

UNIT 3 – PRACTICE TEST

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. ancestor B. diverse C. ethnic D. heritage
2. A. hunt B. custom C. multicultural D. unique

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that has the different stress from the others.

3. A. minority B. majority C. diversity D. curious
4. A. costume B. recognise C. significant D. terraced

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction in each of the following questions.

5. The(A) Viet have(B) many(C) tradition(D) customs and craft.
A the B have C many D tradition
6. How many(A) month is(B) Huong Pagoda Festival held(C) in(D)?
A How many B is C held D in
7. Tay people lives(A) mostly(B) in the mountainous(C) regions(D) in the North of Vietnam.
A lives B mostly C mountainous D regions

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8. _____ do the cattle provide the nomads? – Dairy products, meat and clothing.
A. What B. Where C. When D. Why
9. _____ is this festival held among the ethnic group? – Every month.
A. How B. How often C. When D. Why
10. The Tay is _____ second larrgest ethnic group in Vietnam.
A. a B. an C. the D. X
11. “Ruou Can” is _____ kind of fermented rice wine produced in Vietnam, especially in _____ mountainous areas like Tay Nguyen or Tay Bac.
A. a – the B. the – a C. a – X D. X – the
12. _____ space of Gong culture in Vietnam considers Gong a connection between men and _____ supernatural.
A. The – the B. A – a C. An – an D. X – X

13. Terraced fields are often found in _____ area.
A. mountain B. mountainous C. mountaineer D. mountainful
14. Vietnam is a country of great _____ with 54 ethnic groups.
A. diversity B. diversified C. diverse D. diversion
15. For Vietnamese people living in the countryside, rice is the main _____ crops.
A. agriculture B. agricultural C. agribusiness D. agricultures
16. Important decisions of the whole tribal group are often made in the _____ house.
A. communal B. communication C. communicate D. common

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the CAPITALISED word(s) in each of the following questions.

17. Nam would like TO FIND OUT more about the customs and traditions of Tay people.
A. to see B. to look for C. to learn D. to watch
18. Ancestor worshipping plays a SIGNIFICANT role in Vietnamese culture.
A. important B. unimportant C. minor D. active

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the CAPITALISED word(s) in each of the following questions.

19. The MAJORITY of The Viet live along the Red River and The Mekong Delta.
A. a half B. all C. minority D. none
20. Gong is considered a UNIQUE musical instrument of Tay Nguyen people.
A. rare B. special C. typical D. common

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the most suitable response to complete each of the following exchanges.

21. 'Is it true that Y Moan was the greatest pop singer of the Ede?' ' _____ '
A. Really? B. How beautiful! C. Come on! D. Exactly.
22. 'Look at this dish, Nick. It has five colours.' ' _____ '
A. How nice! B. What a shame! C. Sounds bad. D. Okay.

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word or phrase that best fits each of the numbered blanks.

Vietnam is a nation (23) _____ 54 ethnic groups living together in harmony, in which Kinh people account (24) _____ 86% of whole population. Kinh people scatter across every territory, yet they most concentrate in plains and river deltas. They are owners of rice civilization. The majority of the rest ethnic groups live in midland and mountainous regions, stretching from north to south.

Nevertheless, ethnic minorities own uneven levels of development. In detail, residents in low-lying areas such as Muong, Thai, Tay, Nung minorities mainly live (25) _____ paddy rice and upland cultivation, cattle and poultry raising, gatherers, hunting, and fairly exquisite craftsmanship. They chiefly concentrate in Northern midland and mountainous region. Ethnic (26) _____ living in the South are more separated. Except from the Cham, Khmer and Chinese living in the Central Coast, the South had a higher level of development than the majority of the rest ethnic groups. In particular, all ethnic groups retain distinct and (27) _____ cultures. Also, the belief and religion of ethnic groups are non-identical as well.

- | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 23. A. in | B. for | C. of | D. at |
| 24. A. to | B. for | C. in | D. of |
| 25. A. to | B. by | C. at | D. of |
| 26. A. minor | B. minorities | C. more minor | D. most minor |
| 27. A. unique | B. most unique | C. useful | D. useless |

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Bamboo is engraved in Vietnamese culture and daily life, providing protection, and representing resiliency. Bamboo can be manipulated in any shape or form to assist in the simplest or most complex of functions. Here in Vietnam, and especially in the countryside, bamboo is used for everything- from chopsticks, to chairs, to agricultural tools, to roofs, to instruments and to home decorations.

