

I. NEW LESSON: AUXILIARY QUESTIONS

Auxiliary questions will ask for confirmation, opinions or preferences, request something, make a suggestion and make an offer. So they are not always answered with Yes or No.

Auxiliary questions often begin with auxiliaries such as: *Am/ is /are, Do/ does/ did, Have /has /had, Can/ could, Will/ would, May/ might, Shall/ should*

...

Ex:

a. **Do** you always get up early?

Anh luôn dậy sớm chứ? (Tôi chỉ muốn biết thói quen sinh hoạt thông thường của anh thôi)

- No. Only on weekdays
- Yes, every working days
- Never on Sunday.

b. **Have** they set those shelves up yet?

Họ lắp mấy cái kệ lên chưa vậy? (Tôi chỉ muốn biết liệu họ đã làm đúng tiến độ thi công hay không)

- Not yet. They won't finish until 4 PM.
- Yes. They just finished this morning.
- I don't know. I'll phone Mr. John to check it, Madam.

Negative auxiliary questions are used to show the speaker's attitudes like a surprise, an anger or a shock to someone's action or event.

They often begin with negative modals or auxiliaries such as: *isn't /aren't, don't/ doesn't/ didn't, haven't/ hasn't /hadn't, can't/ couldn't, won't/ wouldn't, shouldn't* ...

Ex:

a. **Don't** you always get up early?

Không phải là anh luôn dậy sớm sao? (Tôi ngạc nhiên khi thấy anh dậy muộn mặc dù biết anh có thói quen dậy sớm)

- No. We've just got another kid and I have to stay up late.
- Yes. But I've just moved to a new flat which is 20km away.
- Sorry. I've got a bad cold and I couldn't sleep well these days.

b. **Haven't** they set those shelves up yet?

Họ chưa lắp mấy cái kệ lên sao? (Tôi bức xúc khi biết họ chưa làm việc đó mặc dù tôi đã đòi họ phải làm từ hôm qua.)

- Not yet. They're still waiting for the delivery.
- Yes. Everything is fine now.
- Not until the weekend, Sir.

LISTENING TIPS

- Focus on the verbs that follow the subjects.
- Look for words or phrases that express acceptance or refusal in the answer choices: Pleased, well, No/Yes, Glad, Great, Sorry, Good, Okay, Thank you...
- Correct answers may take the form of "I don't know".
- Answers with Yes/No are not always correct.

ANSWER TRENDS:

You can answer these types of questions in 2 ways:

Questions	a. Yes + Positive statement + reason/ explanation	b. No + Negative statement + reason/ promise
1. Have you repaired the car yet? (Anh sửa xe chưa vậy?)	- (Yes), I did it yesterday. The battery was too old. Rồi, anh đã sửa hôm qua. Bình điện cũ quá rồi.	- (No), sorry. I haven't had time. I'll contact Mr John's garage tomorrow morning. Chưa, xin lỗi. Anh chưa rảnh. Anh sẽ gọi chỗ garage của ông John sáng mai.
2. Don't you wear glasses? (Em không đeo kính à?)	- (Yes), I do wear them. But it was broken yesterday. Có chứ. Em có đeo kính mà. Nhưng hôm qua nó bị gãy rồi.	- (No), I don't use them. My eyesight is kind of great. Không ạ. Em không dùng kính. Thị lực của em thuộc loại tốt mà.

II. LISTENING PRACTICE:

Listen and fill in the gaps with the words you hear. Then write 1 possible answer to each of these questions. There are at least 6 words in each sentence. Try to apply new vocabulary and the grammar knowledge you've just learnt.

1. Q: , Sir?

A: Yes, I'm looking for white trousers.

2. Q: Excuse me. Could you help me find a suit in my size?

A: Sure, what size ?

3. Q: to the concert on Saturday?

A: Yes, but I'm afraid I can't.

4. Q: Have you ever been to our headquarters before?

A: Yes, .

5. Q: a chance to review your task list?

A: I'm planning to do it this morning.

6. Q: Do you have time to prepare the samples for our clients?

A: Sure, right away.

7. Q: the interest rates will go up again?

A: I hope they won't.

8. Q: Have you seen ?

A: It's on your desk.

