

UNIT 6

THE FIRST UNIVERSITY IN VIET NAM

A. PHONETICS

I. Put the words into the correct column according to the underlined part.

joke	<u>chicken</u>	watch <u>ch</u>	college	<u>chea</u> p	<u>cello</u>
question	juice	july	sandwich	giraffe	garage
engine	exhaust <u>ion</u>	gymnastic	natural	enjoy	furniture
language	stat <u>ue</u>				

/dʒ/	/tʃ/

II. Underline the words with the sound /tʃ/. Circle the words with the sound /dʒ/.

1. My teacher told a joke about his natural village.
2. Soldiers are marching on the streets.
3. Enjoy your lunch!
4. There's some orange juice in the fridge.
5. I have a sandwich, a chocolate bar and some jam. Which one do you choose?

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Write the name in English of some historic places in Vietnam.

1.  Van Mieu _____
2.  Chua Huong _____
3.  Chua Mot Cot _____
4.  Den Hung _____



5. Hoang Thanh Hue _____



6. Khue Van Cac _____

II. Fill in each blank with a suitable word.

1. The Imperial _____ was built by Emperor Ly Nhan Tong.
2. The _____ of Literature was founded in 1070.
3. QuocTuGiam, the first _____ of Vietnam, was established in 1076.
4. The 82 Doctors' stone _____ were recognised by UNESCO in 2010.
5. In 2003, four _____ of Ly Thanh Tong, Ly Nhan Tong, Le Thanh Tong and Chu Van An were built.
6. In the centre of the third courtyard is the ThienQuang _____.
7. The teachers of the Imperial Academy were very famous _____.
8. Tourists can see many beautiful Cham _____ in BinhDinh Province.

III. Complete the passage using the past participle of the verbs in the box.

destroy build (2) locate name surround consider rename

XuanHuong Lake is (1) _____ in the center of Dalat City. It is (2) _____ the most charming lake of the foggy land.

In 1919 and 1923, two dams were (3) _____ on a branch of Cam Ly River to create two small lakes. Unfortunately, during a severe storm in 1932, both dams were (4) _____. Between 1934 and 1935, a larger dam was (5) _____ of boulders below the sites of the two previous dams to create one large lake. At first, the dam was (6) _____ Grand Lac (large lake) by the French, but in 1953 it was (7) _____ XuanHuong Lake to dedicate to XuanHuong, a famous Vietnamese poetess in the 19th century. The lake is fully (8) _____ by pine forests, meadows and flower gardens.

IV. Use the prompts to write sentences, putting the verbs in the present simple passive.

1. Cheese/ make/ from milk.

2. The Temple/ visit/ thousands of people/ every year.

3. Toyota cars/ produce/ Toyota Motor Corporation.

4. German/ also/ speak/ at EU meetings.

5. Most newspapers/ print/ on recycled paper.

6. The Imperial Academy/ consider/ the first university in Viet Nam.

7. Three millilitres of water/ add/ to the mixture.

8. The letters/ deliver/ the postman/ at 8 o'clock.

V. Complete the sentences using the past simple passive form of the verbs in brackets.

1. The Temple of Literature _____ (construct) in 1070 under Ly Thanh Tong's dynasty.
2. The statues _____ (build) by the Ha Noi People's Committee in 2003.
3. The Doctors' stone tablets _____ (recognise) by UNESCO in 2010.
4. The construction of Tu Duc Tomb _____ (complete) in 1876.
5. The students of the Imperial Academy _____ (select) from regional examinations.
6. Originally, the Po Nagar tower _____ (make) of wood in order to worship Goddess Po Nagar.
7. Between 1442 and 1779, eighty-one exams _____ (hold) by the Le dynasty.
8. Chu Van An _____ (bear) in Van Thon village, Thanh Dam district.

