

Test 4 G11

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

Question 1. A. stayed B. borrowed C. kissed D. enjoyed

Question 2. A. illness B. climate C. import D. distance

II. Choose the word whose stress is placed in different position from that of the rest.

Question 3. A. disappearance B. Increasingly C. situation D. economic

Question 4. A. scholarship B. practical C. emission D. flexible

III. Choose the best answer to complete the following sentences.

Question 5. A(n) _____ disease is an illness that can be passed from one person to another.

A. dangerous B. chemical C. man-made D. infectious

Question 6. Global warming leads _____ climate change.

A. in B. to C. on D. from

Question 7. Global warming is an increase in the average _____ of the earth's atmosphere.

A. climate B. balance C. temperature D. vehicle

Question 8. When people finish a postgraduate course, they can get a _____.

A. baccalaureate's degree B. bachelor's degree

C. master's degree D. doctorate

Question 9. When a student enters a college or university, he/she has to choose a main subject of study, which is called _____.

A. primary B. training C. major D. curriculum

Question 10. Ha Long Bay is well known _____ its beautiful scenery.

A. on B. in C. of D. for

Question 11. The Temple of Preah Vihear in Cambodia is composed of a series of sanctuaries _____ by a system of pavements and staircases over an 800 meter long axis.

- A. linked B. linking C. to link D. being linked

Question 12. The vegetation layers in Cat Ba Archipelago form spectacular and scenic landscapes and make the site become _____ of all Vietnam's typical ecosystems.

- A. home B. house C. scenery D. basis

Question 13. Her classmates admire her so much because she has a clear _____ mind.

- A. analysis B. analytical C. analytics D. analyze

Question 14. The public praised the local farmers for _____ millions of trees on the surrounding hills.

- A. being planting B. having planted
C. being planted D. having been planted

Question 15. Why don't you take a break? You _____ the Internet all day.

- A. are surfing B. Surfed C. have surfed D. have been surfing

IV. Give the correct form of the words in the brackets.

Question 16. The lecture is about the of the world heritage sites. (*preserve*)

Question 17. The tour of cave system is the main for tourists in Phong Nha Ke Bang National Park. (*attract*)

Question 18. Scholars believe that there are still relics buried under the tomb and awaiting (*excavate*)

Question 19. New York city is facing with the problem of electricity network. (*age*)

Question 20. Cities will be and traffic will be heavy. (*population*)

V. Read the following passage and choose the correct answer to each of the questions.

Though called by sweet-sounding names like Firinga or Katrina, tropical cyclones are huge rotating storms 200 to 2,000 kilometers wide with winds that blow at speeds of more than 100 kilometers per hour (kph). Weather professionals know them as tropical cyclones, but they are called hurricanes in the Caribbean Sea, typhoons in the Pacific Ocean, and cyclones in the Indian Ocean. They occur in both the northern and southern hemispheres. Large ones have destroyed cities and killed hundreds of thousands of people.

Tropical cyclones begin over water that is warmer than 27 degrees Celsius (80 degrees Fahrenheit) slightly north or south of the earth's equator. Warm, humid air full of water vapor moves upward. The earth's rotation causes the growing storm to start to rotate around its center (called the eye). At a certain height, the water vapor condenses, changing to liquid and releasing heat. The heat draws more air and water vapor upward, creating a cycle as air and water vapor rise and liquid water falls. If the cycle speeds up until winds reach 118 kilometers per hour, the storm qualifies as a tropical cyclone.

Most deaths in tropical cyclones are caused by storm surge. This is a rise in sea level, sometimes seven meters or more, caused by the storm pushing against the ocean's surface. Storm surge was to blame for the flooding of New Orleans in 2005. The storm surge of Cyclone Nargis in 2008 in Myanmar pushed seawater nearly four meters deep some 40 kilometers inland, resulting in many deaths.

It has never been easy to forecast a tropical cyclone accurately. The goal is to know when and where the next tropical cyclone will form. "And we can't really do that yet," says David Nolan, a weather researcher from the University of Miami. The direction and strength of tropical cyclones are also difficult to predict, even with computer assistance. In fact, long-term forecasts are poor; small differences in the combination of weather factors lead to very different storms. More accurate forecasting could help people decide to **evacuate** when a storm is on the way.

Question 21. As stated in paragraph 1, tropical cyclones are storms with winds blowing at speeds of _____.

- A. more than 100 kph B. at least 200 kph
- C. less than 100 kph D. no less than 200 kph

Question 22. The word "**they**" in paragraph 1 refers to _____.

- A. sweet-sounding names B. wind speeds
- C. tropical cyclones D. weather professionals

Question 23. According to the passage, tropical cyclones are called typhoons in _____.

- A. the Indian Ocean B. the Arctic Ocean
- C. the Atlantic Ocean D. the Pacific Ocean

Question 24. Which of the following comes first in the process of storm formation?

- A. Liquid water falls. B. Warm, humid air moves upward.
C. Water vapor condenses. D. Wind speed reaches 118 kph.

Question 25. The word "evacuate" in paragraph 4 mostly means _____.

- A. move to safer places B. make accurate predictions
C. take preventive measures D. call for relief supplies

VI. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word or phrase.

Like any other universities, the Open University can give you a degree. However, you don't have to ____ (26) ____ working to study. It can also open up a whole variety of interest. If you have ____ (27) ____ studied before, you will enjoy the special, new pleasure of increasing your knowledge. You will make friends of all kinds. You may also find that your qualification provides new career opportunities.

You don't actually ____ (28) ____ to the Open University for lectures, but study at home, using television, radio and computer software. You can ____ (29) ____ one class a month if you wish at an Open University center. Of course, there are exams to take, as in any universities. If you ____ (30) ____ like to know more, all you have to do is complete the form below. It could be the start of a wonderful new period in your life.

Question 26. A. stop B. end C. break D. leave

Question 27. A. ever B. never C. often D. always

Question 28. A. join B. enter C. arrive D. go

Question 29. A. give B. attend C. learn D. study

Question 30. A. did B. will C. would D. can

VII. Rewrite the following sentences using the hints in the brackets or the words given.

Question 31. The building is the highest one in our city. It was destroyed in the earthquake. (*using participle*)

.....

Question 32. The man is our English teacher. He talked to you yesterday. (*using participle*)

.....

Question 33. After she had read her book carefully, she did the exercises confidently.

Having _____

Question 34. Lan had played truant for class. She was accused of it.

Lan _____

Question 35. Mai started studying her lesson since 7 o'clock. She's still studying. (*been*)

Mai _____

Listen to a report on the effects of climate change. Decide if the following statements are true (T) or false (F). Tick (✓) the correct boxes. You will listen to the recording TWICE.

Statements

Question 36. The news report says global warming will reduce fish population significantly.

Question 37. World Wildlife Fund (WWF) describes how fish are affected by global warming.

Question 38. A two-degree rise in temperature will make some fish species extinct.

Question 39. Fish population is not really affected by overfishing.

Question 40. About 14% of the world population depends on fish for basic food.