EDUCATION SYSTEM IN THE CZECH REPUBLIC

After reading the text below answer the following questions.

1.	How long is the compulsory education in the Czech Republic?				
2.	Why do children attend preschool education?				
3.	Can parents choose any elementary school for their children?				
4.	What types of secondary schools can a person attend? How do they differ?				
5.	5. Are there any limitations for people who have special needs?				
6. What is the maturita final exam? What does it consist of?					
7. What do you need to fulfil to get into a Czech university?					
8.	3. How long can a person study?				
Put the words below into the right gap.					
classification		compulsory	elementary	encourage	end
1	ogically	nine	secondary	tradition	types
The Czech education system is based on a long beginning in 1774, when compulsory					
school attendance was instituted. The current literacy rate in the country is above 99%.					
Children start with preschool, and continue on to elementary, secondary, university, and post-					
graduate education. The system used in the Czech school system consists of a scale					
from 1 (best) to 5 (worst) that is used to evaluate the students' work. Report cards (summary					
classifications) are given for each subject halfway through and at the of the school year.					
Children have to enter preschool at least one year before they begin elementary					
education. Preschool enrolment is guaranteed for children in their last year before entering					
elementary school, but they often attend as early as 3 years of age. Preschool institutions are intended					
to	ea	rly learning habits a	nd facilitate social c	ontact among peers	s, both of which are
instrumental for a child's smooth transition to elementary school. In cooperation with parents and					





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exam. This measure was implemented in an effort to ______ (poskytnout) better comparability of the final examinations across different schools. University education is ______ (dostupné) to all applicants with a completed secondary education (i.e. maturita) who successfully pass the entrance exam. The system of entrance exams is designed specifically by each individual college, and

serves for testing the knowledge and _____ (dovednosti) of applicants.



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Rearrange these paragraphs into the right order.

Besides standard types of study, colleges also offer other forms of education, including retraining study, university for seniors, studies oriented toward pedagogical qualification, and others. Study at public universities is free, provided that students qualify through entrance exams. However, after age 26 the attendant will no longer be eligible for student status under state social services and will not receive student benefits including health insurance while he/she studies.

A master's degree consists of either a five or six-year study program, or as a two-year program following the completion of a bachelor's degree. In obtaining a master's degree, students gain both a basic survey of highly specialized subjects and a certain grade of specialization. The program culminates with students taking required state final exams and defending their thesis. Finally, an engineering degree can also be obtained, which pertains mainly to technical and economic fields.

Tertiary or university education, includes all studies following the completion of primary and secondary education with a successful final examination. Most universities offer accredited bachelor's, master's, and engineering degrees.

After students pass these types of university studies, some continue their specialization through doctoral programs. Passing this program is often conditioned with certain published work and sometimes also by training. In college, students can study either in attendance form, distance form, or a combination of both.

A bachelor's degree is usually a three-year course of study in which students receive an elementary survey of highly specialized areas. Students can either leave their studies after these three years, or they can complete it by means of a final exam including the defence of a bachelor's thesis, or may continue on to the master's program, where they can achieve a narrower specialization.

