

## UNIT 1

## MY NEW SCHOOL

## I. Choose the word having the underlined part pronounced differently in each line.

1. A. <u>homework</u>	B. <u>judo</u>	C. <u>compass</u>	D. <u>overseas</u>
2. A. <u>show</u>	B. <u>snow</u>	C. <u>bowl</u>	D. <u>now</u>
3. A. <u>notebook</u>	B. <u>love</u>	C. <u>above</u>	D. <u>Monday</u>
4. A. <u>activity</u>	B. <u>creative</u>	C. <u>continuous</u>	D. <u>international</u>
5. A. <u>surround</u>	B. <u>counting</u>	C. <u>country</u>	D. <u>about</u>

## II. Single-underline all the words having sounds /əʊ/ and double-underline the words having sound /ʌ/ in the following talk.



Duong: Hello, Frankie. Come here.

Frankie: What is it, Duong?

Duong: Look out of the window. It's great fun.

Frankie: No, I'm going to sleep.

Duong: Don't go to sleep. Look at the snow.

Frankie: Snow? But it's only October.

Duong: Come over the window. There's some snow.

Frankie: You're joking. There's no snow, I know.

Duong: OK, Frankie. I'll put on a coat and go out and make snowballs ...

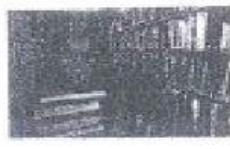
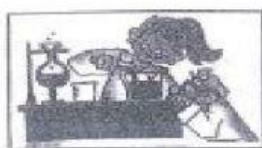
**III. Write the names of these things under the pictures.**  
*Example:*



1. ....

2. ....

3. ....



4. ....

5. ....

6. ....

**IV. Put the verbs in brackets in the present simple tense.**

**At a Physics Lesson**



At the Physics lesson the teacher (1. ask) \_\_\_\_\_ the children about the influence of heat and cold on the body.

"Heat (2. make) \_\_\_\_\_ thing bigger and cold (3. make) \_\_\_\_\_ things smaller", answers a boy.

"Quite right", (4. say) \_\_\_\_\_ the teacher. "Can you (5. give) \_\_\_\_\_ an example".

"In summer, when it's hot, the days (6. be) \_\_\_\_\_ longer, but in winter, when it's cold, the days (7. be) \_\_\_\_\_ shorter, (8. answer) \_\_\_\_\_ the boy.

**V. Use the correct tense of the verbs in brackets to complete the sentences.**

1. We (have) ..... English lessons on Tuesday and Friday.

2. - Where is Phong?  
- I think he (read) ..... in the library.
3. Chau usually (listen) ..... to the teacher in class, but she is not listening now; she (look) ..... out of the window.
4. If the pupils do well at school, they (receive) ..... scholarships.

5. Who (play) ..... music upstairs? It's really noisy.
6. It (start) ..... raining on our way home, but luckily I had my umbrella in my bag.
7. I wasn't sure of the answer, so I (guess) ..... and I (be) ..... right!
8. I (do) ..... my exercise now, but I can come and help you later.

**VI. Choose the correct answer A, B, C, or D to finish the sentences.**

1. - " \_\_\_\_\_ class are you in?" - "Class 6B."  
A. Which      B. Where      C. When      D. Whose
2. In many schools in Vietnam students have to wear a \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. clothing      B. suit      C. uniform      D. coat
3. Trung: "Why do you think most people learn English?"  
Phong: " \_\_\_\_\_. "  
A. All of them are      B. I hear it is very good  
C. Because it's useful to them      D. Because I like it
4. When my friend misses the lessons, I always \_\_\_\_\_ him my notes.  
A. takes      B. send      C. borrow      D. lend
5. That is the laboratory \_\_\_\_\_. we do all our experiments.  
A. which      B. where      C. when      D. that
6. I'm absolutely no good at all \_\_\_\_\_. any kind of sport.  
A. with      B. on      C. at      D. for
7. - "How's your class this year?"  
- "Great. \_\_\_\_\_. forty-seven students, and they are good friends."  
A. It's      B. They're      C. There's      D. There're
8. It is necessary for students to listen to their teacher \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. attentive      B. attentively      C. attention      D attending

9. Children will work hard if the lessons are \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. nice      B. pleasant      C. disappointing      D. interesting

10. I'm always nervous when I'm \_\_\_\_\_ an exam.  
A. taking      B. making      C. working      D. writing

**VII. Complete each of the sentences by using the correct form of a verb in each gap.**

*Example: - How do you spell your name, please?  
- H-I-E-N.*

1. Sometimes we \_\_\_\_\_ a dictation in English.
2. Mick does not do very well in the class because he doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ hard.
3. I'm sorry I cannot \_\_\_\_\_ any musical instruments.
4. The science teacher always sets a lot of homework for us to \_\_\_\_\_.
5. You are old enough to \_\_\_\_\_ after yourself; Don't ask your parents to \_\_\_\_\_ everything for you.
6. The teacher says that I \_\_\_\_\_ only a few mistakes in my writing this time.
7. - "Would you \_\_\_\_\_ something to drink, Linh?"  
- "No, thanks."
8. Dave \_\_\_\_\_ overweight, but he doesn't like it when his classmates \_\_\_\_\_ him "Fatty".

