

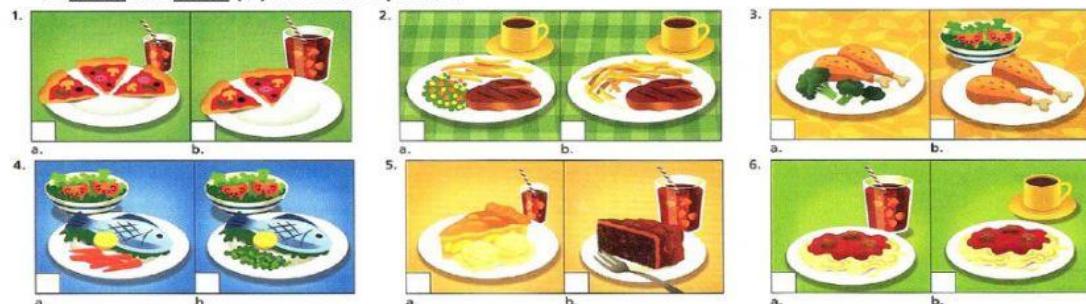
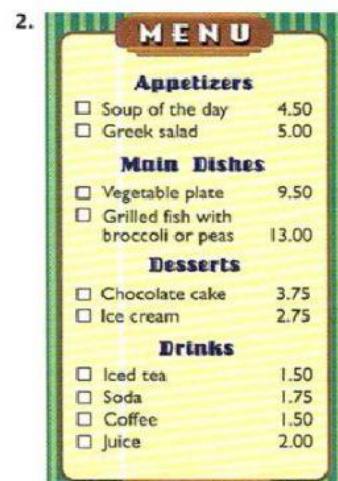
**COMPETENCES:**

- Identifica el vocabulario y la gramática para describir, comparar y dar consejos sobre comidas alrededor del mundo y reglas en un restaurante, mostrando claridad en su producción escrita y oral.
- Reconstruye el sentido de un texto a partir de la información general y específica que extrae del mismo para responder preguntas sobre temas de la cotidianidad, fortaleciendo su sentido crítico.

TEACHER:

Laura Cruz Argüello

NAME: _____ COURSE: _____ DATE: _____

1. LISTENING: Listen and choose the correct answer.**A. Listen and check (✓) the correct picture.****B. Listen and check (✓) each person's order.****2. GRAMMAR: Complete the sentences.****A. Complete the sentences using HOW MUCH/ HOW MANY.**

How _____ apples are there in the basket?

How _____ time do we need?

How _____ water is in that glass?

How _____ books have you got?

How _____ money can we spend?

How _____ people are there in the world?

How _____ milk did you use for the recipe?

How _____ students are there in your class?

B. Complete the dialogue with A/ AN/ SOME.

A: Can I have _____ orange, please?

B: Of course!

A: What's that, dad? B: It's _____ old watch that grandpa gave me.

A: Mom wants to make _____ apple pie, but there are only two apples.

A: What did you get for your birthday? B: I got _____ delicious chocolate cake and _____ great book!

A: Could I have _____ milk? B: Oh, there isn't _____ left.

A: Do you want _____ sugar in your tea?

B: No, thanks.

A: Did you buy _____ cheese? B: No, I couldn't buy _____.

C. Tick the U if the word is uncountable or C if it is countable.

money	school	bread	soup	book	sugar
C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U <input type="checkbox"/>	C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	U <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
yoghurt	car	coffee	apple	chair	time
C <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>					

D. Complete the sentences using A/ AN/ ANY/ SOME.

I always get up early and have breakfast at 7:30. I usually have _____ cold milk, and _____ egg with _____ brown bread, and a bowl of yoghurt.

At school, I have lunch with my friend at 12:30. I usually have _____ juice, _____ enormous sandwich, _____ crisps and _____ healthy snack like _____ apple, _____ pear or _____ grapes. I never have _____ nuts because I can't eat them.

At home, dinner is usually at 6:30. We have a lot of different things. For example, we often have _____ meat with rice and vegetables. On Fridays, we always have _____ big slice of pizza each. That's my favorite day! I always drink _____ water with every meal. We never have _____ fizzy drinks at home.

3. READING: Read the article and choose the correct option.

Pancake Day

In the UK, people celebrate Pancake Day. This festival takes place in February, on Shrove Tuesday. This is the day before Lent. Lent is an important time in the Christian calendar. It lasts 47 days. During Lent, people traditionally stop eating delicious food, like cakes and chocolate. So on Shrove Tuesday, they must eat up all the nice food in their cupboards. So they make pancakes, and they often eat them with lemon and sugar.



Many British towns hold pancake races on Shrove Tuesday. People wear fancy dresses and run down the street with a pancake in a pan. They must throw the pancake in the air and catch it in the pan as they run. It must not fall on the ground.

The tradition of pancake races started in Olney, Buckinghamshire. According to a story, a housewife made pancakes on Easter Sunday in 1445. Then she heard the church bells. She was worried because she was late for church, so she ran to church with her pan and pancake in her hand! Now, Olney's pancake race is famous. All the competitors are housewives. They must toss the pancake three times as they run to the church. Then they must serve their pancake to the bell-ringer and receive a kiss from him.

Westminster School, an old boys' school in London, has a different pancake tradition. The school cook makes a huge pancake and throws it over a five-meter high bar. The schoolboys run to take a piece of the pancake. The boy with the biggest piece of pancake wins some money!

These days, few British people give up delicious food for Lent. But most people eat pancakes on Pancake Day.

- a. Pancake Day is the first day of Lent. **TRUE FALSE**
- b. People often eat pancakes with lemon and sugar. **TRUE FALSE**
- c. Pancake races are a tradition in many British towns. **TRUE FALSE**
- d. The winner is the first person to make and eat a pancake. **TRUE FALSE**
- e. The tradition of pancake races started when a woman was late for church. **TRUE FALSE**
- f. Only women can enter the pancake race in Olney. **TRUE FALSE**
- g. The competitors in the Olney pancake race must serve a pancake to their husbands. **TRUE FALSE**
- h. At Westminster School, schoolboys must get a big piece of a large pancake. **TRUE FALSE**