

Phrasal Verbs with **come**

- _____ 1. We **came across** this little restaurant when we were out walking.
- _____ 2. The children have **come down with** measles.
- _____ 3. The policewoman **came up to** him and asked to see his passport.
- _____ 4. Jenny **came into** a fortune when she was twenty-one.
- _____ 5. Simon's **come out in** a rash.
- _____ 6. When we suggested moving to another office, we **came up against** a lot of opposition from the management.
- _____ 7. The message **came through** this morning.
- _____ 8. **Come along**, or you'll miss the bus.
- _____ 9. Our team **came off** badly in the competition..
- _____ 10. When she **came to**, she was in hospital.
- _____ 11. Richard **came up with** a really strange idea the other day.

- A. Oh dear. It's such an unpleasant disease.
- B. He was obviously a bit nervous as the officer got closer
- C. I'm not surprised. I knew they'd get in the way.
- D. Really? Where did you find it?
- E. He's always saying something unexpected.
- F. For how long had she been unconscious?
- G. How could it? The phone has been disconnected and the fax machine is broken.
- H. You're always in such a hurry. Let me take my time.
- I. I'm not surprised. I didn't think they'd do very well.
- J. My son has developed one as well on his chest.
- K. Lucky her! Who did she inherit it from?

Phrasal Verbs with Cut.

Replace the words and expressions in bold with a phrasal verb from the box.

cut off

cut in

cut down on

cut in

cut off

cut out

cut back

1. We will have to **spend less** on staff costs at work if we're to continue operating as normal.
2. We are trying to get him to **reduce** the number of cigarettes he smokes each day.
3. We were in the middle of a telephone conversation when we were suddenly **disconnected**.
4. I wish you wouldn't **interrupt** while I'm telling a story.
5. Did you see how the little white car **suddenly drove** in front of the black Audi?
6. She's decided to **stop eating** sweet things so as to lose weight.
7. He didn't pay his bill, so the company **stopped** his electricity.

Phrasal Verbs with Do.

(could) do with

do up

do without

do away with

do in

do in

do up

1. The government are going to **get rid of** customs inspections.
2. Somebody decided to **kill** the gang boss and dump the body in the river.
3. I can't **fasten** this zip. Can you help me?
4. Why don't you buy that old cottage and **repair it so it is like new?**
5. After that long walk, I **need** a cup of tea.
6. Don't **hurt** your back digging the garden.
7. Plants can't **manage without** water.

Phrasal Verbs with Get.

- _____ 1. I'm trying to **get across** to the people in the office that they'll all have to work harder.
- _____ 2. He was rude to the teacher, but **got away with** it somehow.
- _____ 3. How are you going to **get by** without a car?
- _____ 4. We **get by** on only .50 a week.
- _____ 5. He'll have to **get down to** some hard work if he wants to pass the test.
- _____ 6. They don't **get on** well at all.
- _____ 7. She's **getting on** well at university.
- _____ 8. I want an excuse to **get out of** going to the office party.

- A. I don't believe he wasn't punished!
- B. Have you had any luck making them understand?
- C. Typical! You're always trying to avoid doing something!
- D. Really? How do you manage to live on that?
- E. I always knew she'd do well.
- F. Well, they've never been very friendly with each other.
- G. He needs someone to tell him to start working.
- H. It'll be difficult, but I'll manage.

Phrasal Verbs with Get.

- _____ 1. Kiki's **got over** her flu.
- _____ 2. She never **got over** the death of her father.
- _____ 3. I only **got round to** sending my Christmas cards yesterday.
- _____ 4. Jane **got round** the boss by giving him a bottle of wine.
- _____ 5. Did he **get through** his exams?
- _____ 6. I tried to **get through to** the complaints department, but the line was busy.
- _____ 7. Whatever did you **get up to** last night?
- _____ 8. She thinks she's being **got at**.

- A. No. Her mother never recovered from the shock either.
- B. She always thinks she's being criticized.
- C. That's great. I'm glad she's better at last.
- D. Nothing naughty, I promise.
- E. Oh well, at least you've done it at last.
- F. She always manages to persuade someone to do what she wants.
- G. Yes, in fact he was very successful.
- H. Did you finally manage to speak to someone on the phone?