9. Q: Is this ladder strong enough to support me?



A: Yes, but

10. Q: Could I possibly pick up my winter coat
A: I'll have it ready by tomorrow.

?

11. Q: Don't you have to leave for the airport?
A: Yes, I'm leaving

12. Q: Isn't the local pharmacy expensive?
A: Yes, the price is



13. Q: Don't you want to reserve an aisle seat?
A: No,

14. Q: Didn't you attend the central office's
A: Yes, but that was years ago.

?

15. Q. Aren't they planning on building a new clinic around here?
A: Yes, , actually.

16. Q: Isn't the job fair today?

A: No, I think it's

17. Q: review this lease before you sign?
A: Yes, you're right.

18. Q: about the increasing student enrollment numbers?
A: Yes, the figures are much higher lately.

19. Q: Didn't you have plans to take a leave of absence
A: I decided to postpone them.

?

20. Q: Shouldn't we take a break?

A: Yes,

III. STRATEGY PRACTICE:

Choose 3 among the 5 responses that best reply the question.

1. Can I help you, Sir?

- Yes, I'm looking for white trousers.
- Could you give me a small size, please?
- How much is this grey suit?
- Yes, you can find them in the corner.
- No, I didn't do that.

2. Do you want to go to the concert on Saturday?

- Absolutely, do you want me to pick you up?
- I haven't attended any big events.
- Yes I'd love to but I'm afraid I can't.

- Yes, some of them were boring.
- Sorry, I'm not interested in that event.

3. Is Mr. Travis coming today?

- He is picking up his wife from the head office.
- I'm sure that he won't be in today.
- Not today, his flight was postponed.
- Yes, I took the umbrella back yesterday.
- Yes, he arrived 5 minutes ago actually.

4. Do you want me to turn on the heater?

- No, I'm okay. Are you cold?
- I wish you were here today.
- Jason called me yesterday.
- Sure. It has been so cold these days.
- Yes, please. It's freezing.

5. Do you think the interest rates will go up again?

- No, I didn't win the prize.
- I hope they won't.
- Sure, they paid in advance.
- No, I don't think so.
- Yes, they will increase for sure.

6. Have you seen my train ticket?

- It's close to your desktop.
- No, do you need any help?
- Under the tree, such a cute rabbit.
- I booked 2 tickets for you and me.
- On the back pocket of your trousers.

7. Is this ladder strong enough to support me?

- Yes, but you need to be careful.
- I don't think so. It looks old and weak.
- No, I don't think I can bring this heavy box.
- Please check the limit weight on its left side.
- You look exhausted. What's the matter?

8. Have you seen the document that was sitting on the cabinet?

- Yes, I filed it in the cabinet.
- Not yet, which drawer did you put it in?
- It needs to be repaired as soon as possible.
- No, he is still working on it.
- Yes, but I already gave it to our boss.

9. Does your language course end soon?

- Yes, in a couple of days.
- Is he Chinese or Japanese?
- Not until the end of next month.
- You have to register by tomorrow.
- I will take the final test tomorrow.

10. Is there an express bus to Chicago?

- Yes, there is one every hour.
- Yes, but the station is quite far from here.

- I'm here to attend the seminar.
- I'm sorry I'm new here.
- No, the press wasn't operating.

11. Did you pay the bills in cash yesterday?

- Actually, I'm not feeling well.
- No, I paid them by credit card.
- I was charged 50 dollars.
- Yes, all of them cost up to \$2000.
- No, Tom was the one who did it.

12. Did you enjoy yourself at the housewarming party last night?

- No, that was the worst celebration I've ever been to.
- Absolutely. I had a great time there.
- I am feeling good. Thank you.
- We need to put up the decoration for the party.
- I had a sore throat so I didn't attend it, actually.

IV. WRITING PRACTICE:

Rearrange words to make a complete sentence.

