

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word in capital.

1. Local people can earn their livings by providing tourists with necessary services. (LIVE)
→ Local people _____
2. That man has a friendly relationship with the owner of Los Angeles County Museum of Art. (GETS)
→ That man _____
3. Pictures of the suspect were published in all daily papers. (BROUGHT)
→ Pictures _____
4. There is no oil and gas left on Earth. (RUN)
→ The Earth has _____
5. The council had to cancel the football match because of the storm. (CALL)
→ The council _____
6. She was reading a magazine as she waited in the doctor's office. (LOOKING)
→ She _____
7. I will return to Hoi An to have another week of adventure this summer. (COME)
→ I _____
8. After leaving college, he started his own business with a bank loan. (SET)
→ After _____
9. She promised to meet me at the cinema this evening, but she didn't arrive. (TURN)
→ _____
10. Nicholas began his trip to the remote farmhouse in Connecticut yesterday. (SET)
→ Nicholas _____

Join each pair of sentences, using the word or phrase in brackets.

1. Hoa was born in Doc So craft village. She knows the process of making pottery. (BECAUSE)

2. The library was bombed. Many important historical documents were destroyed. (WHEN)

3. She entered the room. She knew there was something wrong. (AS SOON AS)

4. We decided to take rooms in Longwood House. We knew we could not afford the rent. (EVEN THOUGH)

5. My mom instructed me through 15 stages of making a conical hat. I could make one for me. (SO THAT)

6. You want to knit a hat for your friend. You should watch tutorials on YouTube. (BEFORE)

7. I was not enjoying the party. I wanted to leave early. (AS)

8. I was cleaning out my cupboards. I found these photos. (WHILE)

9. I went to Malaysia last year. I wanted to experience a whole new world. (IN ORDER TO)

10. I attended a knitting workshop last Sunday. I don't know how to knit a scarf. (ALTHOUGH)

Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first.

1. I'm really excited about the upcoming pottery workshop.

→ I'm looking _____

2. We invited a pop star to the chat show, but he didn't arrive.

→ The pop star _____

3. He misbehaved in the class so the teacher asked him to go out.

→ The teacher asked _____

4. The artisans carved figures of lions and unicorns on the top of the box.

→ Figures _____

5. Don't leave the computer on when you leave.

→ Turn _____

6. They wanted to apologize for their behavior: that's why they paid for dinner.

→ They paid for dinner in order _____

7. When I was a child, I usually went to the local park every Saturday afternoon.

→ When I was a child, I used _____

8. Their teacher is making them study hard.

→ They _____