

Complete Subjects and Complete Predicate

RULES

- The subject part of a sentence tells what the subject is about. The complete subject includes all the words in the subject. The predicate part of a sentence tells what the subject does or is. The complete predicate includes all the words in the predicate.

Example: My cousin Ramon visits us next week.
complete subject complete predicate

Remember to look for the verb.

There are also verbs. is can will are

Choose the complete subject or complete predicate for the underlined part of the sentences.

1. Ramon travels to many countries for his job.

complete subject complete predicate

2. My mother will meet him at the airport.

complete subject complete predicate

3. He sometimes stays at our home.

complete subject complete predicate

4. Ramon brought us presents from Holland last year.

complete subject complete predicate

5. My family enjoys hearing about Ramon's adventures.

complete subject complete predicate

6. My cousin's favorite place is the Galapagos Islands.

complete subject complete predicate

7. The islands are in the Pacific Ocean.

complete subject complete predicate

8. Giant tortoises are found only on the Galapagos Islands. Complete Subject:

complete subject complete predicate

9. These big reptiles can live to be 100 years old. Complete Predicate

10. Marine iguanas make their home on these islands, too. Complete Subject:

complete subject complete predicate