

Tukšos kvadrātiņos noliec koeficientus.

Zem katra reakcijas vienādojuma uzraksti tās veidu:

savienošanās, sadalīšanās vai aizvietošanās.

|                                                                 |                                                                          |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $\text{AgCl} = \text{Ag} + \text{Cl}_2$                         | $\text{N}_2 + \text{Li} = \text{Li}_3\text{N}$                           |
| $\text{N}_2 + \text{O}_2 = \text{NO}$                           | $\text{P} + \text{S} = \text{P}_2\text{S}_3$                             |
| $\text{Fe} + \text{Br}_2 = \text{FeBr}_3$                       | $\text{KClO}_3 = \text{KCl} + \text{O}_2$                                |
| $\text{Zn} + \text{O}_2 \rightarrow \text{ZnO}$                 | $\text{Fe} + \text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow \text{FeCl}_3$                      |
| $\text{Mg} + \text{HCl} \rightarrow \text{MgCl}_2 + \text{H}_2$ | $\text{Al(OH)}_3 \rightarrow \text{Al}_2\text{O}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ |