COLEGIO SAN JOSÉ
JESUITAAS – AREQUIPA NAME: _____

4D Grammar

Superlative adjectives, *too* and *enough*

I can use different structures to make comparisons.

1 Complete the facts with the superlative form of the adjectives in brackets and the correct answer, a, b or c.

1 The _____ (high) mountain in Europe is ☐.
a Elbrus **b** Everest **c** Kilimanjaro

2 The _____ (far) planet from the Sun is ☐.
a Earth **b** Mercury **c** Neptune

3 The _____ (deep) ocean is ☐.
a the Arctic **b** the Atlantic **c** the Pacific

4 The _____ (sunny) part of England is ☐.
a the north **b** the south **c** the centre

5 The _____ (polluted) city in the world is ☐.
a New York **b** New Orleans **c** New Delhi

6 The _____ (common) cause of a tsunami is ☐.
a an earthquake **b** a volcanic eruption **c** a storm

7 The country with the _____ (long) coast is ☐.
a Russia **b** China **c** Canada

8 The _____ (large) island in the world is ☐.
a Great Britain **b** Greenland **c** Iceland

9 The _____ (dry) continent in the world is ☐.
a Antarctica **b** Australia **c** Africa

2 Complete the sentences with the correct superlative form of the adjectives in brackets. Then circle *in* or *of*.

1 Birmingham is one of the _____ (large) cities in / of England.
2 Crocodiles are one of the _____ (dangerous) animals in / of the world.
3 The special effects are the _____ (bad) part in / of the film *Terminator 2*.
4 In Australia, the _____ (hot) month in / of the year is usually February.
5 The Dorchester is one of the _____ (expensive) hotels in / of London.

3 Rewrite the sentences using *too* or *enough* and the adjective in brackets. Do not change the meaning.

1 This game isn't easy enough for me. (difficult)
This game is too difficult for me.
2 We're too young to go on holiday alone. (old)
_____
3 This bed is too hard. (soft)
_____
4 This film isn't interesting enough. (boring)
_____
5 It isn't warm enough to go to the beach. (cold)
_____
6 His family were too poor to go on holiday. (rich)
_____



4 Complete the dialogue. Use *too* or *enough* with the adjective in brackets or the superlative form.

Kate Now we join Brett Simpson for the [1] _____ (late) news about the wildfires. Brett, what's happening?

Brett Well, the police aren't allowing us to get [2] _____ (close) to the fires, but I can feel the heat from here.

Kate How are the people in the area reacting? It isn't one of the [3] _____ (rich) parts of the country, is it?

Brett No, it isn't. Some people are [4] _____ (lucky) to have relatives in other cities, so they're leaving. But many are [5] _____ (old) or [6] _____ (ill) to travel. They're waiting and hoping.

Kate What's the [7] _____ (good) thing other people can do to help?

Brett Well, I asked the police that question. They said the [8] _____ (helpful) thing is to stay away from the area. Thousands of people are coming here just to have a look. This is one of the [9] _____ (big) and [10] _____ (spectacular) fires for decades. But these people are getting in the way of the emergency services and their work. And their job is [11] _____ (difficult) without that!

Kate What is the [12] _____ (likely) cause of the fire?

Brett It's [13] _____ (early) to say. Sometimes lightning can start a fire like this, if the trees are [14] _____ (dry). But of course, humans are the [15] _____ (probable) cause.

LIVEWORKSHEETS