

Figure It Out

★ Read and choose.

- 1 A person who looks for criminals and missing people is a **thief** / detective.
- 2 To **investigate** / **commit** a crime, the police have to interview everyone.
- 3 Sometimes, a criminal leaves an important **alibi** / **clue** at the scene of the crime.
- 4 If a suspect's behavior is **suspicious** / **alibi**, you don't trust him.
- 5 Everyone in the world has different **suspects** / **fingerprints**.

★★ Complete the text. Use the verbs in the correct form.

alibi suspect investigate interview
suspicious commit clues thief



Crime Notes: Theft of Time Machine From Museum of Tomorrow

I'm 1 _____ the theft of the time machine. I'm looking for fingerprints and other 2 _____. I'll 3 _____ everyone to find out who is the criminal. I'm not sure yet who 4 _____ the crime. Even Miss Anderson is a 5 _____. No one can confirm that Sonia Gustavson was in her office, so she doesn't have an 6 _____. Ali Brun might be the 7 _____. Miss Anderson thinks he looks 8 _____ because he's hiding something.



Vocabulary

C ★★ Circle the odd one out. Choose the reason.

done by a criminal not a noun not a noun
~~not a person~~ shows that someone is not a criminal

1 criminal / detective / thief / clue

not a person

2 investigate / alibi / thief / fingerprint

3 commit a crime / investigate / take fingerprints / interview

4 alibi / suspect / detective / suspicious

5 matching fingerprints / have an alibi / leave a clue / stolen items

D ★★ Imagine you're a detective. Explain the following concepts to your assistant.



1 A clue is _____

2 An alibi is _____

3 A suspect is _____

4 A criminal is _____

5 A fingerprint is _____