VI. Complete the sentences with the passive form of the verbs in the box.

locate	erect	celebrate	recognise	build
write	surround	display	regard	reconstruct

1. Lunar New Year _____ in January or February.

2. The Taj Mahal _____ in the 17th century.

3. The Independence Palace _____ on Nam Ky Khoi Nghia Street.

4. The novel *Oliver Twist* _____ by Charles Dickens.

5. In 2000, Ha Long Bay _____ by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site.

6. Many precious relics _____ in the Temple of Literature.

7. The first Doctors' Stone Tablets _____ in 1484.

8. Many old buildings in the Temple of Literature _____ in 1999.

9. Van Mieu _____ by three main roads of Hanoi.

10. The three Ivory Cham Towers _____ as one of the best Cham tower complexes in Vietnam.

VII. Rewrite the sentences in passive voice.

1. People use the Internet all over the world.

2. Did the police find the missing girl?

3. Large numbers of tourists visit these tourist attractions annually.

4. They built Po Nagar Cham Towers to honour the goddess Po Nagar.

5. Tourists don't visit this museum very often.

6. She bought all this cheese in France.

7. They didn't invite me to their New Year party.

8. Do they sell mineral water in plastic bottles?

9. People consider the Imperial Academy the first university in Vietnam.

10. When did UNESCO recognise Ha Long Bay as a World Heritage Site?

VIII. Choose the best answer a, b, c, or d to complete each sentence.

1. British author George Orwell _____ the novel *Animal Farm*.
a. writes b. wrote c. is written d. was written
2. My passport _____ last year while I was on vacation.
a. stole b. has stolen c. was steal d. was stolen
3. Breakfast _____ in this hotel until 7a.m.
a. served b. didn't serve c. isn't served d. isn't serving
4. Most email accounts at my company _____ by virus two days ago.
a. affected b. were affected c. was affected d. are affected
5. Someone _____ this mirror last night.
a. breaks b. is broken c. broke d. was broken
6. Look at this beautiful lace! Where _____?
a. was it made b. does it make c. did it make d. is it made
7. The school _____ two examinations every year.
a. holds b. held c. is held d. was held
8. The Temple of Literature _____ in 1070 by Emperor LyThanh Tong.
a. found b. has founded c. was found d. was founded
9. The committee _____ a public transportation proposal.
a. consider b. is considering c. considered d. was considered
10. Everybody _____ by the terrible news yesterday.
a. shocked b. has shocked c. was shocked d. were shocked

IX. Fill in each blank with a suitable preposition.

1. We are preparing _____ a trip to the Temple of Literature.
2. She's very keen to learn _____ Japanese culture.
3. The Temple of Literature was built _____ Ly Thanh Tong's dynasty.
4. What do you plan to take _____ you on the trip?
5. The Imperial Academy was regarded _____ the first university in Vietnam.
6. The Po Nagar Tower Complex consisted _____ six towers.
7. The One Pillar Pagoda was built _____ the year 1049.
8. The 82 Doctors' stone tablets were recognised _____ UNESCO.
9. Thong Nhat Palace is located _____ 106 Nguyen Du Street, District 1.
10. Khue Van Pavilion is the symbol _____ Hanoi.

C. SPEAKING

I. Make questions for the underlined parts.

Mai: (1) _____

Huan: Yes, I've been to the Temple of Literature twice.

Mai: (2) _____

Huan: I last went to the Temple of Literature in 2017.

Mai: (3) _____

Huan: The Temple of Literature is located on Van Mieu Street.

Mai: (4) _____

Huan: The Temple was founded by Emperor Ly Thanh Tong.

Mai: (5) _____

Huan: No, not in 1076. It was built in 1070.

Mai: (6) _____

Huan: The Imperial Academy was established in 1076.

Mai: (7) _____

Huan: Chu Van An was the first principal of the Imperial Academy.

Mai: (8) _____

Huan: There are 82 Doctors' Stone Tablets in the Temple of Literature.

