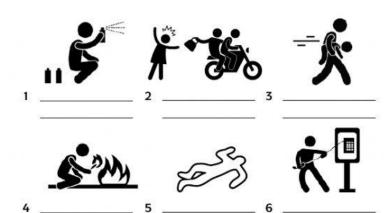
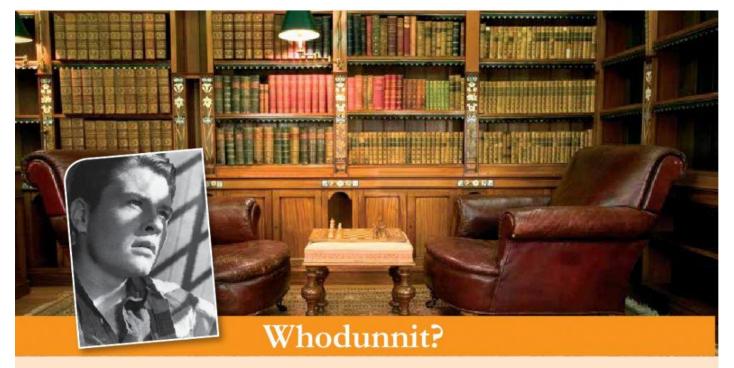


1 Label the pictures that represent different crimes. Which offences are committed against people and which involve property?

arson graffiti kidnapping mugging murder vandalism

2 Read the crime story quickly. Who could the killer be?





Adam Smith sat on the edge of the narrow bed and looked through the bars of his cell. 1 Why did no one believe him?

Adam had grown up in a rough neighbourhood with gangs, where crime was a way of life. Despite this, he had never broken the law, and had seen education as his way out of the inner-city slums.

So how had he ended up in so much trouble? It had all started when he began his new job at Mangold-Zaks, the investment bank. He was just out of university with a degree in economics when the bank offered him a job. 2 Adam's life was all work and no play.

One Friday afternoon his boss, Barry Badoff, called him into his office. 'You don't need to work this weekend. I'm having a party for some important clients and I would like you to be there,' he said.

The party was at Barry's mansion. Rolls Royce cars and Ferraris were parked in the street. Adam was led inside by a butler. There he saw men in expensive Italian suits and women covered in diamonds chatting together as they sipped champagne. Adam felt very uncomfortable surrounded by so much wealth. 3 Or breaking into a house like this one.

As he had nothing to say to the other guests, he went looking for Barry. He saw a wide-open door and stepped inside. 4 And seated behind it ... no, it couldn't be ... a man ... a man with a bloodstained shirt ... his boss,

Barry Badoff! Adam ran to the desk and checked for signs of life, but there was no pulse. He was dead. A bloody knife was on the floor. 5 At that very moment a woman entered the room, saw one dead man, another holding a knife, and began screaming, 'Murderer! Killer! Help!' Adam looked around wildly. He wanted to explain that she'd got it all wrong, but the words wouldn't come. Shock and terror had frozen him.

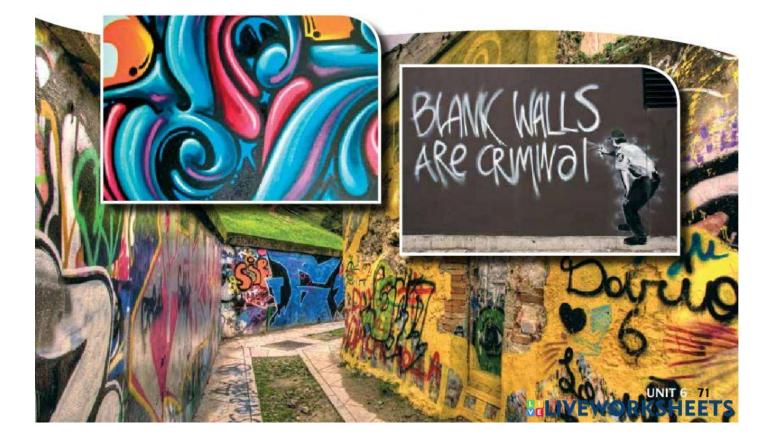
Later that evening at the police station,
Adam considered his situation. Of course
the police had arrested him. What else
could they have done? 6 This young
man from the wrong side of town, who
had grown up around gangs ... yes, things
looked bad for Adam, very bad. How was
he going to prove his innocence? And who
was the real killer?

- 3 Six sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-G the one which fits each gap (1-6). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use.
  - A Where he came from, people spent Saturday night sitting in front of the TV with a pizza.
  - B And that's when Adam made his big mistake without thinking, he picked it up.
  - C He had been caught with the bloody murder weapon in his hand, so he must be guilty!
  - **D** Adam wanted to make a good impression, so he arrived early and left late, ate at his desk and worked every weekend.
  - **E** That was the wrong thing to do because he should have knocked first and waited for permission to enter.
  - F He was in a police station, accused of committing a serious offence, but he was innocent!
  - G It was a fine room with floor-to-ceiling bookcases, a fireplace, leather armchairs and a huge desk.
- 4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of these words.

	accuse	arrest	break into	break the law	commit	prove			
1	Two men			a rob	pery at the	National	Bank earlier this morning.		
2	How did	the burg	lar		the h	ouse with	nout setting off the alarm?		
3 The police made a mistake when they							an innocent man of the crime.		
4	If we can	find som	ne fingerprints	s, we might be ab	le to		who did it.		
5	You may	have to §	go to prison if	you					
6	Have you	ı heard ti	ne news? The	police			Bernie for theft!		

