*Вы услышите четыре коротких текста, обозначенных буквами **A, B, C, D**.*
*В заданиях **1–4** запишите в поле ответа цифру **1**, **2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

The participants of the drawing contest are free to choose ...

Прослушать аудиозапись

1) any theme for their picture.

2) any drawing tools.

3) any place to sit.

Jessica needs to decide ...

1) what birthday present to buy.

2) what to wear to a party.

3) where to spend the holiday.

Why does Linda have to be in the medical centre?

1) She wants to support a member of her family.

2) She has to see a doctor for her stomach ache.

3) She needs to visit a dentist for an annual check-up.

Kate and Fred are going to ... at the coming weekend.

1) see the city aquarium

2) learn more about the history of the city

3) take a boat for a sea voyage

A	B	C	D

LIVEWORKSHEETS

*Вы готовите тематическую радиопередачу с высказываниями пяти разных людей, обозначенных буквами **A**, **B**, **C**, **D**, **E**. Подберите к каждому высказыванию соответствующую его содержанию рубрику из списка **1–6**. Используйте каждую рубрику из списка только один раз. В списке есть **одна лишняя рубрика**. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

1. It was eventful
2. It was delicious
3. It was life-changing
4. It was surprising
5. It was terrible
6. It was challenging

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E

*Вы помогаете своему другу, юному радиожурналисту, проанализировать подготовленное им для передачи интервью. Прослушайте аудиозапись интервью и занесите данные в таблицу. Вы можете вписать **не более одного слова** (без артиклей) из прозвучавшего текста. Числа необходимо записывать буквами. Вы услышите запись дважды.*

Age of the respondent	_____ years old

Current job	_____

Regular sports activity	_____

Country of birth	_____

LIVEWORKSHEETS

Favourite style of music	_____

Hobby	_____

*Вы проводите информационный поиск в ходе выполнения проектной работы. Определите, в каком из текстов **A–F** содержатся ответы на интересующие Вас вопросы **1–7**. Один из вопросов останется без ответа. Занесите Ваши ответы в таблицу.*

1. Which place in London keeps a message for future generations?
2. Which place in London is good to watch sports and buy related goods?
3. How long does it take to raise the famous bridge for a ship?
4. How does a fairytale character help real people of London?
5. Which London bridge got a nickname after its reconstruction?
6. What is the most visited tourist attraction in London?
7. What were the false buildings in London made for?

A. Tower Bridge, which is over a hundred years old, has become a symbol of London. It is the only bridge on the Thames that can be raised and lowered to allow ships to pass. Nowadays it takes only 90 seconds for the heavy drawbridges to be pulled up with electric motors. It is considered that watching the Tower Bridge opening brings good luck.

B. Waterloo Bridge is a foot traffic bridge crossing the River Thames in London. It was opened in 1817, on the second anniversary of the famous battle. A century later, in the early 1940s, the famous Bridge needed to be rebuilt. It was during World War II, and most men were away fighting. So the bridge was rebuilt mainly by women. The new Waterloo Bridge was opened in 1945 and got a second name, the 'Ladies Bridge'.

C. Wembley Stadium is a football stadium located in Wembley Park, London. The stadium is home not only to football. It also hosts concerts, rugby games and American football games. There is Wembley Market not far from the stadium. Unlike many London street markets, this one is situated in an open space. A visit here is a good option for football fans to find club T-shirts, boots or accessories.

D. 23 and 24 Leinster Gardens in Paddington (just opposite Hyde Park) are fake houses built to hide the Tube line running underneath. The windows are painted on, there are no letter boxes, and behind the facade there is a railway. The first London underground trains were steam trains so

LIVEWORKSHEETS

they needed ventilation. Underground lines were planned with tunnels and open-air sections so the trains could let out their steam and smoke, and that is what the house facades are hiding.

E. Great Ormond Street Hospital, which is situated at Russell Square, London, owns the copyright to *Peter Pan*, a story written by J.M. Barrie. The author had no children himself and gifted the rights to his famous literary pieces to the hospital in 1929. The hospital receives royalties from all films, cartoons and performances of Peter Pan. All the money is used to run the hospital.

F. Cleopatra's Needle was brought to London in 1819 from Alexandria, the royal city of Cleopatra. Underneath Cleopatra's Needle there's a time capsule from 1778. It keeps information about 18th century life. It contains copies of the Bible in several languages, a portrait of Queen Victoria, a set of British coins, cigars, a razor, a map of London, copies of 10 daily newspapers and pictures of the 12 best-looking English women of the day.

Запишите в таблицу выбранные цифры под соответствующими буквами.