1. Can I help you, Sir?
a hotel/ Yes, /near here. / I need to find
2. Do you want to go to the concert on Saturday?
listening to music. /No, /interested in/ I am not
3. Do you think the interest rates will go up again?
I believe that/ No, / for a few years. / it will be stable
4. Have you seen my train ticket?
under the keyboard/ It's/ in your room.
5. Is this ladder strong enough to support me?
the weight limit./ check/ you should/ I'm not sure,
6. Have you seen the document that was sitting on the cabinet?
I'll tell you/ but/ I have found it. /Not yet,/ as soon as
7. Is there an express bus to Chicago?
the next one/ in 30 minutes./ Yes,/ will be here
8. Did you pay the bills in cash yesterday?
my credit card./No, /I paid by



GRAMMAR REVIEW ADVERB CLAUSES OF PURPOSES

I. Giới thiệu:

Khi muốn diễn tả ý "...để mà.../ ...mục đích là để...", ta có thể dùng mệnh đề trạng ngữ chỉ mục đích hoặc cụm từ chỉ mục đích.

- **Clause of Purpose (Mệnh đề chỉ mục đích)** thường bắt đầu với:
So That/ In Order That

$S + V_{1/s/es} + O$	$\dots so that \dots$	$S + can/will + V_0 + O$
$S + V_{2/ed} + O$	$\dots in order that \dots$	$S + could/would + V_0 + O$
=		
$S + V + O$	$\dots in order (not) to \dots$ $\dots so as (not) to \dots$ $\dots to \dots$	$+ V_0$

Ex1: I study hard so that/ in order that I can pass the exam.
= I study hard in order to / so as to /to pass the exam.

Ex2: I study hard so that/ in order that I won't fail the exam.
= I study hard in order not to fail the exam.
= I study hard so as not to fail the exam.

Ex3: I hide the toy so that/ in order that my mother can't see it.
(Câu này không thể chuyển đổi được do chủ ngữ ở 2 mệnh đề là không giống nhau)

II/ Cách nối 2 câu: Dùng SO THAT/ IN ORDER THAT, áp dụng với 2 chủ ngữ

Ex1: Mary is studying hard. She **wants to** keep pace with her classmates.
= Mary is studying hard so that/ in order that she **can** keep pace with her classmates.

$S_1 + V + O. S_2 + want/like/hope + to + V_0 + O.$ $= S_1 + V + O \text{ so that } S_2 + can/could/will/would + V_0 + O.$ sau want/ like/ hope là to thì ta bỏ chúng thay bằng can/could/will/would

Ex2: Alice prepares her lessons carefully. She wants to get high marks.
= Alice prepares her lessons carefully so that/ in order that she **will** get high marks.
- Nếu sau các từ want, like, hope.. có tân ngữ thì lấy tân ngữ đó ra làm chủ ngữ.

Ex3: I give you the book. I **want you to** read it.
= I give you the book so that you can read it.

$S_1 + V + O. S_2 + \text{want/like/hope} + O + \text{to} + V_0 + O.$
= $S_1 + V + O$ so that $O \rightarrow S_2 + \text{can/could/will/would} + V_0 + O.$
Sau **want/ like/ hope** là **O** rồi mới đến **to** thì ta bỏ chúng thay bằng **can/could/will/would**, sau đó đem **O** lên thay cho **S₂**

Ex4: Please shut the door. I don't want the dog to go out of the house.
= Please shut the door so that the dog can not go out of the house.

PRACTICE:

Combine each pair of sentences into one using a clause of purposes.

0. Rachel wanted to watch the news. She turned on the TV.

→ **Rachel turned on the TV so that she could watch the news.**

1. I'll post the card today. I want it to get there on Daniel's birthday.

2. Please turn down the radio. I want to be able to get to sleep.

3. She locked the door. She didn't want to be disturbed.

4. I gave her my address. I wanted her to contact me.

5. I'm going to cash a check. I want to make sure that I have enough money to go shopping.

6. I slowed down. I wanted the car behind to be able to overtake

7. Jackson is planning to take a semester off. He wants to travel in Europe.

8. I whispered. I didn't want anybody else to hear our conversation.

9. The little boy pretended to be sick. He wanted to stay home from school.

10. I turned off the TV. I wanted my roommate to study in peace and quiet.

11. Ali borrowed an eraser. He wanted to erase a mistake in his composition.

12. She is learning English. She wants to study in the United States.

13. The staff are working at weekends. They don't want to delay the project any further.
14. We moved to London. We wanted to visit our parents more often.
15. I'm going to be very careful. I don't want to have an accident.