

MOON ENGLISH HOME- REVIEW

NAME:

I. Pronunciation

a. Phát âm s/es

/s/	Khi đi sau các phụ âm vô thanh (voiceless consonants): /f/, /k/, /p/, /t/, /θ/=th Ex: <u>laughs</u> , <u>walks</u> , <u>cups</u> , <u>cats</u> , <u>months</u>
/iz/	Khi đi sau một phụ âm rít/ ma sát : /z/, /s/, /dʒ/= ge, /tʃ/= ch, /ʃ/= sh Hoặc các chữ cái: s, x, z, ch, sh, ce, ge. Ex: <u>prizes</u> , <u>kisses</u> , <u>faces</u> , <u>fixes</u> , <u>oranges</u> , <u>fixes</u>

b. Phát âm ed

/id/	sau /t, d/: Ex: <u>wanted</u> ; <u>decided</u> , invited
/t/	sau /f, k, p, s, ʃ, tʃ/ hoặc chữ <u>p, k, f, s, sh, ch</u> : Ex: <u>asked</u> ; <u>stopped</u> ; <u>laughed</u> , <u>coughed</u> ...

c. Stress

Ooo (thứ 3 từ phải sang)	oOo (ngay trước đuôi)	ooO
-y: company, poverty -ate: concentrate, celebrate, eliminate -ize, -ise: analyse, organize -al: natural, personal	-ic: historic, romantic, economic -tion, -sion: decision, tradition -ity: charity, community -itive: positive, competitive -ial: commercial, essential	-ee: seventeen, volunteer, engineer, Vietnamese, interfere Note*** magazine, lemonade, violin, entertain, introduce, represent, recommend

II. Grammar/ a. Tense, Form, Voice

- I(write) three novels since I(start) my writing career.
- Rice(grow) in the countryside.
- All the cakes(already/eat)
- We(have) a party when he came.
- The first car(invent) by Henry Ford.
- I love(eat) cold food and I'd like(try) an ice-cream.
- They(play) chess at this time yesterday.
- He usually(ride) a bike to school, but today he(walk)
- They(discuss) this issue at this time tomorrow.
- She suggested(raise) money and decided(donate) her savings.
- I suggested that he(come) on time.
- He is thought(have) a big villa.
- As soon as he(turn) up, we will set off.
- Look at the sky. It(rain). I think the football match(cancel)
- People believe that the President is right. -> It
-> The President
- John, together with his friends,(be) late last Sunday.
- He rarely fixes things,he/? He has got a new car,?
- Everyone(have) to complete the task.

Verb form: Write Ving/to V/V

Avoid	Refuse	Let sb	Advise sb	Expect	Detest	Give up
'd better	Ask sb	Make sb	Fancy	Deny	Plan	Decide
Too adj	Admit	Start	Love	Encourage sb	Let's	Shall we

b. Reported Speech

- He asked me why(I/behave) so strangely the day before.
- She told me(not/spend) more time playing games.
- I asked her when(she/come) back the day after.
- He asked me what(I/do) then.
- “If I were you, I wouldn't argue with him”
-> He advised me / He suggested

c. Conditional sentence

Loại 1: If- Clause	Main Clause	Ý nghĩa
HTĐ If it rains, Unless he tries,	Would + V I <u>will</u> stay at home he <u>won't</u> pass..	Điển tả sự việc CÓ khả năng xảy ra trong Tương lai
Loại 2: If- Clause	Main Clause	

QKD If I <u>were</u> you,	Would + V I <u>would</u> give up smoking	Điễn tả giả thuyết ngược với hiện tại
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WISH sentences

I won't go..	Ước cho TL	I wish I would go...
I don't have a bike	Ước cho HT	I wish I had a bike
I didn't come	Ước cho QK	I wish I had come

d. Relative Clause

1. The boy who he sits next to me is Erik
2. The woman on who I rely is my Mom.
3. The food where you recommended is out of the world.
4. The racket with whom I play is too heavy to hold
5. The girl whom has just joined the club is good at English
6. He had a serious accident, that shocked us.

e. CLAUSE- NOUN PHRASE

	Clause	Noun Phrase
	He is rich	His richness
	The weather is bad	The bad weather
	He has a good voice	His good voice
Cùng chủ ngữ	She arrived late	Arriving late
Tương phản	<i>Although, Though, Even though</i>	<i>Despite, In spite of</i>
Nguyên nhân	<i>Because, Since, As</i>	<i>Because of, Due to</i>
Trong khi	<i>While</i>	<i>During</i>

f. Giới từ chỉ thời gian, địa điểm...

g. so/such/too/enough...

PRACTICE TEST (11/6)

Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently.

1. A. prizes B. changes C. zoos D. buses
2. A. edition B. device C. celebrate D. replace

STRESS

3. A. sector B. mission C. limit D. affect
4. A. pagoda B. continent C. disaster D. consumption

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correction

5. Laser discs (A) provide images of (B) best quality than (C) those of (D) either television signals or video tapes.
6. (A) His teacher (B) encouraged him (A) taking part in the (D) competition.
7. (A) Socializing with friends (B) makes us more (C) relaxing and closer (D) to each other.

