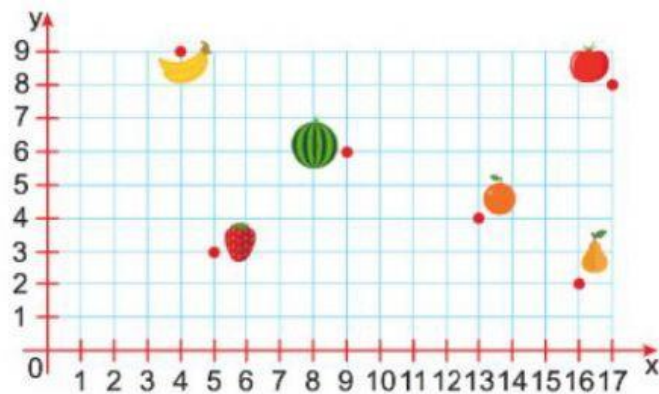


Ubicación de un punto en el plano cartesiano

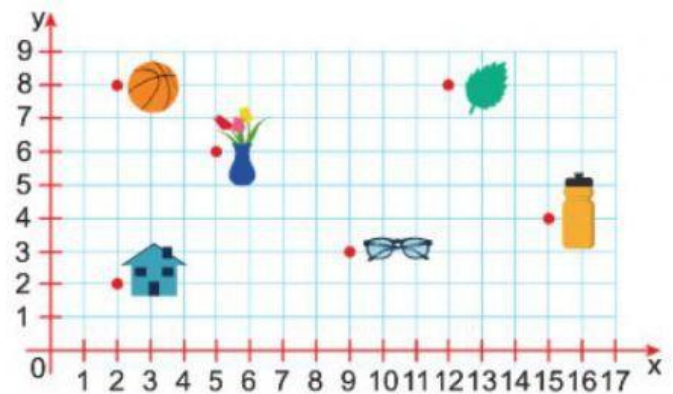
Determina la ubicación de cada objeto en los planos cartesianos.

a)



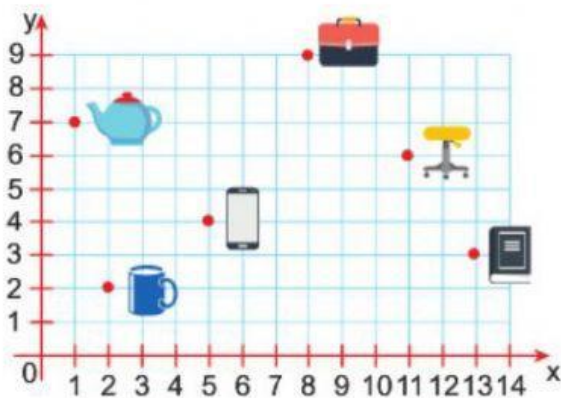
(4; 9)	(5; 3)	(;)
(;)	(;)	(;)

b)



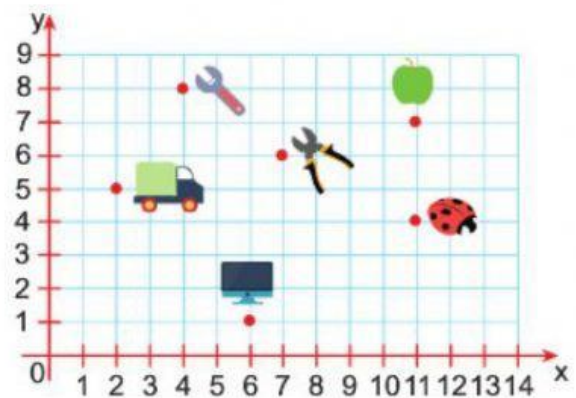
(;)	(;)	(;)
(;)	(;)	(;)

c)



(;)	(;)
(;)	(;)
(;)	(;)

d)



(;)	(;)
(;)	(;)
(;)	(;)