

## TERRESTRIAL ECOSYSTEMS \_ TEST 4

### 1. Complete:

Most terrestrial ecosystems have these characteristics in common

- There is an abundance of \_\_\_\_\_.
- There is not much \_\_\_\_\_.
- \_\_\_\_\_ vary greatly between day and night and between the \_\_\_\_\_.

Terrestrial ecosystems vary depending on \_\_\_\_\_:  
higher places are \_\_\_\_\_.

### 2. Complete:

|  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|
| Trees can't grow here because of the low temperatures.                 |  | Evergreen forest characteristic of the Iberian peninsula.                  |  |
| Today many ___ are industrial or residential areas.                    |  | Deciduous trees  |  |
| Trees have needle-shaped leaves to survive the low temperatures.       |  | An urban ecosystem.  |  |
| Animal life similar to holm oak forest.                                |  | Animal life is very varied: fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals. |  |
| Animal life: squirrels, rabbits, foxes, owls, eagles, crows and trout. |  | People here generate a large amount of waste.                              |  |
| Evergreen trees well-adapted to drought in the summer.                 |  | Animal life: some small mammals, large vultures and crows.                 |  |
| Many of these areas are now farmland.                                  |  | Only grasses and shrubs can survive.                                       |  |
| Food has to come from outside.   |  | The trees can grow to 40 metres tall.                                      |  |
| Wooded area of land next to a body of water.                           |  | In the past people grew crops and grazed livestock here.                   |  |

Well done!

