

I. Write the past simple form of the following verbs.

Infinitive	Past	Infinitive	Past
be	_____	find	_____
use	_____	fall	_____
light	_____	escape	_____
make	_____	graze	_____
fit	_____	lose	_____
go	_____	choose	_____
appear	_____	come	_____
hold	_____	break	_____

II. Complete the sentences, using the past simple of the suitable verbs in part I.

Ex: A lion escaped from its cage yesterday morning.

- A light _____ at the end of the road.
- The sheep _____ peacefully in the fields.
- He _____ a fire in the living room.
- They _____ an Autumn Fashion Show three months ago.
- I _____ my keys on the way home this afternoon.
- The Americans _____ Mr. Bush as President.
- We _____ home and _____ her asleep on the sofa.
- She _____ over and _____ her leg.
- We _____ on a school trip to a museum.
- She _____ me a beautiful dress for my birthday party.

III. Complete these sentences with *used to* or *didn't use to*.

Ex: I used to go swimming (go swimming) but now I don't go swimming any more.

- My father gave up smoking two years ago. He _____ (smoke) a packet of cigarettes a day.
- There _____ (be) a movie theater here but it closed a long time ago.
- Mr. An _____ (not drink) coffee when he was young but he like it now.
- Peter _____ (have) a motorbike, but last month he sold it and bought a car.
- I _____ (not like) her but we are best friends now.
- They came to live in the city last year. They _____ (live) in a small village in the country.
- My sister _____ (play) tennis a lot but she doesn't play very often now.
- When I was a child I _____ (not study) hard.

IV. Complete the dialogue. Put in *used to* with the verb.

Mrs. Bell is a hundred years old. She is the oldest person in the village. A radio reporter is interviewing her.

Mrs. Bell : I've always lived in the village, but not always in this house.

Reporter : (1) _____ (Where/ you/ live?)

Mrs. Bell : When I was a girl, (2) _____ (we/ live) at Apple Tree Farm.

Reporter : But life was hard, wasn't it?

Mrs. Bell : Oh, yes. Things (3) _____ (be) different from the way they are now. In those days (4) _____ (we/ not/ have) electricity.

Reporter : And (5) _____ (you/ help) with the farm work?

Mrs. Bell : Yes, (6) _____ (I/ look) after the hens.

Reporter : What did you do in the evenings?

Mrs. Bell : After dinner, (7) _____ (we/ gather) round my grandfather to listen to his stories. At the time, (8) _____ (we/ have) few games to play.

V. Put the verb into the correct form, positive or negative.

Ex: I was very tired, so I went (go) to bed early.

Mrs. Trang didn't go (go) to work yesterday. She wasn't feeling well.

1. It stopped raining, so I _____ (take) off my raincoat.
2. The novel wasn't very interesting. I _____ (enjoy) it very much.
3. We went to Kate's house but she _____ (be) at home.
4. She was in a hurry, so she _____ (have) time to phone you.
5. The story was very funny but nobody _____ (laugh)
6. Tom was very hungry. He _____ (eat) like a horse.
7. The room was so cold, therefore we _____ (sleep) well.
8. It was hard work carrying the bags. They _____ (be) very heavy.
9. The window was open and a bird _____ (fly) into the room.
10. It was very hot, so I _____ (turn) on the air-conditioner.

VI. Put the verb in the correct form.

1. Lisa _____ to work yesterday. She wasn't feeling well. (not/ go)
2. It _____ very much in summer. (not/ rain)
3. Most people _____ to swim when they are child. (learn)
4. Listen to those people. What language _____? (they/ talk)
5. The moon _____ round the earth in about 27 days. (go)
6. Wolfgang A. Mozart _____ more than 600 pieces of music. (write)
7. We used _____ in a small village, but now we _____ in London. (live)
8. That bag looks heavy. I _____ you with it. (help)
9. It's her birthday. She _____ a meal with her friends. (have)
10. The letter _____ a few days ago. (come)

VII. Complete the sentences with prepositions of time: *in, at, on, after, before, between.*

Ex: I'll see you in the evening.

1. Mozart was born _____ Salzburg _____ 1756.
2. What do you usually do _____ Sunday? ~ We often go for long walks in the country _____ weekends.
3. They got married _____ 21 April 2002.
4. I'm usually free _____ 8 pm and 10 pm.
5. The course begins _____ 12 May and ends sometime _____ August.
6. She doesn't like travelling _____ night.
7. I'll leave _____ 7 o'clock, so you should call me _____ 7.
8. My English class finishes _____ 7.30. Let's meet _____ 7.30.
9. Do you give each other presents _____ Christmas?
10. There are usually a lot of parties _____ New Year's Eve.

VIII. Write questions of the conversation. Use the cue words in brackets.

Nam is asking Ba about his recent holiday.

Nam: Where did you go? (where/ go?)

Ba : I went to Nha Trang.

Nam: (1) _____ (go/ alone?)

Ba : No, I didn't. I went with my parents.

Nam: (2) _____ (how/ travel?)

Ba : We travelled by train.

Nam: (3) _____ (how long/ stay there?)

Ba : We stayed there for a week.

Nam: (4) _____ (stay/ at a hotel?)

Ba : Yes, we did. We stayed at Thang Loi Hotel.

Nam: (5) _____ (what/ do/ morning?)

Ba : In the early mornings, I went to the beach to swim and sunbathe.

Nam: (6) _____ (the weather/ fine?)

Ba : Yes. The weather was fine in the morning, but sometimes it rained in the evening.

Nam: (7) _____ (food/ good?)

Ba : Yes. The food was delicious, especially sea food. But they were quite expensive.

Nam: (8) _____ (buy/ souvenirs/ Nha Trang?)

Ba : Yes, I did. I bought some gifts for you and our friends.

Nam: (9) _____ (tired/ the trip?)

Ba : No, I wasn't. I had a great time.