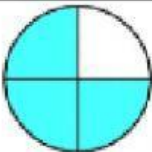
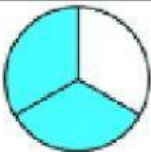
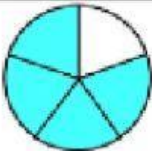
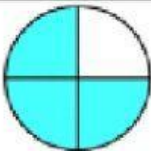
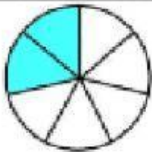

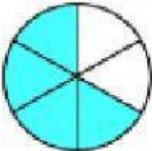
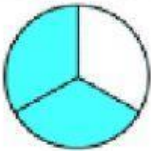
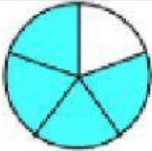
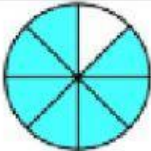
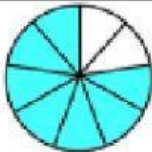
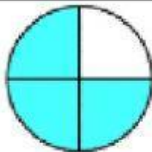
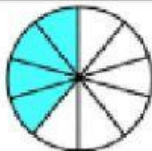
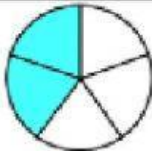
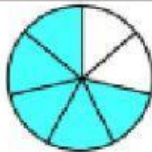
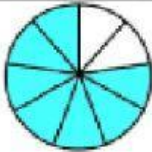
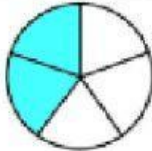
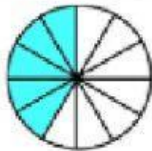
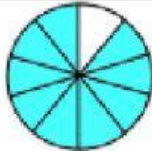
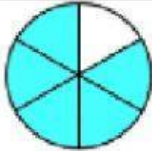
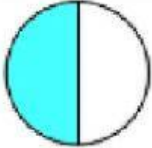
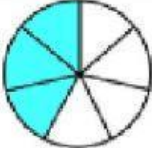
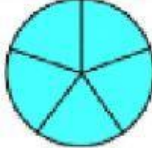
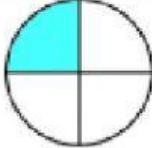
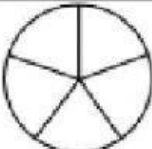


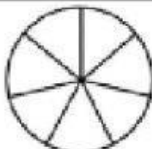

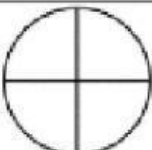


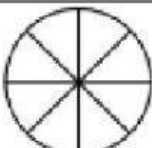





Concept HW_Grade-3_An Introduction to Fractions Comparing and Ordering Fractions

Use the fraction diagrams to complete the missing fractions, and use the symbols $>$, $<$ and $=$ to show how the fractions compare. The first one is done for you.

1)		$\frac{3}{5}$	$>$		$\frac{2}{3}$
2)		—			—
3)		—			—
4)		—			—
5)		—			—
6)		—			—
7)		—			—
8)		—			—
9)		—			—
10)		—			—

Shade the fraction diagrams and then use the diagrams to put the four fractions in order from smallest to largest. The first one is done for you.

1)		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{3}{7}$		$\frac{5}{5}$		$\frac{1}{4}$
smallest								largest
$\frac{1}{4}$		$\frac{3}{7}$		$\frac{1}{2}$		$\frac{5}{5}$		
2)		$\frac{4}{5}$		$\frac{3}{4}$		$\frac{1}{3}$		$\frac{1}{7}$
smallest								largest
—		—		—		—		
3)		$\frac{2}{3}$		$\frac{1}{4}$		$\frac{7}{8}$		$\frac{4}{9}$
smallest								largest
—		—		—		—		
4)		$\frac{3}{8}$		$\frac{5}{6}$		$\frac{1}{5}$		$\frac{2}{7}$
smallest								largest
—		—		—		—		