5 Look at these examples of graffiti. How are they different? Use these words to talk about them.

artistic attractive cool expressive ugly stupid an eyesore illegal vandalism senseless





Make sure that the sentence you choose for a gap fits logically both with what comes before and after the gap. For example, Sentences E and G both fit logically with the text before gap 4, but only one of them fits logically with what comes after the gap as well. Which sentence is it?

## (a-2) Vocabulary 1

1 Complete the definitions with these words.

	arsonist	burglar	kidnapper	murderer	robber	shoplifter	trespasser	vandal
1	A(n)		is a per	son who tak	es sometl	ning from a s	shop without p	paying for it.
2	A(n)		is a per	son who tak	es someo	ne and asks	for money to	return them
3	A(n)		is a per	son who kill	s another	person on p	urpose and ill	egally.
4	A(n)		is a per	son who goe	es into pla	ces like ban	ks to steal thin	ngs.
5	A(n)		is a per	son who goe	es onto so	meone's lan	d without peri	mission.
6	A(n)		is a per	son who sta	rts a fire o	on purpose a	and illegally.	
7	A(n)		is a per	son who cau	ises dama	ge to buildir	ngs or destroy	s property.
8	A(n)		is a per	son who goe	es into ho	uses to steal	things.	

2 Find and write eight crimes related to the criminals in 1.

											N.
А	K	1	D	Ν	Α	Р	Р	1	Ν	G	١
R	В	R	D	F	Ν	K	J	Р	U	Ε	
S	Н	0	Р	L	1	F	T	1	N	G	
0	Q	В	Е	Т	Υ	L	М	٧	Х	W	
N	Χ	В	S	G	J	L	М	٧	С	Α	
R	М	Е	F	Р	0	U	Υ	Т	R	W	
В	U	R	G	L	Α	R	Υ	Α	R	F	
Т	R	Υ	S	Н	0	L	1	F	R	W	
W	D	٧	Α	Ν	D	Α	L	1	S	М	
G	Е	Р	Α	S	K	1	Н	Ν	Α	Р	
Т	R	Е	S	Р	Α	S	S	1	N	G	1

1				
2				_
	<del></del>			
4	<u> </u>			
5	-			
6				
7				
8				

- 3 Match the crimes in 2 with the criminals in 1.
- 4 Circle the correct words.
  - 1 The vandal has to have / do community service; this week he is cleaning up the local park.
  - 2 The judge said that the bank robber must serve / pay a life sentence of at least fifteen years.
  - 3 A man called David Chapman was the last criminal in England who received / did the death penalty. He committed murder.
  - 4 After the driver went through a red light, he had to serve / pay a fine of €350.
  - 5 In many countries, if you kidnap someone you go / stay to prison for a very long time.
  - 6 Her husband was caught shoplifting. He is / goes on probation and has to see his probation officer once a week.
- 5 In your opinion, which of the punishments in 4 are suitable for the crimes in 2?





## **Phrasal Verbs**

- 1 Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.
  - 1 Someone broke out / broke into our house at the weekend and stole all our electronic goods.
  - 2 Your son lies, steals and is always in trouble. I don't know how you put him away / put up with him.
  - 3 The police caught the mugger, but he got away / got away with while they were taking him to the station.
  - 4 There have been burglaries in the area recently, so lock up / lock in your valuables if you're going away.
  - 5 This bloodstained shirt ties up / ties in with the murder. We can use it as evidence.
  - 6 We know you're in there, Bugsy! Give back / Give up now before you get hurt.

Now match the phrasal verbs you didn't use in 1 with the meanings below and then write a sentence using each one in your notebook.				
1	: do something bad without being punished for it			
2	: return something to someone			

put someone in a place that they can't get out ofescape from prison

5 \_\_\_\_\_\_: put rope, etc around someone so they can't move

6 \_\_\_\_\_\_: send someone to prison

## **Commonly Confused Words**

3 Complete the pairs of sentences with the words in bold.

1	1 stole robbed		
		2000 March 2002 in Shinking Shinking 2003 to 1925 in 1925 in 1925 in	ey took a lot of money, but no one was hurt.
	b I can't believe you	a tablet from the s	hop! I'm calling the police.
2	2 kill die		
	a I didn't mean to	him, Officer. It was a	terrible mistake.
	b She was in a very bad accident a	and we're afraid that she r	might
3	3 accuse excuse		
	a If you'll me f	or a moment, I'll be right	back.
	b You should never	anyone of stealing s	comething until you know for sure that they did it
4	4 avoid prevent		
	a Keep away from those boys if yo	u want to	getting into trouble.
	<b>b</b> The police have set up a new dep	partment to help	teens from breaking the law.
5	5 quite quiet		
	a This book is called Murder on th	e Orient Express. It's	good.
	<b>b</b> Why are you being so	? Is something v	wrong?
6	6 lose loose		
	a Those ropes are too	Make them tigh	ter or he'll escape.
	b If we the cou	art case, the murderer wil	I be a free man.

## **Collocations & Expressions**

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of these words.

	arrest a criminal be on the run cate	
1	The detectives	; he was holding the bloodstained knife!
2	The thief admitted his crime and the judge	for three years.
3	Many poor teens	in order to get money to buy things.
4	Tim's Dad	for burglary. He will get out of prison in two week
5	I've only been a policeman for a few days, so I	yet.
6	The judge	of shoplifting and made her pay a fine.
7	Apparently the murderer	and may be on his way to Hull.