II. Put the dialogue into the correct order.

- ___ I'm going to the Temple of Literature and the Imperial Academy first.
- ___ The mausoleum might be closed for maintenance sometimes so check before you go.
- ___ It sounds very interesting! Have a good trip.
- 1 Hi, you look quite busy. What are you doing?
- ___ Ok, I will. In the evening, I'll walk round HoanKiem Lake and enjoy Trang Ten ice cream.
- ___ Wow! What is your plan?
- ___ I'm making a plan for my trip to Hanoi.
- ___ Then I'm going to visit Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum and Ba Dinh Square.

— Oh, I see. It's a famous historic and cultural place in Hanoi.

— Yes, sure. Thank you.

D. READING

I. Fill in each blank with a word from the box.

destroyed	temples	statues	worship
as	located	about	until

(1) _____ in the mountainous border DuyXuyenDistrict of Quang Nam Province, My Son Sanctuary is Viet Nam's most important site of the ancient kingdom of Champa.

My Son is a complex of Hindu (2) _____ that were constructed by the Champa kingdom, which ruled the Central and Southern part of Vietnam, from the 3rd century (3)

_____ 1832. The first temples of My Son were constructed with wood during the 4th century. After they were (4) _____ by fire, the kings of the Champa kingdom decided to build the next structures with red bricks. The Cham people used the temples as a (5) _____ place, and also buried some of their kings there. Although the majority of the ruins were destroyed, and some (6) _____ of the gods are missing, there are still some impressive ancient decorations that survived the bombing: snakes, elephants, scenes of battles, and priests.

Recognized (7) _____ a Cultural Heritage site by UNESCO in 1999, My Son is an attractive destination for tourists to visit and learn (8) _____ the culture, history, and architecture of Champa Ancient Kingdom.

II. Read the text carefully, then do the tasks.

The Temple of Literature (Van Mieu) was constructed in 1070 under the reign of King LyThanh Tong. The temple was originally dedicated to Confucius as well as other scholars and sages. Six year later, the Imperial Academy (QuocTuGiam), Vietnam's first university, was founded by King Ly Nhan Tong on the grounds of the temple. Initially, the Imperial Academy was the school for princes and sons from royal families and then expanded to admit brilliant students from all over the country. In 1484 Emperor Le Thanh Tong ordered the erection of the first stone tablets that were carved with the names, places of birth and achievements of doctors. The university operated for more than 700 years, from 1076 to 1779.

Nowadays, the Temple of Literature – Imperial Academy (Van Mieu - QuocTuGiam) is one of the most famous historic and cultural heritages of Vietnam. And the Doctors' stone tablets were recognised by UNESCO as World Documentary Heritage in 2010.

* Decide whether the following statements are true (T) or false (F).

1. The Temple of Literature was built to honour Confucius.
2. The Imperial Academy was founded in 1070.
3. The Imperial Academy was established within the Temple of Literature.
4. The Imperial Academy was originally established to educate students from all over the country.
5. The first Doctors' stone tablets were erected under the Le Dynasty.
6. The Temple of Literature was recognised by UNESCO as World Heritage.

* **Answer the questions.**

7. When was the Imperial Academy founded?

8. How long did the Imperial Academy operate as a university?

E. WRITING

I. Write sentences from the cues given.

1. The Temple of Literature/ build/ the year 1070.

2. There/ four tall pillars/ front/ the Temple of Literature.

3. The Doctors' stone tablets/ erect/1484/ Emperor Le Thanh Tong.

4. The Imperial Academy/ consider/ the first university/ Vietnam.

5. ThienQuang Well/ locate/ the middle/ the third courtyard.

6. 2010/ the 82 Doctor's stone tablets/ recognize/ UNESCO/ a Memory of the World.