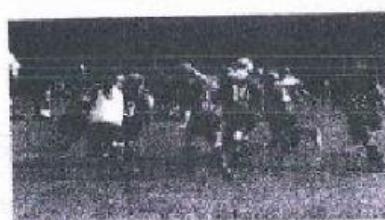
### VIII. Fill each blank with a word to finish the passage.

My name is Hoa. I'm in the sixth (1) ..... at Nguyen Binh Khiem Secondary School. I like to learn Mathematics because it (2) ..... me to develop my thinking. I spend much of my time (3) ..... Maths exercises. I often (4) ..... mark 9 and 10 in Maths tests. I don't (5) ..... English because remembering English words and structures (6) ..... very difficult for me. But I think I have to work harder at English. My teacher encourages me a lot. She (7) ..... me some English books, and she shows me how to remember words better. I hope that my (8) ..... will be better in the second semester.

### IX. Give the correct form of the word given to complete the sentences.

Example: Knowing English well is very (use) .....  
→ useful

1. Children look very (excite) ..... while playing games during break time.
2. The (long) ..... of the experiment is 20 minutes.
3. My aunt works as a (chemistry) ..... at a university.
4. Pupils are very interested in outside class (act) .....
5. Some people play sport to be (health) ....., not because they like it.
6. Sometimes we are bored and (sleep) ..... with his long lectures.
7. Students of our school are (friend) ..... with one another.
8. When foreigners talk to him, he can speak English (easy) ..... with them.
9. Be (care) .....! The ground is very wet and slippery.
10. I like the fried chicken in our school canteen: it's really (taste)



X. Read the passage and choose the correct answer for each question.



### School of the Air

Many of us may be surprised to hear the name "School of the air", but there are over ten of **them** in Australia. Alice Springs School of the Air is one of these in the Northern Territory. The school provides an educational services for about 120 children living in Central Australia.

Students of this school live far from each other, so they don't have normal lessons in classrooms, but they study at their homes. They get lessons from their teachers through post or e-mail. They have to work five or six hours a day, five days a week. They send their work to the teachers and discuss it over the Internet. They can borrow books from the school library, and the books arrive by post. They also take part in outside classroom activities such as sports and games.

1. Alice Springs School of the Air teaches children in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Central Australia  
B. Northern Australia  
C. all Australia
2. Students get their lessons from their teachers \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. through post or e-mail  
B. through TV network  
C. in classrooms
3. Which of the following is NOT true?  
A. Students don't have lessons at weekends.  
B. Students can read books in the library.  
C. Students can play sports and games.
4. The word "them" in the first paragraph refers to \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. many of us  
B. schools in general  
C. schools of the air
5. What is the passage mainly about?  
A. Schools in Australia  
B. A special kind of school

C. A good way of learning

**XI. Complete the second sentence so that it has similar meaning to the first sentence.**

1. Is there a computer room at your school?

Does .. ... ?

2. Both Maths and English are interesting to him.

He is ... ...

3. Hoa's school has more than 500 students.

There ... ...

4. Janet doesn't like watching sports on TV.

Janet is not keen ...

5. How much time do you spend learning English every day?

How long does ... ?

**XII. Write a paragraph of about 80 words on the advantages of wearing uniform to school, using the following, or/ and your own ideas.**

- students don't have to waste time choosing clothing before school
- no differences between rich and poor students
- good behaviour
- students feel proud of their school

**GAME: Try to find the names of eight school subjects in the box.**

C	H	D	B	J	L	I	T	E	R	A	T	U	R	E
G	O	F	A	T	O	P	H	D	K	Z	R	O	R	I
E	D	T	Y	T	M	U	S	C	I	E	N	C	E	S
O	U	J	P	M	H	G	E	O	L	O	T	H	Z	Q
G	O	O	J	A	C	E	N	G	L	I	S	H	I	R
R	R	L	R	T	T	A	M	U	W	Q	T	L	W	E
A	R	P	E	H	I	S	T	O	R	Y	A	T	Q	O
P	L	S	W	S	Y	K	R	S	T	J	R	E	P	H
H	G	W	G	W	G	W	E	S	L	I	L	R	L	N
Y	Q	E	F	B	I	O	L	G	C	W	C	A	J	F
A	D	S	L	F	G	J	W	O	R	I	E	T	T	R
S	S	T	W	V	E	V	R	P	H	Y	S	I	C	S
F	W	B	I	O	L	O	G	Y	H	Y	S	F	K	E