Which shirt is _____, this one or that one?
A. cheap B. the cheapest C. cheaper D. more cheap
3. There are 25 boys in my class. Son is _____
A. the youngest B. younger C. young D. the most young
4. I live _____ 26 Tran Hung Dao Street.
A. in B. on C. at D. from
5. Lan is _____ at English than my sister.
A. good B. better C. beat D. the best
6. My new house is _____ than other one.
A. more convenient B. convenient C. the convenient D. most convenient
7. I usually go swimming in the afternoon after school. I think swimming is _____ than other sports.
A. exciting B. the most exciting C. excited D. more exciting
8. I live _____ Da Nang City. I love it very much.
A. at B. on C. in D. near
9. My father always makes all the members in my family laugh. He is _____ than my mother.
A. funnier B. fun C. the funny D. funny
10. These cases are _____ than mine. I couldn't help you.
A. heavy B. heavier C. heavily D. more heavy
11. I like English _____ French.
A. better than B. more C. less D. gooder than
12. The town was nearer _____ we thought it would be.
A. then B. that C. as D. than
13. The economic conditions today are _____ they were in the past.
A. much better than B. much more good C. much better D. the best than
14. My car is _____ yours.
A. more fast and economical than B. more fast and more economical than
C. faster and economical as D. faster and more economical than
15. Of the two sisters, Linda _____.
A. is beautiful B. the most beautiful C. is more beautiful D. is so beautiful as
16. The lab is _____ from the bus stop than the library.
A. far B. farther C. further D. B and C
17. _____ me to Bo Ly Pagoda with you?
A. Do you take B. Are you take C. You take D. Will you take
18. _____ nice the weather is!
A. What B. How C. Which D. Who
19. This book _____ to me. It's his.

- A. doesn't belong B. belongs not C. not belongs D. isn't belong
20. Our father swims _____ we do
A. good B. well C. more well D. better
21. When we are free, we always help our Mum _____ the housework.
A. for B. with C. done D. about
22. Mai is _____ than her sister.
A. prettier B. pretty C. prettiest D. more prettier
23. "How about _____ me a hand? _____ Sure, I'd be glad to help".
A. to giving B. give C. giving D. you giving
24. I don't feel very _____. I think I'll have to see the doctor.
A. strong B. healthy C. good D. well
25. David's exam results are _____ than Nick's.
A. good B. well C. better D. important
26. Janet is not happy because her results in the competition are _____ than her sister's.
A. bad B. good C. better D. worse
27. _____ people own motorbikes now than ten years ago.
A. Many B. Much C. More D. Some
28. This type of car is _____ economical than that type.
A. more B. much C. many D. as
29. _____ go past the traffic lights, and _____ turn left.
A. First - than B. First - then C. Then - first D. Finally - then
30. London, the capital city of England, is a _____ city with many old buildings, and beautiful parks.
A. history B. historic C. largest D. larger

PART B: READING: I. Choose the word which best fits each gap.

Newquay is small town (1) _____ the Atlantic coast in the south of England. It has got great beaches and is the (2) _____ place to surf in the UK. In Newquay, there are lots of other things to do as (3) _____ as surfing. If you like water sports, you can go kayaking, water-skiing or coasteering. Coasteering is different because it is rock climbing, jumping into the sea and swimming in the same activity, but you (4) _____ always go with a special instructor. If you like animals you can also visit the Blue Reef Aquarium and (5) _____ a lot of different fish and even sharks. You can also go (6) _____ on the beach or visit Newquay Zoo. Come and see for yourself.

1. A. in B. on C. at D. to
2. A. good B. better C. best D. goodest
3. A. well B. much C. soon D. far
4. A. shall B. may C. could D. should
5. A. see B. like C. get D. look
6. A. horse ride B. horse riding C. riding horse d D. ride horse

II. Read the passage and decide whether the statements are true (T) or false (F).

I live in a wonderful neighbourhood. It is quiet but very convenient. There is a grocery store; I go there when I want to buy something quick to prepare. Also, there are other shops such as a bakery, two restaurants, and a bookstore. I am very satisfied of having a bookstore in my neighbourhood because I love reading books. Near my house, there is a small park. It's a place where people meet and socialize. My father and I go jogging around the park every morning. My neighbourhood is great but there are no schools nearby. The hospital is also far away, but in general it is a nice place to live.

1. The neighbourhood is very noisy.
2. There are no restaurants in the neighbourhood.

3. The school is far away from the neighbourhood.
4. The writer doesn't want a bookstore in his neighbourhood.
5. You can buy food in the grocery store.
6. There is a large park in the neighbourhood.
7. The writer likes to live in his neighbourhood.

PART D: WRITING: I. Complete the second sentence so that It means the same as the first sentence.

1. Shall we go to the Japanese Covered Bridge first?

=> **Let's**

2. Helen's brother is shorter than her.

=> **Helen**

3. Travelling abroad for a holiday is much more expensive than travelling in your country.

=> **Travelling in your country**

4. Country life isn't as interesting as city life.

=> **City life is**

5. Would you mind telling me the way to the National Museum?

=> **Can**

6. The bus stop is in front of the hotel.

=> **The hotel**

7. Turn left at the first traffic lights.

=> **Take**

8. The weather yesterday was worse than it is today.

=> **The weather today is**

9. There are three supermarkets in my town.

=> **My town**

10. The shopping mall is near the Italian restaurant.

=> **The Italian restaurant isn't**

II. Rewrite the sentence so that it contains the word in capitals.

1. How about playing volleyball for a change? (SHALL)

=>

2. Do you want to go for lunch now? (WOULD)

=>

3. Can you tell me the way to the nearest post office? (HOW)

=>

4. The first question in the test was easier than the second one. (DIFFICULT)

=>

5. I expected my exam results to be better. (THAN)

=>

6. The bookstore is at the side of the grocery store. (NEXT)

=>

7. Dave doesn't earn as much money as his wife. (MORE)

=>

8. Could you close that window, please? (MIND)

=>

9. The sun is hotter than the moon. (COLD)

=>