Phrasal Verbs with Give.

in *out* *away* *up* *off*

1. He said he was French, but we didn't believe him as his accent gave him _____.
2. The company are giving _____ a free pocket calculator with every £10 purchase.
3. I can't use my watch because the battery has given _____.
4. She gave _____ presents to all the children.
5. She's trying to give _____ smoking.
6. The hijacker gave himself _____ to the police.
7. I didn't want to go to the cinema with the children, but they kept asking me so in the end
I gave _____ and agreed to take them.
8. The fire in the factory gave _____ clouds of poisonous black smoke.

Phrasal Verbs with Make.

1. Can you make out the house in the dark?
2. I can't make out why he didn't come.
3. Don't worry. He made up the story about a man climbing into the house.
4. I can't make up my mind where to go this year.
5. He made over the property to his daughter last week.
6. I really don't know what to make of this letter she passed to me last night.
7. It's no use talking to him - his mind is made up.

- A. Somebody has made a decision and won't change it.
- B. Somebody hasn't decided about their summer holiday yet.
- C. Somebody is puzzled about something they have been given.
- D. Somebody has just passed something to another person.
- E. Somebody is puzzled about his friend's absence from a party.
- F. Somebody has invented a tale to frighten their friends.
- G. Two people trying to find their way to a friend's place in the countryside at night.

Phrasal Verbs with *Look*.

1. Maureen isn't _____ taking her driving test. In fact, she's really worried about it.

(looking over / looking forward to / looking into)

2. Things haven't been good for a while, but at last they are _____.

(looking forward / looking down / looking up)

3. We've got quite a nice view from our office. We _____ a park.

(look out over / look up / look down)

4. Jane thinks she's better than people who haven't been to university and _____ them.

(looks up to / looks down on / looks out for)

5. _____! The car is going backwards.

(Look out! / Look in! / Look over!)

6. She has always admired intelligent men. For example, she _____ her professor and copies everything he does.

(looks down on / looks out for / looks up to)

7. _____ me _____ when you're next in London - it will be nice to see you again.

(Look...forward / Look...up / Look...out)

8. She _____ the figures and they seemed to be OK.

(looked over / looked on / looked out for)

9. I've asked the manager to _____ the question of staff holidays.

(look down on / look into / look on)

10. Who's going to _____ your dog while you're away?

(look into / look out / look after)

11. We're _____ new offices because ours are too small.

(looking down on / looking out for / looking up)

Phrasal Verbs with Put

put down ***put up*** ***put down*** ***put off*** ***put up with***

put by ***put off*** ***put through*** ***put down***

I had managed to 1._____ some money for a holiday in Canada, but had 2._____ booking a flight until I had found a cheap one. Well, I eventually found a good deal with a local travel agency and, despite my friends who tried to 3._____ me _____ by saying that the agency was unreliable, I 4._____ a .50 deposit. The next day, I went back to the agency to collect the ticket but it was closed. I went home and called the manager, but was 5._____ to an answering machine. Now, I'm a very tolerant person, and will 6._____ almost anything, but by this time I was furious, so I decided to go back to the travel agency. I got into my car, 7._____ my foot _____ and, to my horror, drove the car backwards into my living room window! I had accidentally reversed the car!; I suppose I could 8._____ the accident _____ to my temper and the fact that I wasn't thinking straight. Anyway, I had to get the builders in to repair the damage. Fortunately my friend has offered to 9._____ me _____ until the work is finished. And my holiday? I've spent all my holiday money on building repairs!

Phrasal Verbs with Take.

1. Carol **takes after** her mother
 - A. Carol does everything for her mother.
 - B. Carol looks like her mother.
 - C. Carol is unkind to her mother.
2. Thousands of people were **taken in** by the advertisement
 - A. Thousands of people ignored the advertisement.
 - B. Thousands of people were used to make the advertisement.
 - C. Thousands of people were deceived by the advertisement.
3. She didn't **take in** anything you said.
 - A. She didn't understand anything you said.
 - B. She didn't do anything you told her to.
 - C. She didn't hear you.
4. Sales **took off** after the TV commercial.
 - A. Sales started to go down after the commercial.
 - B. Sales started to rise fast after the commercial.
 - C. Sales stayed the same after the commercial.
5. Miss Black **took over** from Mr Jones.
 - A. Mr Jones started doing Miss Black's job.
 - B. Miss Black and Mr Jones worked together.
 - C. Miss Black started doing Mr Jones' job.
6. She decided to **take up** long-distance running
 - A. She decided to stop long-distance running.
 - B. She decided to try to improve her long-distance running ability.
 - C. She decided to start long-distance running.

7. We need to **take on** more staff.

- A. We need to dismiss more staff.
- B. We need to employ more staff.
- C. We need to pay our staff more