7. Chu Van An/ regard/ one of the most famous teacher/ the Imperial Academy

8. Lots of souvenirs/ sell/ inside the Temple of Literature.

II. Write the second sentence so that it has the same meaning to the first one.

1. Thousands of people visit the Temple of Literature every day.

→ The Temple of Literature _____

2. In 1484, King Le Thanh Tong ordered the construction of 116 stelae.

→ The construction _____

3. You should take warm clothes because it's very cold in Sa Pa.

→ You had _____

4. Do you want to visit Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum first?

→ Would you _____

5. It's not necessary to book a hotel In advance.

→ You don't _____

6. It's a good idea to rent a bike or motorbike to travel around the city.

→ You _____

7. Let's pay a visit to Huong Pagoda.

→ Why don't _____

8. Khue Van Pavilion was chosen as the official symbol for Vietnam's capital Hanoi.

→ They

TEST FOR UNIT 6

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. a. <u>pagoda</u>	b. <u>blanket</u>	c. <u>academy</u>	d. <u>tablet</u>
2. a. <u>children</u>	b. <u>scholar</u>	c. <u>teacher</u>	d. <u>lunch</u>
3. a. <u>question</u>	b. <u>nation</u>	c. <u>education</u>	d. <u>recognition</u>
4. a. <u>visited</u>	b. <u>founded</u>	c. <u>decided</u>	d. <u>developed</u>
5. a. <u>heritage</u>	b. <u>historic</u>	c. <u>recognise</u>	d. <u>literature</u>

II. Complete the sentence with a suitable word.

1. The Temple of Literature was _____ in 1070.
2. Thong Nhat _____ is a landmark in Ho Chi Minh City.
3. Ha Long Bay was recognised by UNESCO as a World _____ Site.
4. Khue Van Pavilion was chosen as the _____ of Hanoi.
5. The Imperial Academy was regarded as the _____ university in Viet Nam.
6. The One Pillar _____ was built in 1049.
7. Chu Van An was _____ in 1292 in Van Thon Village.
8. Tran Quoc Pagoda is _____ at the southeastern shore of West Lake.

III. Choose the best answer a, b, c, or d to complete the sentence.

10. ‘_____ to Hanoi?’ ‘Yes, I went there last year.’

- a. Were you ever
- b. Have you ever been
- c. Did you ever go
- d. Were you ever gone

IV. Write the correct form or tense of the verbs in brackets.

1. Glastonbury festival _____ (organise) every year in the village of Pilton, England.
2. In 1076, King Ly Nhan Tong _____ (build) the Imperial Academy as the first university of Vietnam.
3. The first temples of My Son Sanctuary _____ (make) of wood in the 4th century.
4. An altar to Chu Van An _____ (set) up in the Temple of Literature.
5. We _____ (not do) any practice tests yet so I’m not sure what they’re like.
6. Wait a minute, he _____ (speak) to someone on his mobile.
7. Many different languages _____ (speak) in Canada.
8. The Imperial City of Hue can _____ (divide) into two main parts.
9. You’d better _____ (rent) a bike if you want to travel around.
10. I don’t want to go to Huong Pagoda. How about _____ (visit) Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum?

V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets.

1. One Pillar Pagoda is a major tourist _____ in Hanoi. (attract)
2. Imperial citadel of Thang Long is a _____ complex built during the Ly Dynasty. (culture)
3. King Ly Nhan Tong was the _____ of the Imperial Academy. (found)
4. In 1484, King Le Thanh Tong ordered the _____ of the first Doctors’ stone tablets. (erect)
5. The Imperial Academy was opened to educate _____ students from all over the country. (talent)
6. The circle and square of the pavilion _____ the heaven and the earth. (symbol)
7. The 82 Doctors’ stone tablets have recently received _____ as a National Treasure. (recognise)
8. Tourists like to visit _____ monuments such as Ho Chi Minh Mausoleum and the Temple of Literature. (history)

VI. There is one mistake in each sentence. Underline and correct the mistake.

1. Khue Van Pavilion is regarded by the symbol of Ha Noi.
2. Today, the Temple was considered one of the most popular tourist attractions.
3. I haven’t ever been to Hanoi before.
4. The students were not interested in history because it was bored.
5. Tourists should add the Temple of Literature to their visit list in Hanoi.
6. You’d better to take your raincoat because it’s going to rain.
7. The Doctors’ stone tablets was first erected by King Le Thanh Tong.
8. The Imperial City of Hue was finally complete under the reign of King Minh Mang.