Bamboo is embedded even in Vietnamese dance culture! A series of bamboo sticks are set up in a line, with people holding them in place on either side. Dancers move in and out of the sticks, trying to time their dancing so as not to get caught between the bamboo sticks. Performers typically dance hand in hand, slowly making their way sideways along the bamboo line and even the best of dancers always tend to get stuck a few times, resulting in bunches of giggles and loads of smiles.

28. What is the main idea of the passage?
- A. Bamboo dance is part of Vietnamese traditional art.
 - B. Bamboo is a part of Vietnam culture and daily life.
 - C. Bamboo dance is very easy to learn.
 - D. It is fun to do bamboo dance.
29. What is NOT MENTIONED as a function of bamboo?
- A. Making chopsticks
 - B. Making agriculture tools
 - C. Making bowls
 - D. Making roofs
30. According to the passage, to perform the bamboo dance, dancers should
- A. try not to get caught by the bamboo sticks.
 - B. move in and out of the bamboo sticks quickly.
 - C. Both A and B are correct.
 - D. Both A and B are incorrect.
31. Which sentence is NOT TRUE according to the passage?
- A. We can make many things from bamboo.
 - B. Bamboo dancers use their hands on the floor to dance.
 - C. The best bamboo dancers can still get stuck a few times.
 - D. Bamboo appears a lot in Vietnam daily life.
32. Which explanation has the closest meaning to the word "hand in hand" in the passage?
- A. Holding each other's hand
 - B. Clapping each other's hand
 - C. Shaking each other's hand
 - D. Waving each other's hand

Choose the sentence with the correct order

33. my/often/make/house/I/to/entertain/spring rolls/guests/when/at/foreign/they/arrive

- A. I often make spring rolls entertain to my foreign guests when arrive at they house

- B. I often make spring rolls to entertain foreign guests when they arrive at my house
C. I often make spring rolls at entertain foreign guests when they arrive to my house
D. I make spring rolls to entertain my foreign guests when they often arrive at house

34. Muong/sugar/grow/for/their/make/own/and /use/the/rice

- A. The Muong make their sugar and grow own rice for use
B. The Muong make for sugar and grow rice their own use
C. The Muong make their own sugar and grow rice for use
D. The Muong make sugar and grow rice for their own use

35. ethnic/life/traditional/in/of/always/Vietnam/keep/groups/their/the/way

- A. The ethnic groups always keep their traditional way of life in Vietnam
B. The ethnic groups in Vietnam always keep their way of traditional life
C. The ethnic groups in Vietnam always keep their traditional way of life
D. The ethnic groups in Vietnam always keep traditional way of their life

36. symbolize/the/traditional/houses/ethnic/architecture/stilt/of/minorities

- A. Stilt houses symbolize the architecture of traditional ethnic minorities
B. Stilt traditional houses symbolize the architecture of ethnic minorities
C. Stilt houses symbolize the traditional architecture of ethnic minorities
D. Stilt houses symbolize the architecture traditional of ethnic minorities

Mark letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

37. How beautiful terraced fields are!

- A. What an beautiful terraced fields!
B. What beautiful terraced fields!
C. What terraced fields are beautiful!
D. What terraced fields beautiful are!

38. The Tay people are used to living in stilt houses

- A. The Tay people are keen on living in stilt houses

- B. The Tay people are fed up with living in stilt houses
 - C. The Tay people are familiar with living in stilt houses
 - D. The Tay people are dependent on living in stilt houses
39. There are many fascinating festivals in Sa Pa every year
- A. Sa Pa has many fascinating festivals every year
 - B. Sa Pa has got many fascinating festivals every year
 - C. Sa Pa have many fascinating festivals every year
 - D. Both A and B are correct
40. Foreign tourists feel excited about joining in some folk dances
- A. Foreign tourists find joining in some folk dances exciting
 - B. Foreign tourists find joining in some folk dances excited
 - C. Foreign tourists find it joining in some folk dances be exciting
 - D. Foreign tourists find it joining in some folk dances be excited