

UNIT 9: CHOOSING A CAREER

LOOKING BACK

Pronunciation

Listen and choose the unstressed words in the following sentences.

1. I'm looking for a job to keep me busy this summer.
2. He saw the advertisement in today's newspaper.
3. How far is it from here to your school?
5. I would like to take a year off first, and then go to university.
6. Working as a journalist, he has the opportunity to meet famous people and interview them.
7. I decided to be an apprentice to an electrician for two years, and then I will study electrical engineering at university.

Vocabulary

Match the definitions in Column A to its appropriate research terms in Column B.

A	B
1. workforce	a. lasting for only a limited period of time; not permanent.
2. career	b. things that are or may be chosen
3. temporary	c. a person who is learning a trade from a skilled employer, having agreed to work for a fixed period at low wages.
4. career advice	d. the people engaged in or available for work, either in a country or area or in a particular company or industry
5. apprentice	e. advice and information about careers that helps individuals, young people, decide on a career and also teaches them how to pursue their chosen career
6. options	f. an occupation undertaken for a significant period of a person's life and with opportunities for progress.

Grammar

ACT 1. Complete the sentences using the correct of the phrasal verbs in the box.

cut down on	go on with	come up with	drop out of
get on with	run out of	drop in on	keep up with

1. That's enough for now – let's _____ the discussion tomorrow.
2. If you don't work hard, you won't be able to _____ your friends.
3. Come on, Linda. Can you _____ a better idea?
4. I don't think she would _____ her sister-in-law.
5. They _____ money and had to abandon the project.
6. We thought we could _____ you while we were passing by.
7. The doctor told him to _____ chips and chocolate.
8. He felt disappointed and _____ school after the first term.

ACT 2. Choose the best answer from each pair of sentences.

1. *Don't eat too much. You may fall ill.*
A. If you eat too much, you may fall ill.
B. If you don't eat too much, you may fall ill.
C. If ate too much, you may fall ill.
D. If you had eaten too much, you might have fallen ill.
2. *Kate is beautiful. Her mother is beautiful.*
A. Kate is not as beautiful as her mother.
B. Kate is as beautiful than her mother.
C. Kate is as beautiful as her mother.
D. Kate is more beautiful as her mother.
3. *He is not bright. He thinks he is bright.*
A. He is as bright as he thinks he is.
B. He is not brighter as he thinks he is.
C. He is not as bright than he thinks he is.
D. He is not as bright as he thinks he is.
4. *It rained hard. The plane couldn't take off.*
A. It rained so hard that the plane couldn't take off.
B. It rained so hard that the plane could take off.
C. It rained such hard that the plane couldn't take off.
D. It rained so hard that the plane can take off.
5. *You must run fast. You may be late for school.*
A. If you run fast, you will be late for school.
B. Unless you run fast, you will be late for school.
C. Unless you run fast, you won't be late for school.
D. If you don't run fast, you will be late for school.
6. *It was a very good novel. Mary couldn't put the novel down.*
A. It was such a good novel that Mary couldn't put it down.
B. It was so a good novel that Mary couldn't put it down.
C. It was such a good novel that Mary could put it down.
D. It was so a good novel that Mary could put it down.
7. *I wish I had one million dollars. I would travel around the world.*
A. If I have one million dollars, I would travel around the world.
B. If I had one million dollars, I would have travelled around the world.
C. If I had one million dollars, I would travel around the world.
D. If I had had one million dollars, I would travel around the world.

Project

Present about your future careers (Kind of job, some positive points, some negative points, the reason of choosing the career)