

Used to / get used to / be used to

be/get used to перекладаємо дослівно (дивись другу картинку в пості)

I am used to singing in the shower. Я Є ЗВИКЛОЮ ДО СПІВАННЯ в душі.

used to перекладаємо як "раніше" (тобто зараз не відбувається)

I used to play hide-and-seek with my friends. Я РАНИШЕ бавилась у "хованки" з друзями (зараз - уже ні).

Тепер ГРАМАТИКА:

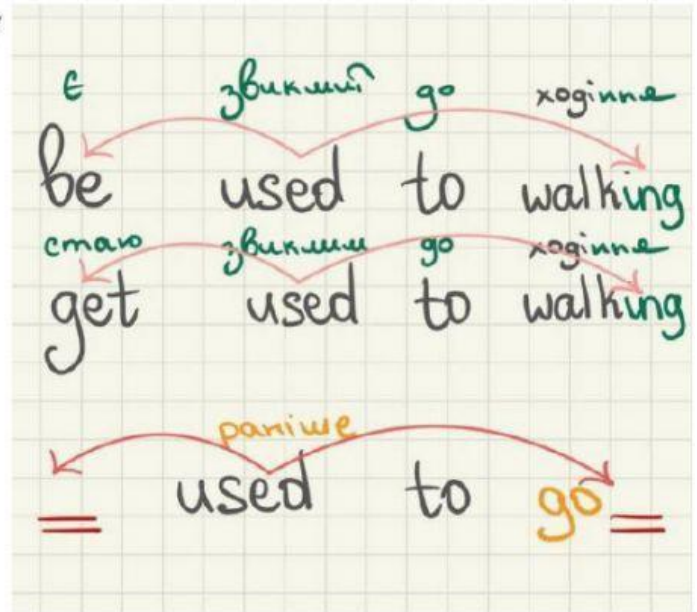
be/get used to після має йти ing закінчення (be used to singING)

після used to - інфінітив (початкова форма дієслова) (used to PLAY)

Як запам'ятати:

якщо перед USED є щось (be/get), то і після нього має бути щось (ING)

якщо нічого немає, то нічого не ставимо (play___)



Be used to

If you **are used to something**, you have often done or experienced it; it is not strange, new or difficult for you.

*I **am used to** getting up early in the morning. I don't mind it.*

Structure: **be used to + noun phrase** or **be used to + verb (-ing form)**

*He didn't complain about the neighbours' loud party – he **was used to** the noise.*

*We live near a forest so we're **used to seeing** animals in our garden.*

We can also say **be used to someone**.

*I don't think Tom's strange – I'm **used to him**.*

Negative: **be not used to**

*I don't understand him: I'm **not used to** his accent yet.*

*I **am not used to** getting up early in the morning.*

Get used to

If you **get used to** something, you become accustomed to it; it is no longer unusual or strange.

Get used to is the process of becoming used to something.

*After a while he didn't mind the noise in the office; he **got used to** it.*

*Living abroad was a shock at first, but I'm slowly **getting used to** it.*

Structure:

Get used to + something/someone

Get used to + verb (-ing form)

*I **got used to** his Scottish accent after a while.*

*I **got used to waking** up early in the morning after I started my job at the factory.*

Used to

Used to + verb infinitive refers to a habit or state in the past. It is used *only* in the past simple tense.

Past habits

If you **used to do something**, you did it for a period of time in the past, but you don't do it any more.

*We **used to live** in London.*

= We lived in London in the past, but don't live there now.

*I **used to walk** to school every day when I was a child.*

Past states

We also say **used to** to express a state that existed in the past but doesn't exist now. States are not actions. We express states with **stative verbs** such as *have*, *believe*, *know* and *like*.

*I **used to like** The Beatles, but now I never listen to them.*

*He **used to have** long hair, but now it's very short.*

*I **used to believe** in magic when I was a child.*

Questions: **did(n't) + subject + use to + verb**

***Did he use to work** in your office?*

***Didn't he use to work** in your office?*

Negatives: **subject + didn't + use to + verb** or **subject + never + used to + verb**

*I **didn't use to like** wine, but now I love it.*

*I **never used to like** wine, but now I love it.*



Dialogue

A: What do you think of our cold weather? Are you used to it yet?

B: Yes, I got used to it very quickly. I used to live in Canada, you know.

Quotes

Don't make things too complicated. Try to relax, enjoy every moment, get used to everything.
(Angelique Kerber)

Fitness is not about being better than someone else... It's about being better than you used to be. (Khloe Kardashian)

*Do you agree with Kerber's words? Do you follow this recommendation in your life?
*What is fitness for you? Please, comment.

Be/get used to

- Complete the sentences below with **be used to** or **get used to** in a suitable tense.

- 1) Tom drove everywhere. He is going to need time to _____ walking.
- 2) This winter isn't so bad. We _____ much colder weather.
- 3) Sarah thought she would never _____ New York.
- 4) A few years later her family moved to the city. Lily has been _____ it for long. And now she _____ living in a busy and active city.
- 5) Harry is a builder. He _____ physical work.
- 6) They live in a small village. They _____ noise and pollution.
- 7) How was your year in London? _____ you _____ the rain in the end?

- Study the situations below and create a sentence using be/get used to + -ing:

1) When James spoke in public for the first time, he was very nervous.

James *wasn't used to speaking in public.*

2) After a few months, Allie became able to live alone without feeling lonely.

After a few months, Allie

3) It has become much easier for Miguel to cook for more than one person.

Miguel

4) Paul doesn't feel tired after studying 4 hours a day. He does it every day.

Paul

Now answer the following questions about you:

Think of a big change in your life. What did you get used to after a while? Was there anything you couldn't get used to?

Think of an exotic country. Imagine that you are going to move there very soon. What would you need to get used to

Used to do

Complete the sentences with use(d) to + a suitable verb:

1. I _____ a lot of chocolate, but I gave it up a year ago.
2. When I was a child, I _____ with my sister's toys all the time.
3. Janet hardly ever goes out these days. She _____ so much time at home.
4. I _____ to work by train. Now I have my own car.
5. _____ a lot of books when you were 10 y.o.?
6. There _____ a theatre next to the hotel. Now it's a department store.
7. How come you speak French so well? _____ in France?