A	B	C	D	E	F

*Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений **13–19** соответствуют содержанию текста (**1 – True**), какие не соответствуют (**2 – False**) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (**3 – Not stated**). Запишите в поле ответа цифру **1, 2** или **3**, соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.*

Glastonbury Festival

Glastonbury Festival is one of the largest open air music and artfestivals in the world. It became an example which other festivals followed. Of course, Glastonbury is best known for modern music, but its programme also includes dance, comedy, theatre, circus and other arts.

The festival organiser, Michael Eavis, was a common farmer. In 1970 he visited an open air concert which greatly impressed him. So he decided to organise a big festival outdoors in the same year. He knew, it wouldn't bring any money, but it didn't matter. At the first festival there were more than one thousand people. Each of them paid £1 for the ticket. The price also included free milk from the farm. Later on, the festival took place almost every year and grew in size and audience.

The festival takes place in southwest England on a farm. It's a beautiful and mystical place called the *Valley of Avalon*. It is surrounded with a lot of legends, symbols, myths, and religious traditions dating back many hundreds of years. Legends say that here King Arthur's sword was made and the king himself was buried there. No wonder that the main stage of the festival, Pyramid Stage, has the form of a pyramid. Many believe that this is a very powerful structure, which gets energy from the stars and gives it to people.

In many ways, Glastonbury is like a mix of different festivals, which take place in the countryside and last for a weekend. Each area of the festival has its own character, its own fans and its own special attractions. For example, dance lovers go to the *Dance Village*. There is also a big cinema area, *Theatre*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

and Circus. Children can have fun in the *Kids' Field*. Some people spend the whole weekend in their favourite area. However, most of them prefer walking about and trying lots of different things.

Most people who stay at Glastonbury Festival live in tents. There are lots of different camping areas, each one with its own atmosphere. You can choose where to stay: in a quiet place or a lively one. There are also places for families and disabled people. Anyway, you should remember to bring a tent with you. Of course, it's possible to rent one, but it's quite expensive.

Glastonbury Festival supports Greenpeace and has a number of programmes. There are hundreds of rubbish bins on the territory. All cans, glass, paper, electrical and electronic equipment, wood and waste are separated and recycled. Visitors are asked to clean after themselves and not to leave rubbish. The festival supports those who come by public transport or by bicycle, not by car.

If you're thinking about visiting Glastonbury, you should book tickets in advance. Today an average ticket is about £200 for three days which is quite expensive. Nevertheless the tickets are sold out in two or three hours. So be quick to catch them. There are usually more people wishing to get to the festival than tickets.

Michael Eavis was fond of country music.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Michael Eavis started the festival to earn money.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Nowadays Glastonbury festival is held in King Arthur's museum.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Famous musicians and singers take part in Glastonbury Festival.

LIVEWORKSHEETS

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

During the festival all the visitors stay in the nearby country inns.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

Glastonbury Festival is an environmentally-friendly event.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

It's recommended to reserve tickets to Glastonbury Festival beforehand.

1) True

2) False

3) Not stated

13	14	15	16	17	18	19

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **20–28**, так, чтобы они грамматически*

LIVEWORKSHEETS

соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию ***20–28****.*

Michael could not imagine his life without computers. His parents _____ him his first computer at the age of six. BUY

It took _____ several days to learn how to use it.	HE

His mum said that younger people were much _____ than adults at learning computer skills.	FAST

That was probably true – most _____ in Michael's class were very competent computer users.	CHILD

Michael was really surprised to find out that the first personal computer _____ in the 70s of the last century. INVENT

"And how did you chat or send your e-mails without computers?" he asked his mother.

She smiled: "We _____ each other e-mails. And there were no networks." NOT SEND

She also said that it _____ fun to communicate face-to-face, to play out-of-doors and to visit friends' homes.	BE

LIVEWORKSHEETS

"But if there _____ no computers, I wouldn't be able to communicate with my friends who live far away from me," Michael replied.	BE

"True. Technological progress is a great thing," his mother said. "And I think people _____ even more amazing communication devices in the near future."	CREATE

*Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами **29–34** так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию **29–34**.*

The 5th of November is Guy Fawkes Night. This holiday is also known as Bonfire Night as lighting bonfires is an essential part of the _____.	CELEBRATE

_____, it's one of the favourite holidays for children – they simply can't miss the firework display.	NATURAL

Most parents allow their children to stay outdoors till late at night. It would be _____ to make them stay at home when the sky is lit up with colours.	FAIR

However, children should never be left on their own - bonfires and fireworks are potentially _____.	DANGER

Emergency reports say the number of people needing medical care increases on this night. Some of them are _____ with fire.	CARE

In spite of the excitement, the children may also catch a cold on this November night. Warm jumpers, coats and gloves are more _____ than ever.	USE

LIVEWORKSHEETS