

Name _____ Period _____

Family Life Cycle worksheet

Match the following words with their meanings.

- ✓ refers to a mother with school age children or younger that works out side the home.
- ✓ a composite family structure produced by the convergence of two previously unrelated nuclear families, each of which has lost a mother or a father through death or divorce. The convergence typically results from the remarriage of a divorced mother to a divorced father or of a widow to a widower, as in the "Brady Bunch" scenario, with siblings growing up with step-siblings in the same household. In a queer blended family the parents may or may not have been married.
- ✓ refers to grandparents that moving in with their grown adult children and their families.
- ✓ refer to grown children living at home longer or are returning to their parent's homes.
- ✓ refers to grandparent taking over the responsibilities of raising their grandchildren. Grandparents are returning to the role of parents.
- ✓ refers to a parent who cares for children without the assistance of another person in the home.
- ✓ refers to a couple that has decided to end their marriage legally.
- ✓ refers to couples that have no kids because of career commitments, fertility problems, or just because they enjoy their childless lifestyles, many couples are remaining Double Income.
- ✓ refers to couple having fewer children than previous years.
- ✓ refer to couples that have waited until they either have their education completed and/or are established in a job to have children.
- ✓ refers to young people that are not marrying or has decided to marrying later. This could be because of the economics of living without an adequate education or have found it difficult to rise to a higher socioeconomic level.
- ✓ refers to persons of the opposite sex sharing living quarters without the benefit of marriage.
- ✓ refer to people that never marry; others may live alone after their spouse dies; 60% of these people are women.

1. Living alone:

2. POSSLQS:

3. Marrying later in life:

4. Couples having children later in life:

5. Couples with fewer children:

6. Couples with no children:

7. Divorced adults:

8. Single-parent families:

9. Grandparents as caregivers:

10. Grown children moving back with their parents:

11. Grandparents living with families:

12. Blended families:

13. Working mothers: