

## 文法選擇

- ( ) No one thought James would appear at Katie's party. So when he \_\_\_\_\_, everyone was surprised and could not believe their eyes. [104. 會考] (A) would (B) was (C) had (D) did
- ( ) Not only attention spans but also IQs \_\_\_\_\_ in the past 15 years. (A) is dropping (B) has dropped (C) have dropped (D) have been dropped
- ( ) Jimmy adopted (領養) the dog \_\_\_\_\_ it did not look like his lost dog. (A) though (B) if (C) so (D) because
- ( ) Sam didn't know how to do the math homework \_\_\_\_\_ he asked Ann for help. (A) if (B) while (C) since (D) until
- ( ) Mr. Kao didn't buy a house, and Mr. Wang didn't, \_\_\_\_\_. (A) too (B) either (C) so (D) neither
- ( ) My husband \_\_\_\_\_ two cups of coffee today. Now he wants one more cup. (A) is drinking (B) will drink (C) is going to have (D) has had
- ( ) James: Have you been to the restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ sells Japanese food? The noodles there are delicious. Chloe: Really? I'll give it a try. (A) × (B) it (C) was (D) which
- ( ) Brian doesn't know \_\_\_\_\_ he can finish all the work by 5 p.m. He has too many reports to write. (A) if (B) where (C) that (D) when
- ( ) The club activity plays an important part in my life, and \_\_\_\_\_. (A) my studies are, too (B) neither do my studies (C) so do my studies (D) my studies don't, either
- ( ) Many famous people visit this restaurant. Popular singers like A-mei and Jay Chou \_\_\_\_\_ here with their friends. [107. 會考] (A) to be often seen (B) often seen (C) are often seen (D) and are often seen
- ( ) While Mom \_\_\_\_\_ dinner, Dad rang the doorbell. (A) cooked (B) cooks (C) was cooking (D) would cook
- ( ) The students felt a little scared \_\_\_\_\_ around their teacher and \_\_\_\_\_ to a ghost story. (A) when they sit; listen (B) while they are sitting; listening (C) when they were sitting; listened (D) while sitting; listening
- ( ) Let's keep waiting \_\_\_\_\_ the sun rises from behind the mountains. (A) because (B) until (C) though (D) if
- ( ) Justin lost his cellphone while \_\_\_\_\_ the bus this afternoon. (A) he's riding on (B) he was riding in (C) riding on (D) he's taking
- ( ) Sandy is busy selling popcorn, and Emma \_\_\_\_\_. (A) so is (B) is, too (C) isn't, either (D) neither is
- ( ) Elaine didn't go to church yesterday, and \_\_\_\_\_ Luke. (A) neither did (B) did, too (C) didn't either (D) so did
- ( ) I'm not sure if Kevin \_\_\_\_\_ this morning, but if he does, I'll tell him that you called. [103. 會考] (A) will come in (B) comes in (C) has come in (D) came in
- ( ) I was surprised to know from the newspaper yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ flowers do not always smell sweet; some can smell like dead fish. [102. 基測] (A) that (B) when (C) where (D) which
- ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ Robert left his wallet at home, \_\_\_\_\_ he didn't eat lunch today. (A) Because; × (B) Though; × (C) Because; so (D) Though; but
- ( ) Someone called me at 6 a.m. this morning, and it \_\_\_\_\_. I haven't got enough sleep. (A) count me in (B) worried about me (C) woke me up (D) try my best

ANS:

- ( ) Grace bought some fruit and vegetables, and Lynn \_\_\_\_\_, too. (A) do (B) were (C) is (D) did
- ( ) Are you saying \_\_\_\_\_ is nothing to do with you? I think you did it! (A) it (B) what (C) there (D) that
- ( ) Richard has been interested in science for many years, and \_\_\_\_\_ Mina. (A) so has (B) so does (C) neither is (D) neither does
- ( ) Try washing your face or shouting out loud. \_\_\_\_\_ of them works well for me. (A) Both (B) All (C) Either (D) Any
- ( ) Tony: Do you have any idea \_\_\_\_\_ gave me the card? Kelly: I guess it was from Mike, who you offered help. (A) what (B) who (C) which (D) how much
- ( ) Jane is going fishing tomorrow. She wants to know \_\_\_\_\_ the weather will be fine. [102. 試辦會考] (A) how (B) what (C) whether (D) why
- ( ) The music is too loud. I can hear \_\_\_\_\_ the phone ring \_\_\_\_\_ my mother call me. (A) not only; but also (B) neither; nor (C) both; and (D) either; or
- ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ have to study hard for the coming exam. (A) Either you or Ben (B) Both you and Ben (C) Neither you nor Ben (D) Not only you but also Ben
- ( ) Jolin \_\_\_\_\_ Jay's girlfriend since he \_\_\_\_\_ another beautiful young girl. (A) stopped being; dated (B) has stopped being; dated (C) will stop to be; left (D) would stop to be; left
- ( ) I saw a dog walking \_\_\_\_\_ the train while I was riding \_\_\_\_\_ the metro this morning. (A) into; in (B) on; on (C) into; on (D) on; in
- ( ) Jane: I heard you went to Yangmingshan last spring vacation. Dick: We not only visited the park \_\_\_\_\_ took a hot-spring bath. It was a great trip. [92. 基測 I ] (A) by the way (B) but also (C) after (D) and

32. ( ) Teacher: Does anyone know \_\_\_\_\_ the famous writer was born? Mei-ling: I know! In Taitung, right?  
 Teacher: You got it! [99.基測 I ] (A) how (B) when (C) where (D) whether

33. ( ) Josh has been in Japan since last year, and \_\_\_\_\_ his father. (A) so does (B) so has (C) neither does (D) neither has

34. ( ) Either you or Alice \_\_\_\_\_ to make sure that all the windows \_\_\_\_\_ before you two leave. (A) have; close (B) has; will be closed (C) need; will close (D) needs; have been closing

35. ( ) Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ our new class leader is? It's Amanda! (A) who (B) what (C) which (D) that

36. ( ) Judy hasn't seen her cousins \_\_\_\_\_ they moved to Taipei, so she is excited to see them next week. (A) if (B) when (C) after (D) since

37. ( ) To catch the first train, my mom \_\_\_\_\_ every morning. (A) wakes up me (B) wakes me up (C) woke up me (D) woke me up

38. ( ) A ball rolled over to her \_\_\_\_\_ under the tree. (A) when reading (B) while she was reading (C) until she could read (D) since she read

39. ( ) The building blew up this morning, and the people \_\_\_\_\_ were badly injured were sent to the hospital. (A) who (B) where (C) which (D) whose

40. ( ) \_\_\_\_\_ the living room \_\_\_\_\_ the bedrooms \_\_\_\_\_. They all look very clean. (A) Either; or; need cleaning (B) Not only; but also; need to be cleaned (C) Neither; nor; need cleaning (D) Both; and; need to clean

ANS:

41. ( ) Anita: I saw Nora in the teacher's office this morning. Do you know \_\_\_\_\_ she was there? Brian: She cheated on tests. [99.基測 II ] (A) how (B) if (C) when (D) why

42. ( ) I want to go camping in the mountains this afternoon, but a typhoon is coming. I'm not sure \_\_\_\_\_ the road to the mountains will be closed. [100.北北基] (A) how (B) what (C) whether (D) why

43. ( ) Betty wasn't born in Tainan, and \_\_\_\_\_ Jim. (A) neither was (B) so was (C) neither is (D) so is

44. ( ) That all of those in the classroom are hard-working students \_\_\_\_\_ known by everyone in the office. (A) is (B) are (C) being (D) has

45. ( ) When Dad \_\_\_\_\_ home, Mom \_\_\_\_\_ in the study. (A) was getting; read (B) got; was reading (C) got; is reading (D) gets; would read

46. ( ) Alice learned from the TV news \_\_\_\_\_ Nora Jones was coming to Taiwan the next day. [97.基測 I ] (A) that (B) where (C) which (D) whether

47. ( ) Actor David Piper became tired of talking about the movie \_\_\_\_\_ after he was interviewed about it many times. [104.會考] (A) he is famous (B) that he is famous (C) that is famous for (D) he is famous for

48. ( ) This is \_\_\_\_\_ I know about the girl \_\_\_\_\_. (A) what; who (B) all that; whose name (C) that; that (D) what; whose name

49. ( ) This is the most expensive gift \_\_\_\_\_. I've ever got. (A) that (B) where (C) what (D) whose

50. ( ) Ruby isn't going to Hong Kong, and the women \_\_\_\_\_. (A) won't, either (B) isn't, either (C) aren't, either (D) wasn't, either

51. ( ) Marie isn't wearing a dress, and neither \_\_\_\_\_ Susan. (A) is (B) isn't (C) does (D) doesn't

52. ( ) Most of Jeff's best books \_\_\_\_\_ when he was sick and poor. [95.基測 II ] (A) have written (B) were written (C) could write (D) wrote

53. ( ) Ian's never been to Pingxi, and \_\_\_\_\_ his sister. (A) neither is (B) so is (C) so has (D) neither has

54. ( ) Mr. Lin wants his daughter to be \_\_\_\_\_ a doctor \_\_\_\_\_ a teacher when she grows up. In his eyes, both the careers are great for her. (A) either; or (B) both; and (C) not only; but also (D) neither; nor

55. ( ) Lily never joins a club, and Zoe \_\_\_\_\_, either. (A) does (B) doesn't (C) is (D) isn't

56. ( ) The little girl was \_\_\_\_\_ by a truck on her way home and was badly hurt. [106.會考] (A) hit (B) led (C) lost (D) paid

57. ( ) Susan has taken care of the cat \_\_\_\_\_ she found her at her door half a year ago. (A) when (B) while (C) until (D) since

58. ( ) Neil didn't go to bed \_\_\_\_\_ 11:30 p.m. last night because he had a lot of homework. (A) when (B) until (C) though (D) since

59. ( ) I heard someone ring the bell \_\_\_\_\_ I was taking a shower. (A) since (B) until (C) while (D) because

60. ( ) The man wants to find out \_\_\_\_\_ to do to thank his parents who did everything to support (支持) him. (A) how (B) what (C) how he can (D) what can he

ANS: