

# Viewpoint 3 | Cybercrime

## What is cybercrime?



6 03 Watch Part 1 of the video again. Match 1–3 to a–c to make sentences.

- 1 Cybercrime \_\_\_\_
  - 2 Internet security \_\_\_\_
  - 3 Criminals \_\_\_\_
- a are targeting users, targeting businesses, looking to steal data in order to profit financially from Internet attacks.
  - b is basically the steps taken to protect yourself from online attacks.
  - c is fundamentally crime but specifically using computers or the Internet to deliver the attack.



7 04 Watch Part 2 of the video again. In this part Fraser gives an example of Cybercrime. Number the stages A–F in the correct order 1–6.

- A They pay money for problems which don't exist. \_\_\_\_
- B A person is browsing the Web. 1
- C They come across a page which has been hacked. \_\_\_\_
- D 'Security Shield' is installed. \_\_\_\_
- E It says they have lots of problems. \_\_\_\_
- F They are redirected somewhere 'bad' and 'bad stuff' happens. \_\_\_\_



8 05 Watch Part 3 of the video again. Write the four locations.

- 1 Where is the person browsing?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Where is the server for the first site?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 3 Where do the hackers redirect the browser to?  
\_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Which server does the browser go to in the end?  
\_\_\_\_\_



9 06 Watch Part 4 of the video again. Which sentence summarizes Fraser's answer?

- A The criminals are more interested in your mobile phone.
- B The criminals are trying to hack your network of devices.
- C The criminals are trying to hack the Internet security companies.

## Summarizing information

Write your summary of the video using between 100–120 words only.

10 Work with a partner. Try to summarize the interview using these words and phrases from the video.

*Example: Cybercrime is when hackers try to steal data by ...*

infected bad stuff happens  
targeting users and businesses  
cybercrime  
steal data  
browsing the Web  
trick into paying  
hackers secure  
information,  
devices and  
networks