Mark the letter A, B, c, or D to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

8. She would like to go for a picnic with us _____ she is busy.
A. although B. because C. due to D. despite
9. The storm has done a lot of _____ to our village.
A. destroy B. damage C. hurt D. harm
10. I wish you _____ with me, Peter.
A. are coming B. will be coming C. were coming D. will come
11. The water clock was _____ by the Chinese in the 11 th century.
A. built B. kept C. invented D. constructed
12. It's nice I am now in London again. This is the second time I _____ there.
A. will be B. would be C. was D. have been
13. _____ an accident in High Street, traffic is moving very slowly on the London road.
A. Despite B. Due to C. Because D. Since
14. No one came late last night, _____?
A. were they B. weren't they C. did they D. didn't they
15. People often _____ the candles after singing "Happy Birthday".
A. blow out B. light up C. put on D. turn off
16. The event will _____ place _____ the first of June.
A. take- in B. take- on C. make- in D. make- on

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct response to each of the following exchanges.

17. - "What about some soya milk? They are full of protein." - "_____"
A. Yes, I'd love to. B. No problem. C. I want to get vitamins. D. It's terrible enough.
18. - "Would you mind if I turned up the TV?" - "_____"
A. No, no. Please do it. B. No, I don't do it. C. Yes, I would. D. What a question!

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined word.

19. It is imperative that they arrive on time for the lecture. They mustn't be late.
A. necessary B. clear C. hopeful D. dangerous
20. She was absolutely furious when she found out that she was cheated.
A. very sad B. very clever C. very happy D. very angry

Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the word(s) OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined word.

21. My mother often tells me never to accept a lift from someone I've just met!
A. assist B. deny C. refuse D. prevent
22. It will cost a lot if you don't pay attention to solving water pollution here.
A. care B. understand C. consider D. ignore

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the correct word or phrase

One of the strangest phenomena in the universe is the black hole. For years, (23) _____ have studied black holes in an attempt to better understand how they function. Like vacuum cleaners, black holes will suck up anything (24) _____ crosses their path. The incredible sucking power that black holes generate comes from gravity. They can quickly swallow up anything including planets, space debris, and anything else imaginable. Even light cannot escape the grasp of black holes. (25) _____ they are able to pull in light, black holes are nearly impossible to see even with high-powered telescopes. However, scientists are able to detect the presence of black holes in space because of their effect (26) _____ an observed area.

Black holes can originate in a few ways. One type of black holes occurs when a star comes to the end of its lifecycle and it dies in a supernova explosion. They can also occur when the mass of a neutron star becomes so great that it collapses in on (27) _____

23 A. scientist B. scientific C. science D. scientists
24: A. that B. whom C. whose D. who
25 A. Because B. Because of C. Although D. Despite
26 A. on B. in C. with D. for
27 A. it B. itself C. its D. themselves

Read the passage and choose the best answer

The world above the forest floor can be observed by all of US. Rarely, however, do we take the time to notice the teeming life and bustling activity that occurs beneath the ground we walk on.

Of all soil-dwelling creatures, the most abundant are mites and springtails, insect-like creatures that literally eat their way through caverns of subterranean vegetation. The tiny, eight-legged mites lay their eggs on plant matter, which their larvae eat and convert into fresh soil. The bright-colored springtails are named for their ability to leap long distances during their search for decomposed plant matter to eat.

Both mites and springtails are prey to a host of soil-dwelling predators. They thus anchor one end of the food chain that extends to higher forms of forest "lowlife", such as moles that feed on earthworms and shrews that eat beetles. Those mammals, in turn, dig tunnels that function as underground byways for other subterranean species. Hibernating chipmunks, turtles, and salamanders sift and mix the soil when they burrow to winter dens. Cottontails and gray foxes excavate shallow dens as sanctuary from predators and harsh weather, while gray squirrels, hiding acorns for the lean season, further blend the earth. From microbe to people, thousands of species work the land upon which all life depends.

28. According to the passage, which of the following are the most numerous inhabitants of the soil?
A. Foxes and cottontails B. Earthworms and ants C. Mites and springtails D. Shrews and moles
29. According to the passage, all of the following are true about mites and springtails EXCEPT _____.
A. they make new soil B. they resemble insects
C. they form the lower end of the food chain D. they hibernate for the winter
30. An example of predator and prey given in this passage is _____.
A. mites and springtails B. moles and earthworms
C. turtles and salamanders D. gray squirrels and acorns
31. Which of the following animals live underground during the winter?
A. Shrews B. Foxes C. Squirrels D. Salamanders
32. According to the author, the contribution that all the animals mentioned in the passage make to their habitat is _____.
A. they work the soil B. they form the food chain

