

Subject Questions

- Read the use of subject questions and answer the exercises

Presentation

You can ask questions about the subject of a sentence using *who*, *which*, *what*, and *how many* with no auxiliary verb (*Who **called** the police?*). But remember that in *wh*- questions that are not about the subject of the sentence, you need an auxiliary verb (*When **did** it happen?*).

Subject questions	Other questions
In subject questions, the question word is the subject of the verb. subject verb object <i>Who called the police?</i>	In most questions, the question word is <u>not</u> the subject of the verb. question word auxiliary verb subject main verb <i>When did it happen?</i>
The word order in a subject question is the same as in an affirmative sentence. subject verb object <i>Who called the police?</i> <i>The store owner called the police.</i>	The word order in these questions is not the same as the word order in an affirmative sentence. <i>What did they take?</i> <i>They took some jewelry.</i>
You do not need an auxiliary verb (<i>do</i> , <i>does</i> , <i>did</i>) in simple present or simple past subject questions. Say <i>What happened?</i> (Don't say <i>What did happen?</i>) Say <i>What usually happens?</i> (Don't say <i>What does usually happen?</i>)	In the simple present and simple past, you need to add an auxiliary verb (<i>do</i> , <i>does</i> , <i>did</i>) before the subject. Say <i>What did you see?</i> (Don't say <i>What saw you?</i>)

You can ask questions about the subject or the object of the verb using *what*, *who*, *which*, *whose*, *how much*, and *how many*.

TIP You cannot form subject questions with *where*, *when*, *why*, or *how*.

Say *Where do you live?* (Don't say *Where ~~you~~ live?*)

Say *When did you start work?* (Don't say *When ~~you~~ started work?*)

Exercises

- 1 Read an article about a robbery. Complete the questions with *who*, *what*, or *when* and an auxiliary verb where necessary.



A robber thought the robbery was going well when he ran from the chemist's with the money. But there was one problem. He had locked the car doors and the keys were inside. He couldn't open the doors, so when the police arrived he ran away. The police finally caught him later that night and he asked them, "Would you mind taking care of my car, please? The keys are inside." But the police were more interested in locking him up than unlocking his car.

- 1 the robber think? The robbery was going well.
- 2 he run from? The chemist's store.
- 3 he leave the car keys? Inside the car.
- 4 arrived? The police.
- 5 happened next? The robber ran away.
- 6 the police catch him? Later that night.
- 7 asked the police to take care of the car? The robber.

- 2 Complete the conversation with the questions.

- A: ¹ What did you do (you/do) last night?
 B: I watched *Miami Police Team*.
 A: Oh no! I always miss that show. ² (what / happen)?
 B: Well, you know Detective Sanchez's niece has joined the police force.
 A: No. ³ (when / she / join)? I missed that episode, too.
 B: Ages ago! She joined the police, but he thought it was too dangerous for her. Anyway, she arrested someone for stealing a car, but it was an old boyfriend, so then she released him.
 A: Sorry, I don't understand. ⁴ (who / think) it was too dangerous?
 B: Her uncle, Detective Sanchez.
 A: And ⁵ (who / she / arrest)?
 B: An old boyfriend from school.
 A: And ⁶ (who / release / the boyfriend)?
 B: She did.
 A: OK. And ⁷ (what / Uncle Sanchez / say)?
 B: Well obviously, he wasn't very happy.
 A: ⁸ (what / he / going to do) about it?
 B: I think he's going to make her leave the police force.
 A: I must watch it next week. What time is it on?
 B: Nine o'clock.