

THEORY

QUESTION TAGS – USES

-A short question at the end of a statement

-Yes/no question for agreement or confirmation

You are a teacher, aren't you?

Peter isn't a teacher, is he?

QUESTION TAGS – TYPES

-Auxiliary

-Modal verb

-Form of the verb to be

You have studied, isn't you?

You must be healthy, mustn't you?

He is happy, isn't he?

QUESTION TAGS – INTONATION

-Rising

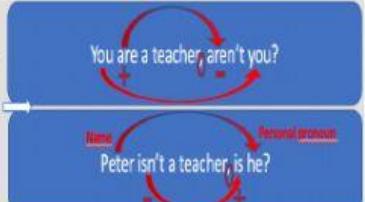
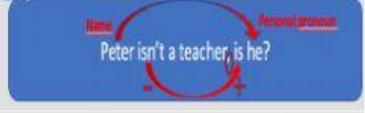
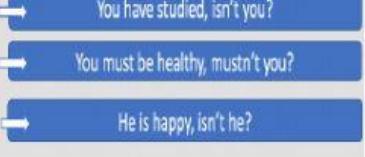
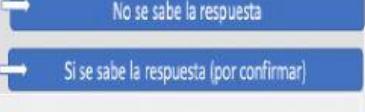
-Falling

No se sabe la respuesta

Si se sabe la respuesta (por confirmar)

QUESTION TAGS		
THEORY	EXERCISES	TRANSLATION
QUESTION TAGS – EXCEPTIONS*		
-I am late, →	aren't I?	
-I am early, →	aren't I?	
-Nobody went to the shop, →	did they?	
-Nothing is made, →	is it?	
-Don't speak, (imperatives) →	will you?	
-This is a pen, isn't it? →	Isn't it?	
-There aren't mirrors, →	are there?	
-Let's go to the supermarket, →	Shall we?	

MÉTODO ISO - JMB

THEORY	EXERCISES	TRANSLATION
QUESTION TAGS – USES		
-A short question at the end of a statement → 	Fill in the gaps with the correct words:	
-Yes/no question for agreement or confirmation → 	1. She speaks English, _____? 2. She studied yesterday, _____? 3. She can speak Italian, _____? 4. You need a trolley, _____? 5. She isn't happy, _____? 6. You weren't late, _____? 7. They were happy, _____? 8. Let's go to the supermarket, _____?	1. Ella habla inglés, ¿no? 2. Ayer estudió, ¿no? 3. Sabe hablar italiano, ¿no? 4. Necesita un carrito, ¿no? 5. No está contenta, ¿verdad? 6. No llegó tarde, ¿verdad? 7. Estaban contentos, ¿no? 8. Vamos al supermercado, ¿quieres?
QUESTION TAGS – TYPES		
-Auxiliary → -Modal verb → -Form of the verb to be →		
QUESTION TAGS – INTONATION		
-Rising → -Falling →		

MÉTODO ISO - JMB